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**Consejo de los Aspectos de los Derechos de Propiedad
Intelectual relacionados con el Comercio**

Original: inglés

INFORME SOBRE LA APLICACIÓN DEL ARTÍCULO 66.2 DEL ACUERDO SOBRE LOS ADPIC

SUIZA

La siguiente comunicación, de fecha 11 de septiembre de 2023, de la delegación de Suiza, se distribuye de conformidad con el párrafo 1 de la Decisión relativa a la aplicación del párrafo 2 del artículo 66 del Acuerdo sobre los ADPIC (documento [IP/C/28](#)).

1 INTRODUCCIÓN

1. En el párrafo 11.2 de la Decisión sobre las cuestiones y preocupaciones relativas a la aplicación (documento [WT/MIN\(01\)/17](#)), adoptada en Doha el 14 de noviembre de 2001, los países desarrollados Miembros reafirmaron su compromiso de ofrecer a sus empresas e instituciones incentivos destinados a fomentar y alentar la transferencia de tecnología a los países menos adelantados (PMA) Miembros, de conformidad con lo dispuesto en el artículo 66.2 del Acuerdo sobre los Aspectos de los Derechos de Propiedad Intelectual relacionados con el Comercio (Acuerdo sobre los ADPIC). En su Decisión (documento IP/C/28) de 19 de febrero de 2003, el Consejo de los Aspectos de los Derechos de Propiedad Intelectual relacionados con el Comercio (Consejo de los ADPIC) decidió que los países desarrollados Miembros presentasen informes anuales sobre las medidas adoptadas o previstas en cumplimiento de los compromisos contraídos por ellos en virtud del artículo 66.2 del Acuerdo sobre los ADPIC. El Consejo convino además en que se facilitarían nuevos informes detallados cada tres años y actualizaciones de los informes en los años intermedios.

2. En virtud de esa obligación, y teniendo en cuenta la Decisión del Consejo de los ADPIC, Suiza presenta su informe actualizado sobre las medidas adoptadas o previstas. El presente informe contiene las últimas novedades ocurridas en Suiza en relación con esta cuestión.

3. Para Suiza, la transferencia de tecnología abarca una amplia gama de procesos que incluyen las transferencias de conocimientos técnicos, experiencia y equipo entre distintas partes interesadas, como los Gobiernos, las entidades del sector privado, las instituciones financieras, las ONG y las instituciones de investigación/enseñanza. Los incentivos y actividades que se describen en el presente informe guardan relación con uno u otro de los cuatro tipos fundamentales de transferencia de tecnología: i) los objetos físicos y el equipo; ii) las aptitudes y los aspectos humanos y organizativos del aprendizaje y la gestión de la tecnología; iii) los dibujos y modelos, planos o esquemas, que documentan los conocimientos en materia de información y tecnología; y iv) los vínculos entre los métodos de producción que utilizan tecnología, incluidas las condiciones propicias para su transferencia.

4. La inversión extranjera directa, la asistencia oficial para el desarrollo (AOD, véase la sección 4 *infra*), la participación en el capital social de empresas u otros instrumentos, como los préstamos comerciales, constituyen medios importantes de financiar la transferencia de tecnología. En el presente informe se hace hincapié en la transferencia de tecnología financiada con cargo a la AOD. Suiza ofrece incentivos en numerosos sectores que contribuyen al desarrollo sostenible de los PMA, y considera que esa clase de asistencia debe ser de amplio alcance y no estar circunscrita a determinadas esferas. Estos incentivos adoptan diversas formas, como incentivos fiscales,

préstamos, apoyo al entorno empresarial, apoyo normativo y jurídico o apoyo para el establecimiento de sistemas sólidos de propiedad intelectual.

2 ORGANISMOS PÚBLICOS QUE PROPORCIONAN INCENTIVOS PARA LA TRANSFERENCIA DE TECNOLOGÍA

5. En Suiza son dos los principales organismos públicos que proporcionan incentivos, directos o indirectos, a las empresas e instituciones suizas y de otros países desarrollados Miembros, para que participen en actividades de transferencia de tecnología a los PMA. Estos dos organismos son la Agencia Suiza para el Desarrollo y la Cooperación (SDC) y la Secretaría de Estado para Asuntos Económicos (SECO). Estos organismos comparten la responsabilidad de la formulación y aplicación de la política suiza de cooperación internacional para el desarrollo.¹ La SDC se encarga de la coordinación general de los asuntos relativos a la cooperación para el desarrollo y la ayuda humanitaria, mientras que la SECO es el centro de competencia en materia de desarrollo económico e integración de los países en desarrollo y en transición en la economía mundial.

6. Otro organismo que realiza actividades de transferencia de tecnología en Suiza es el Fondo Nacional Suizo para la Investigación Científica (SNSF). De conformidad con el mandato que le ha conferido el Gobierno federal suizo, el Fondo apoya la investigación en las universidades y fuera de ellas y presta apoyo a jóvenes científicos. En el plano internacional, el objetivo del Fondo consiste en contribuir de manera positiva, mediante sus programas de investigación, a la investigación científica en las zonas pertinentes del mundo y fomentar la cooperación en materia de investigación entre esas zonas y Suiza. En la actualidad, el Fondo colabora con la SDC en la ejecución de un vasto programa de asociaciones de investigación con países en desarrollo, que abarca varios proyectos en PMA (véase la sección 6).

3 SECTORES EN LOS QUE SUIZA REALIZA ACTIVIDADES DE TRANSFERENCIA DE TECNOLOGÍA

7. Suiza promueve la transferencia de tecnología en sectores de gran importancia para los PMA. Específicamente, el Gobierno suizo promueve la transferencia de tecnología a PMA en los sectores de la salud pública, los productos farmacéuticos, el abastecimiento de agua y el saneamiento, la ordenación de las tierras, la agricultura, la industria y la seguridad alimentarias, la industria de maquinaria, los textiles, la industria química, la facilitación del comercio, la digitalización, la energía limpia, la eficiencia energética y la tecnología ambiental, la adaptación al cambio climático y la protección de los derechos de propiedad intelectual pertinentes. En la sección 6 y el anexo II figura una reseña de los proyectos en curso.

8. Suiza promueve e incentiva la transferencia de tecnología a los PMA en esferas en las que dispone de una capacidad técnica especial. Entre estas figuran las industrias mecánicas así como la fabricación de instrumentos de precisión y productos químicos. La promoción de la transferencia a los PMA de tecnología que no dañe el medio ambiente es otra de las esferas de actividad de Suiza. En este contexto, el objetivo es no solo transferir conocimientos, sino también métodos que cumplan con las normas ambientales. Los programas en esta esfera guardan relación, en particular, con la transferencia de tecnología en la industria metalúrgica y las industrias de producción de papel, cemento, alimentos y textiles. Además, Suiza apoya la transferencia de tecnología en el sector de las fuentes de energía renovables, la eficiencia energética y la eficiencia de los recursos, por ejemplo mediante su plataforma de promoción de la energía de fuentes renovables en la cooperación internacional (REPIC).

9. El Gobierno suizo promueve la transferencia de tecnología entre Suiza y los PMA de diversas formas, entre las que figuran la financiación de investigaciones, los servicios de consultoría y la prestación de otro tipo de asistencia, sobre todo en las esferas de la salud pública, la agricultura y la gestión sostenible del agua. El constante compromiso de Suiza en estos sectores se ve confirmado por los nuevos proyectos presentados en el informe de este año.

¹ La División Paz y Derechos Humanos (DPDH, que es una división aparte de la SDC, ambas dependientes del Departamento Federal de Relaciones Exteriores), la SDC y la SECO son los tres organismos que se ocupan de la cooperación internacional de Suiza. Sin embargo, la DPDH no participa en las actividades de transferencia de tecnología, ya que su labor se centra en la promoción de la paz y los derechos humanos, conforme se establece en la estrategia de política exterior del Consejo Federal.

4 NIVELES DE LAS ACTIVIDADES DE SUIZA PARA FOMENTAR LA TRANSFERENCIA DE TECNOLOGÍA A LOS PAÍSES MENOS ADELANTADOS

10. Las actividades e incentivos de Suiza en materia de transferencia de tecnología tienen por objeto incrementar la transferencia de tecnología hacia los PMA y los países en desarrollo y crear capacidad para que los países receptores puedan evaluar, adoptar, gestionar y aplicar la tecnología. Las actividades que apoya el Gobierno suizo comprenden proyectos a nivel bilateral, regional y multilateral.

11. Las actividades de la SECO y la SDC que guardan relación con el artículo 66.2 del Acuerdo sobre los ADPIC se llevan a cabo en el marco de la AOD suiza. Los proyectos y programas financiados con cargo a la AOD suiza incluyen iniciativas bilaterales, bilaterales-multilaterales y multilaterales y están destinados principalmente a un grupo de países prioritarios de África, Asia Central y Sudoriental y Europa Sudoriental y América Latina y el Caribe. En muchos de los proyectos se contrata a empresas e instituciones suizas y de otros países Miembros para que aporten conocimientos y tecnología y faciliten de ese modo la formación de capital humano y el desarrollo de infraestructura y de empresas del sector privado en los PMA.

12. A nivel multilateral, Suiza contribuye a diversos fondos fiduciarios de asistencia técnica conjuntamente con el Grupo Banco Mundial, los bancos regionales de desarrollo y el Fondo Monetario Internacional. Esos fondos están a disposición de los directores de proyectos de esos bancos o de los países que desean obtener fondos para actividades de asistencia técnica y transferencia de tecnología. Suiza participó en las negociaciones sobre la vigésima reposición de los recursos de la Asociación Internacional de Fomento (AIF) y aportó una contribución de USD 725 millones a esa reposición. En el caso del Fondo Africano de Desarrollo, Suiza participó en la decimosexta reposición en 2022 y aportó CHF 212 millones, de los cuales CHF 15 millones se destinarán a una iniciativa sobre el clima recientemente creada. Además, Suiza sigue comprometida con la Iniciativa para el Alivio de la Deuda Multilateral (IADM), a la que ha aportado una contribución de CHF 27,5 millones. Gracias a esta iniciativa, los países sobreendeudados no tienen que reembolsar los préstamos del BAfD si llevan a cabo determinadas reformas. En el caso del Fondo Asiático de Desarrollo, Suiza participó en la decimotercera reposición y aportó CHF 25,5 millones para el cuatrienio 2021-2024. Además de cooperar con esas instituciones financieras, Suiza también participa en los proyectos de desarrollo de muchas otras organizaciones internacionales. Entre las organizaciones que gestionan proyectos de ese tipo figuran la Organización Mundial de la Salud (OMS), la Organización de las Naciones Unidas para el Desarrollo Industrial (ONUDI), la Conferencia de las Naciones Unidas sobre Comercio y Desarrollo (UNCTAD), la Organización Mundial de la Propiedad Intelectual² (OMPI), el Programa de las Naciones Unidas para el Desarrollo (PNUD), la Oficina de las Naciones Unidas contra la Droga y el Delito (ONUDD), la Organización de las Naciones Unidas para la Alimentación y la Agricultura (FAO), la Organización Internacional del Trabajo (OIT), el Fondo Internacional de Desarrollo Agrícola (FIDA), la Organización de Cooperación y Desarrollo Económicos (OCDE) el Fondo para el Medio Ambiente Mundial (FMAM) y la Organización Internacional de Entidades Fiscalizadoras Superiores³ (INTOSAI), el Foro Africano de Administración Tributaria (FAAT) y el Centro Interamericano de Administraciones Tributarias (CIAT). Suiza también apoya a instituciones internacionales de investigación, como los numerosos centros especializados del Grupo Consultivo para la Investigación Agrícola Internacional (CGIAR). Además, Suiza participa en la primera reposición del Fondo Verde para el Clima, que abarca el período 2020-2023, contribuyendo con una donación total no reembolsable de USD 150 millones.

13. Suiza presta apoyo a diversos proyectos bilaterales y multilaterales encaminados a fomentar la inversión, así como la eficiencia, la eficacia e intercambios comerciales sostenibles. En materia de promoción de las inversiones, el objetivo de Suiza es movilizar capitales privados, conocimientos técnicos y tecnología (por ejemplo, las aplicaciones móviles para transferir dinero) a fin de dar mayor acceso a la financiación a las empresas y los hogares y fortalecer la intermediación financiera en los PMA, y facilitar las inversiones directas o el establecimiento de empresas mixtas que transfieren conocimientos técnicos y tecnología. En lo que respecta a incrementar la cooperación relacionada con el comercio, Suiza coopera a nivel bilateral y con organismos bilaterales o multilaterales. La asistencia a los PMA en la esfera del comercio se presta principalmente por medio de programas y organizaciones multilaterales como el Marco Integrado mejorado⁴ (MIM) y el Grupo sobre comercio

² Esta organización no está comprendida en el marco de la AOD.

³ *Idem.*

⁴ *Idem.*

y capacidad productiva de las Naciones Unidas⁵. En ese contexto, Suiza mantiene vínculos especiales de asociación sobre temas específicos con el ITC, la UNCTAD, la OIT y la ONUDI, así como con determinadas ONG, y ha celebrado y sigue celebrando muchos acuerdos bilaterales con PMA a fin de promover y proteger las inversiones y evitar la doble imposición.⁶

5 INSTRUMENTOS PARA FOMENTAR LA TRANSFERENCIA DE TECNOLOGÍA

14. Uno de los objetivos principales de la cooperación económica y relacionada con el comercio de Suiza es la transferencia de tecnología moderna, así como de conocimientos técnicos a los países receptores a fin de ayudarlos a mejorar sus instalaciones de producción para adaptarlas a las exigencias de los mercados mundiales, y a competir mejor en la economía mundial. La promoción de las inversiones y de los acuerdos de cooperación entre los sectores privados del Norte, el Sur y el Este es un instrumento importante de la política de desarrollo, que tiene por objeto principalmente apoyar el desarrollo sostenible en los países asociados.

5.1 Apoyo a las inversiones del sector privado en los PMA

15. Suiza fomenta la transferencia de tecnología a los PMA apoyando de varias formas a las pequeñas y medianas empresas (pymes). Por ejemplo, presta asesoramiento técnico a las pymes con sede en PMA, como Bangladesh.

16. Suiza alienta también a las pymes y los empresarios suizos a invertir en PMA con el fin de aumentar la transferencia de tecnología a esos países. El SSF (fondo de la SECO para la iniciación de actividades) es un instrumento de crédito establecido por la SECO en 1998, cuya administración se ha delegado en la empresa *FINANCEcontact*. El SSF promueve los proyectos de inversión del sector privado en países con economías en desarrollo o en transición, incluidos los PMA. Los proyectos deben ser comercialmente viables y cumplir las normas medioambientales y sociales reconocidas. Las inversiones en economías en desarrollo y en transición entrañan riesgos comerciales mayores que los riesgos a los que suelen estar expuestos los inversores en los países occidentales. El SSF tiene como objetivo compartir con el inversor el costo de la financiación y los riesgos, participando en la fase inicial de la inversión. La financiación del SSF consiste en préstamos amortizables en siete años. El SSF tiene como objetivo facilitar la transferencia de capital, conocimientos técnicos y capacidad de gestión. El SSF ha apoyado resueltamente las actividades de las pymes en PMA y en países en transición por medio de más de 120 proyectos, y la creación de más de 16.000 puestos de trabajo.

17. En la transferencia de tecnología a los PMA también participan instituciones de beneficencia suizas que pueden acogerse a programas de exención fiscal del Gobierno suizo. Esta práctica está en consonancia con el incentivo propuesto por el Grupo de PMA en el punto 7 del documento de sala distribuido con la signatura RD/IP/24 en 2018. Un ejemplo de institución suiza que se beneficia de incentivos fiscales por su participación en actividades de transferencia de tecnología a los PMA es la Fundación Novartis para el Desarrollo Sostenible. La Fundación suministra gran cantidad de medicamentos a título gratuito a muchos PMA y administra varios proyectos de salud pública, que comprenden la formación de personal a nivel local para promover la estrategia de atención integrada de las enfermedades de la infancia, la capacitación y supervisión del personal de salud y el suministro de infraestructura para la formación.

18. Suiza apoya la participación privada en las infraestructuras de los países en desarrollo a través del Grupo de Desarrollo de la Infraestructura Privada (PIDG). El PIDG se centra en la infraestructura y ejerce actividades en todo el ciclo de infraestructura (concepción, desarrollo inicial, construcción y operación). La propuesta única de venta del PIDG es su énfasis en los mercados fronterizos, ya sea en relación con los países en los que opera el PIDG (PMA o Estados frágiles), el tipo de proyectos (de nueva planta o con tecnología nueva) o el tipo de producto financiero (como las garantías en moneda nacional). El PIDG interviene en proyectos en que, de otro modo, el sector privado no estaría dispuesto a invertir, o no podría hacerlo. El sector privado financia una buena parte de los proyectos de infraestructura apoyados por el PIDG y ejecuta la totalidad de esos proyectos. Desde 2002, y gracias a la participación del PIDG, más de 190 proyectos ya cuentan con financiación, de los que

⁵ *Idem*.
⁶

https://www.seco.admin.ch/seco/en/home/Aussenwirtschaftspolitik_Wirtschaftliche_Zusammenarbeit/Wirtschaftsbeziehungen/Internationale_Investitionen/Vertragspolitik_der_Schweiz/overview-of-bits.html.

más de 120 están en funcionamiento. En la mayoría de los proyectos apoyados por el PIDG se emplea a administradores y operadores locales que, si bien son contratados en función de sus cualificaciones para prestar los servicios de que se trate, también reciben toda la formación en el trabajo. El porcentaje que representan los gastos de formación en el costo global de la inversión en un proyecto varía considerablemente según el tipo de infraestructura proporcionada, el número de empleados contratados y el tipo de tecnología utilizada. No es habitual que las empresas dependientes del PIDG que apoyan un proyecto financien los gastos de la formación relacionada con la tecnología, puesto que esos gastos forman parte del costo global de la inversión en el proyecto. Sin embargo, en casos excepcionales se han otorgado donaciones en el marco de la asistencia técnica para impartir esa clase de formación en el marco de los proyectos apoyados por el PIDG. Esos gastos de formación pueden alcanzar hasta el 10% del costo total de la inversión en el proyecto.

19. Suiza apoya el Programa de desarrollo de fuentes de energía renovables con cargo a los fondos de inversión en el clima para países de bajos ingresos, la mayoría de ellos PMA (17). Mediante el programa se financian actividades de creación de capacidad y proyectos de infraestructura. Estos últimos incluyen también la transferencia de tecnología para la utilización de fuentes de energía renovables.

20. Por último, el Gobierno suizo, por conducto del Fondo Suizo de Inversiones para Mercados Emergentes (SIFEM AG), también proporciona financiación a largo plazo a empresas pequeñas y medianas de los PMA mediante fondos de capital de riesgo locales o regionales. Estos fondos proporcionan inversión en forma de capital, de deuda o de una combinación de ambas modalidades a las pymes de países receptores y, al mismo tiempo, prestan a las empresas beneficiarias distintos tipos de asistencia técnica, como el desarrollo de competencias, la mejora de los planes de ordenación ambiental y social, la gestión de los riesgos y la creación de capacidad. Algunos ejemplos en esta esfera son el *Lendable MSME Fintech Credit Fund, Africa* (USD 10 millones), el *Metier Sustainable Capital Int'l Fund II, Africa* (USD 10 millones), el *NAVIS VIII Cambodia Laos Myanmar Viet Nam Sub-Fund* (USD 15 millones), el *Amret PLC* (USD 15 millones) y el *Convergence Partners Digital Infrastructure Fund* (USD 15 millones), junto con el Servicio de Asistencia Técnica del Gobierno suizo, que es un mecanismo independiente para la financiación de actividades de formación y fortalecimiento de la capacidad (CHF 3 millones).

5.2 Información sobre la presencia comercial de empresas de PMA en Suiza y en otros países desarrollados

21. Por medio del Programa Suizo de Promoción de las Importaciones (SIPPO), Suiza fomenta el desarrollo organizativo y de las capacidades de varias organizaciones de apoyo a las empresas (BSO) en determinados países en desarrollo y en transición, entre los que también figuran PMA. Por una parte, el programa trabaja con las BSO para promover su desarrollo organizativo, y por otra, colabora en esferas como la mejora de los vínculos empresariales, las redes de cooperación y los servicios de información sobre los mercados para que presten mejores servicios a sus miembros (pymes orientadas a la exportación).

22. Se facilita el acceso de los PMA a nuevos mercados a través del Servicio de Asistencia al Comercio Mundial, una plataforma web apoyada por Suiza que simplifica la investigación de mercado para las empresas integrando información comercial y empresarial en una única herramienta en línea cómoda de usar. La plataforma proporciona información accesible y completa, que abarca desde los trámites comerciales pertinentes en la ubicación del exportador hasta información sobre el acceso al mercado y los contactos empresariales en el mercado de destino.

5.3 Ayuda financiera y garantías contra los riesgos de exportación

23. Suiza también otorga ayuda financiera no reembolsable (donaciones) a los PMA para la construcción, rehabilitación o ampliación de infraestructura en esos países. La concesión de donaciones para esa clase de proyectos va acompañada de la transferencia de tecnología, la prestación de servicios de consultoría para la ejecución de proyectos y el asesoramiento de expertos para emprender reformas institucionales (a nivel de la gestión) y reformas sectoriales. Se hace especial hincapié en el establecimiento de asociaciones entre el sector público y el privado para la prestación de servicios de infraestructura.

5.4 El comercio y la cooperación en materia de tecnologías limpias

24. Suiza otorga especial importancia a la promoción de la transferencia de tecnología que no dañe el medio ambiente. Se ha puesto en marcha un programa completo de gran alcance para el establecimiento de los conocidos como 'centros de producción más limpia'. Estos centros tienen por fin ofrecer a las empresas privadas y al sector público de los PMA una amplia gama de servicios, en particular: información general, evaluación en los lugares de producción, cursos prácticos, proyectos de demostración, creación de capacidad y apoyo para la preparación de proyectos financiables. Los centros prestan esa clase de servicios con el apoyo de institutos técnicos, universidades y empresas de Suiza y de otros países desarrollados Miembros. El Programa Global de Parques Ecoindustriales (GEIPP), creado y puesto en marcha en 2019, pretende demostrar la viabilidad y los beneficios de adaptar ecológicamente los parques industriales que ya existen mejorando la productividad de los recursos y el rendimiento económico, ambiental y social de las empresas— cuenta con un componente global relacionado con el desarrollo del conocimiento. Su objetivo es generar y divulgar conocimientos derivados de proyectos pasados y presentes que puedan servir para ayudar a cumplir las condiciones de los parques ecoindustriales, también en los PMA.

25. En el marco de la segunda fase del apoyo de Suiza a la Iniciativa de comercio sostenible (IDH) se siguen transmitiendo a los productores de países en desarrollo y de PMA conocimientos técnicos sobre métodos de producción sostenibles desde el punto de vista ambiental y social, a fin de ayudarlos a incrementar su participación en el mercado de los principales productos comprendidos en el programa (algodón, cacao y café).

26. Suiza apoya asimismo la ejecución de programas de eficiencia energética destinados a reducir las emisiones de CO₂ en todo el mundo y la contaminación atmosférica a nivel local. Se ejecutan proyectos en el sector del tránsito y el transporte y a nivel de las pequeñas y medianas empresas (industrias de la fundición, el vidrio y el ladrillo, entre otras). El objetivo principal es fortalecer a los socios locales (creación de capacidad) y aprovechar la experiencia internacional a efectos de encontrar soluciones adecuadas para cada lugar (paquetes de tecnología). Los programas piloto se evalúan para documentar sus resultados y difundirlos en los distintos países. Además, Suiza apoya actividades de transferencia de conocimientos técnicos, capacitación y servicios de infraestructura en relación con la vigilancia del medio ambiente y la gestión de productos químicos.

27. Mediante programas específicos de fomento del comercio, Suiza promueve la integración de los PMA en la economía mundial. En el contexto del Marco Integrado mejorado (MIM) y sobre la base de sus estudios de diagnóstico, Suiza ha aunado esfuerzos con el Grupo Interinstitucional de las Naciones Unidas sobre Comercio y Capacidad *Productiva* para apoyar la integración de los PMA en el sistema mundial de comercio. Hasta la fecha, se han puesto en marcha tres programas nacionales: en la RDP Lao (2010-2017, concluido), en Tanzania (2014-2018, concluido) y en Myanmar (en curso desde 2018).

5.5 Formación

28. El Instituto Tropical de Suiza, denominado ahora Instituto Tropical y de Salud Pública de Suiza, ofrece un curso de posgrado sobre prestación y gestión de servicios de salud en países tropicales. Habitualmente, más de la mitad de los participantes en ese curso proceden de PMA. Su participación es posible gracias a las becas que ofrece el Gobierno suizo.

29. En el marco de su Programa Global para los Derechos de Propiedad Intelectual (GPIPR), Suiza ofrece actividades de formación sobre propiedad intelectual para ayudar a países en desarrollo, países menos adelantados y economías emergentes a establecer una protección eficiente y eficaz de los derechos de propiedad intelectual a fin de respaldar el desarrollo económico y facilitar la aplicación del Acuerdo sobre los Aspectos de los Derechos de Propiedad Intelectual relacionados con el Comercio de la OMC. En el marco del GPIPR, actualmente está en marcha un proyecto en Myanmar.

5.6 Actividades de investigación

30. Otra clase de transferencia de tecnología en la que participa Suiza consiste en colaborar con organizaciones internacionales o directamente con los PMA en la realización de investigaciones, en particular en materia de salud pública y cuestiones transversales en la esfera de la agricultura.

La SDC promueve asociaciones de investigación en varios PMA, en particular a través *del Swiss Programme for Research on Global Issues for Development*, que la SDC ejecuta con el Fondo Nacional Suizo para la Investigación Científica (SNSF).

5.7 Apoyo a iniciativas mundiales en la esfera de la salud

31. Suiza también participa en diversas iniciativas mundiales de lucha contra enfermedades que tienen una particular incidencia en los PMA, como el paludismo. La SDC presta apoyo, entre otras iniciativas, a la *Operación Medicamentos Antipalúdicos*, la *Fundación para el desarrollo de nuevos medios de diagnóstico innovadores* y la iniciativa *Medicamentos para Enfermedades Desatendidas*. Mediante su participación en esas iniciativas, Suiza promueve el desarrollo y el suministro de nuevos tratamientos y/o equipos de diagnóstico para enfermedades tropicales.

5.8 Otros instrumentos

32. Además de las actividades mencionadas, Suiza participa en la creación de capacidad y la transferencia de tecnología a favor de los países en desarrollo y los países menos adelantados, en el marco del Convenio sobre la Diversidad Biológica (CDB) y con arreglo a sus disposiciones en materia de acceso y distribución de beneficios.

33. Además, Suiza y otros donantes afines prestaron apoyo al Sistema de Control de la Deuda y de Análisis Financiero (SIGADE) de la UNCTAD. Se trata de un programa que tiene por objeto ayudar a los PMA y los países de ingresos medianos bajos a gestionar adecuadamente su deuda pública. En esencia, el programa proporciona a los Gobiernos un sistema informático moderno que se actualiza permanentemente y que facilita datos completos, actualizados y fiables y permite llevar a cabo análisis exhaustivos. En la actualidad, cerca de 60 países utilizan el SIGADE para gestionar su cartera de deuda. Suiza viene prestando apoyo a este programa desde su creación en la década de 1980; ha aportado una contribución de CHF 3 millones para el período 2020-2023.

6 ASOCIACIONES DE INVESTIGACIÓN CON PMA

34. En el marco del Programa Solution-oriented research for development (SOR4D), una iniciativa financiada conjuntamente por la Agencia Suiza para el Desarrollo y la Cooperación (SDC) y el Fondo Nacional Suizo para la Investigación Científica (SNSF), se han seleccionado, mediante un proceso competitivo, asociaciones de investigación interdisciplinarias entre Suiza y los países en desarrollo, incluidos los PMA.

35. Este programa sucede al programa r4d, cuyas iniciativas de síntesis han permitido ofrecer oportunidades de aprendizaje y experimentación para aumentar el impacto de las investigaciones y contextualizar e integrar las conclusiones de las investigaciones y las enseñanzas en materia de procedimiento, más allá de los proyectos individuales del r4d, en un corpus de conocimientos más amplio en los ámbitos de la ciencia, la sociedad y las políticas. La plataforma Knowledge for Development (k4d) alberga un conjunto de recursos e historias inspiradoras que son fruto del programa r4d.

36. El programa SOR4D se basa en las conclusiones de su antecesor, el programa r4d. El objetivo general del SOR4D es promover la investigación interdisciplinaria y basada en la demanda con objeto de mejorar los conocimientos y desarrollar soluciones e innovaciones para fomentar el desarrollo sostenible y reducir la pobreza en los países asociados receptores de la AOD. Una condición previa que han de cumplir los proyectos de investigación financiados por el programa SOR4D es que los asociados en la ejecución y los agentes del desarrollo deben participar desde el principio y, en condiciones de igualdad, en las asociaciones de investigación Norte-Sur. Además, los asociados del Sur y los del Norte conciben conjuntamente los temas de las investigaciones para apropiarse de los proyectos y asegurarse de que se basan en la demanda.

37. En la actualidad, el programa SOR4D financia siete proyectos. Los PMA que se benefician del programa son Bangladesh, Ghana, el Senegal, Uganda, Zambia y Zimbabwe. El presupuesto total del programa SOR4D para el período 2022-2026 se eleva a CHF 19,3 millones.

7 OBSERVACIONES FINALES

38. La promoción de la transferencia de tecnología a los PMA sigue tropezando con dificultades, pero Suiza sigue determinada a participar activamente en el debate sobre la forma de promoverla. Mediante los diferentes incentivos descritos en el presente informe, Suiza contribuye considerablemente a la transferencia de tecnología a los PMA, en particular de conocimientos especializados a través de la cooperación económica y en materia de desarrollo. De ese modo refuerza la capacidad de los PMA asociados para crear entornos propicios para la inversión, incrementar la eficiencia y la competitividad de sus industrias y ayudar a los productores a integrarse en la economía mundial. Esto, a su vez, brinda la oportunidad de establecer nuevas sinergias con el sector privado. Suiza atribuye especial importancia al fomento de tecnologías basadas en métodos de producción sostenibles.

39. Como se ha señalado en informes anteriores, los incentivos públicos para la transferencia de tecnología a terceros países son solo uno de los muchos factores que las empresas tienen en cuenta al adoptar decisiones estratégicas sobre el destino de sus inversiones en el extranjero y la transferencia de tecnologías innovadoras. Las condiciones generales de los PMA suelen ser poco favorables para las empresas extranjeras, que son, en principio, las que tienen la capacidad y la voluntad necesarias para transferir tecnología y conocimientos técnicos. Por lo tanto, se insta a los PMA a redoblar sus esfuerzos para ofrecer un entorno propicio para la inversión extranjera y la transferencia de tecnología. Entre los factores de importancia decisiva para atraer tecnología figuran la existencia de condiciones macroeconómicas y microeconómicas generales favorables, un marco reglamentario y jurídico seguro (lo que incluye un sistema judicial responsable, la protección adecuada de los derechos de propiedad intelectual y una buena administración pública), así como el potencial del mercado nacional.

ANEXO¹

Name of programme or project	Hands4health
Objective or purpose	1. Increased water use efficiency in health care facilities and schools and increased cost efficiency at institutional level ensure the sustainability of services. 2. Improved health for staff, patients and visitors of health care facilities as well as for staff and children in schools.
Entity making the incentive available	
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Burkina Faso; Uganda
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	CHF 4'700'000
Field of technology	Water efficient hand washing technologies
Category of technology	Health-related technology
Output or impact	1.The catalogue of the technologies, design options, monitoring and quality control tools suitable for different user groups, contexts and production methods is available. 2.Local production of selected infrastructure elements is established in the four target countries. 3.Population tailored and data driven behaviour change interventions are evaluated. 4.The holistic approach to water, sanitation and hygiene is developed, including a decision support tool and an implementation plan for different user groups. 5.Empirical evidence on the health impact of the approach is available from 80 institutions of the four target countries. 6.The holistic approach to water sanitation and hygiene is adopted by the Consortium members and key strategic partners (international networks and organizations).
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2020-24
Website for further information	https://www.eda.admin.ch/deza/de/home/projekte/projekte.filterResults.html/content/dezaprojects/SDC/en/2020/7F10345/phase3?oldPagePath=/content/deza/de/home/projekte/projekte.html
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

¹ En francés e inglés solamente.

Name of programme or project	Climate Change Adaptation in Mountains
Objective or purpose	The overall objective of the programme is to increase knowledge on climate change and appropriate adaptation solutions in mountains and feed it into science-policy platforms for informed decision-making in national, regional and global policy processes, in order to increase the resilience of mountain communities and ecosystems to climate change.
Entity making the incentive available	International Centre for Integrated Mountain Development (ICIMOD), United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP), University of Bern
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Afghanistan; Bangladesh; Myanmar; Nepal
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Swiss budget for current phase CHF 5,302,350 (CHF 9,050,000 total phase budget)
Field of technology	Field of technology transfer: Climate change adaptation Type of technology transferred: Expertise and knowledge through regional science-policy platforms and global policy frameworks.
Category of technology	
Output or impact	1.Improved availability and use of mountain observation data and information services support regional and global knowledge products on climate change in mountains. 2.Mountain CCA is integrated into planning and policy processes of regional bodies and their national constituencies as the result of strengthened science-policy dialogue platforms. 3.Knowledge on CCA solutions in mountains is strengthened and capitalized at the national, regional and global level. 4.Major global policy processes are taking CCA in mountains into account.
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2018-2024
Website for further information	https://www.weadapt.org/knowledge-base/adaptation-in-mountains
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Community-Based Chronic disease Care Lesotho (ComBaCal)
Objective or purpose	An improved health, social and economic well-being of adults living with Non-communicable chronic diseases in a low-resource setting.
Entity making the incentive available	
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Lesotho
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	CHF 6,040,000 over project duration
Field of technology	eHealth application and data system
Category of technology	Health-related technology
Output or impact	1.An eHealth application and data system is developed, validated by a clinical team, integrated and operational. 2.Community lay health workers provide effective community based integrated NCD care in coordination with health facility staff. 3.Clinical facility staff effectively provide integrated NCD care. 4.Additional NCDs are integrated in ComBaCaL in line with national priorities and a roll-out plan is developed. 5.Capacity building in Health and IT achieved.
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2020-2025
Website for further information	https://www.eda.admin.ch/deza/de/home/laender/suedliche-safrika.html/content/dezaproyects/SDC/en/2020/7F10345/phase1?oldPagePath=/content/deza/de/home/laender/suedliches-afrika.html
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Dynamic electronic decision trees for managing childhood illness (DYNAMIC)
Objective or purpose	To improve the quality of care for children aged 0-12 years in low resource settings by validating and implementing a novel electronic point-of-care clinical algorithm (ePOCT) that guides and trains health workers in the diagnosis and management of sick children.
Entity making the incentive available	University of Lausanne
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Tanzania
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	CHF 3'910'000 over project duration
Field of technology	Field of technology transfer: Health Type of technology transferred: Digital technologies in the diagnosis and management of sick children
Category of technology	Health-related technology
Output or impact	1.Integrated management of children with acute illnesses at primary care level is improved 2.The national health information system for disease surveillance and early epidemic detection is enhanced 3.Clinical algorithms are improved and continuously adapted to geographical and seasonal variations using machine-learning 4.Antimicrobial drug pressure in the community is decreased 5. The environment for the sustainability of electronic clinical decision support algorithms and the framework for larger-scale implementation is supportive
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2019-2024
Website for further information	https://www.eda.admin.ch/deza/en/home/projekte/projekte.filterResults.html/content/dezaprojects/SDC/en/2019/7F10361/phase1?oldPagePath=/content/deza/en/home/projekte/projekte.html
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Energy Sector Management Assistance Program (ESMAP)
Objective or purpose	Achieving Universal Energy Access By 2030 And Advancing Decarbonization
Entity making the incentive available	ESMAP/World Bank
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Total investments from SECO CHF 13 million (+SDC 3 million)
Field of technology	Know-how/technology transfer, support in preparing and structuring energy infrastructure projects, support in informing policy/strategy
Category of technology	Climate change mitigation technology
Output or impact	Development financing informed, policy/strategy informed, client capacity increased, knowledge increased, innovative approaches & solutions generated
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2021-2024
Website for further information	https://www.eda.admin.ch/eda/de/home/suche/suchresultat.html/content/dezaprojects/SECO/en/2015/UR00941/phase5.html https://www.esmap.org/
Contact point for further information	www.esmap.org

Name of programme or project	ESTHER (Ensemble pour une Solidarité Thérapeutique Hospitalière En Réseau)
Objective or purpose	Contribution to improved health outcomes of the population in low and middle-income countries through strengthened health systems and improved quality of health services, especially in the area of sexual and reproductive health including HIV/AIDS, by means of institutional health partnerships
Entity making the incentive available	University of Bern
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Benin; Burkina Faso; Burundi; Cambodia; Central African Republic; Chad; Lao People's Democratic Republic; Liberia; Mali; Niger; Senegal; Togo
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Swiss budget for current phase CHF 1'083'000 (CHF 3'500'000 total phase budget)
Field of technology	Health Type of technology transferred: Institutional partnerships providing Swiss experience and expertise in sexual and reproductive health and sexually transmitted diseases
Category of technology	
Output or impact	1.Swiss institutional health partnership projects are developed under the ESTHER umbrella and implemented according to EEA quality standards. 2.Experiences and evidence from Swiss institutional health partnership projects are processed and disseminated within the ESTHER Switzerland network and within the EEA, and brought into the national and global policy dialogue. 3.The organisational structure of ESTHER Switzerland is strengthened.
Status of the programme or project	Completed
Duration and timing	2019-2024
Website for further information	https://www.eda.admin.ch/dezaprojects/SDC/en/2015/7F09184/phase2.html?oldPagePath=
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Fighting diseases of poverty: Drugs for Neglected Diseases Initiative (DNDi)
Objective or purpose	Develop new and improve existing treatments for neglected tropical diseases, in order to reduce their global burden and to save lives and improve the quality of life for patients and populations at risk. The specific objective is to deliver 11 to 14 new treatments between 2021-2028 (7-8 additional treatments anticipated in 2020-2023).
Entity making the incentive available	Over 180 private and public partners worldwide
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Angola; Bangladesh; Benin; Burkina Faso; Burundi; Central African Republic; Chad; Democratic Republic of the Congo; Djibouti; The Gambia; Guinea; Guinea-Bissau; Lesotho; Liberia; Madagascar; Malawi; Mali; Mauritania; Mozambique; Nepal; Niger; Rwanda; Senegal; Sierra Leone; Tanzania; Togo; Uganda; Zambia
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Swiss budget for current phase CHF 8,000,000 (CHF 370,000,000 estimated total phase budget)
Field of technology	Health Type of technology transferred: Development and provision of treatments for neglected tropical diseases
Category of technology	Health-related technology
Output or impact	1.Regulatory approval and treatments registration in LMICs. New treatments are adopted and are part of the treatment guidelines. 2. International organisations, governments, and Ministries of Health contribute to and are using R&D evidence to support policy change and treatment adoption and implementation, changing the way disease are managed, controlled and/or eliminated. 3.Treatments are available at scale for patients in all communities at risk including women and children. 4.Treatments supporting efficient delivery health systems/models. 5.Sustainable R&D expertise in LMICs adaptable and usable for other poverty-related infectious diseases.
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2021-2024
Website for further information	https://www.eda.admin.ch/deza/de/home/projekte/projekte.filterResults.html/content/dezaprojects/SDC/en/2010/7F07741/phase4?oldPagePath=/content/deza/de/home/projekte/projekte.html
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Global Eco-Industrial Parks Programme (UNIDO)
Objective or purpose	Improved industrial competitiveness through cleaner production
Entity making the incentive available	Policy dialogue, training of consultants, company assessments, together with UNIDO.
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Afghanistan; Angola; Bangladesh; Benin; Burkina Faso; Burundi; Cambodia; Central African Republic; Chad; Democratic Republic of the Congo; Djibouti; The Gambia; Guinea; Guinea-Bissau; Haiti; Lao People's Democratic Republic; Lesotho; Liberia; Madagascar; Malawi; Mali; Mauritania; Mozambique; Myanmar; Nepal; Niger; Rwanda; Senegal; Sierra Leone; Solomon Islands; Tanzania; Togo; Uganda; Vanuatu; Yemen; Zambia
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Overall programme budget CHF 17,125,000; budget for component knowledge development CHF 1,250,000
Field of technology	Industry / environment. Cleaner production: identification and implementation of environmentally sound technologies Type of technology transferred: Cleaner, resource-efficient production methods
Category of technology	Environmentally friendly or sustainable technology
Output or impact	Emission reductions, reduced negative environmental impact, increased industry competitiveness
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2019-2023
Website for further information	
Contact point for further information	info.cooperation@seco.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Global Program for Intellectual Property Rights (GPIPR)
Objective or purpose	Building up an efficient and effective protection of intellectual property rights
Entity making the incentive available	The Swiss Federal Institute of Intellectual Property (IPI)
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Myanmar
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	Policy dialogue, training of government officials and companies provided by the Swiss Federal Institute of Intellectual Property
Financial implications	Budget for project duration: Overall programme budget CHF 10,000,000
Field of technology	Trade capacity building Type of technology transferred: Knowledge transfer in establishment, administration, registration, acquisition and enforcement of IPRs
Category of technology	
Output or impact	Improved intellectual property regime and systems to promote innovation and the development of new goods, services and production methods
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2018-2025
Website for further information	https://www.ige.ch/en/law-and-policy/development-cooperation/current-projects/global-program-for-intellectual-property-rights
Contact point for further information	info.cooperation@seco.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Global Trade Helpdesk
Objective or purpose	The Global Trade Helpdesk Initiative is an online tool that helps firms explore alternative markets for their products, to diversify market risk in the face of falling demand with detailed trade statistics, tariff information and regulatory requirements.
Entity making the incentive available	International Trade Centre (ITC), UNCTAD, WTO (and AfDB, FAO, IADB, ICC, UNIDO, WBG, WCO, WIPO).
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Afghanistan; Angola; Bangladesh; Benin; Burkina Faso; Burundi; Cambodia; Central African Republic; Chad; Democratic Republic of the Congo; Djibouti; The Gambia; Guinea; Guinea-Bissau; Haiti; Lao People's Democratic Republic; Lesotho; Liberia; Madagascar; Malawi; Mali; Mauritania; Mozambique; Myanmar; Nepal; Niger; Rwanda; Senegal; Sierra Leone; Solomon Islands; Tanzania; Togo; Uganda; Vanuatu; Yemen; Zambia
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Budget for 2017-2029: USD 18,500,000 over project duration
Field of technology	Field of technology transfer: Trade information portal (online) Type of technology transferred: Access to trade intelligence, partially technical assistance and capacity building, sharing, collaboration and networking
Category of technology	Information and communications technology
Output or impact	Phase 1 (2018-2020) – development: integration of trade-related data, development and testing of the web portal Phase 2 (2021-2023) – consolidation: coordination of data collection and implementation of capacity building activities on the use of the portal and its update Phase 3 (2024-2026) – sustainability: strengthening of local capacities, regular coordination of data collection and website maintenance
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2018-2026
Website for further information	
Contact point for further information	info.cooperation@seco.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	GovTech Global Partnership
Objective or purpose	The GovTech partnership is a multi-donor trust fund managed by the World Bank to support the transformation of the public sector through digitalization. It aims at promoting the use of new technologies to transform the public sector and improve service delivery to citizens and businesses
Entity making the incentive available	World Bank Group, WB member countries, private sector
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Overall programme budget USD 8,700,000
Field of technology	Transfer of knowledge and skills, disruptive technologies (e.g. artificial intelligence, machine learning, cloud computing, blockchain), IT solutions and strategies for public entities, open source software and prototypes, legal and regulatory frameworks.
Category of technology	
Output or impact	Increase efficiency, transparency and accountability of the public sector through. (i) increased knowledge of GovTech solutions and approaches; (ii) improved mainstreaming of GovTech in World Bank operations; (iii) improved access to open source GovTech solutions; (iv) improved service delivery through GovTech solutions; (v) improved GovTech regulations
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2019-2024
Website for further information	https://www.worldbank.org/en/programs/govtech/partners
Contact point for further information	info.cooperation@seco.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Ifakara Health Institute: Scaling up of research results and innovations to maximize public health impact
Objective or purpose	To promote and scale up innovative research approaches aiming to improve the impact of public health in Tanzania.
Entity making the incentive available	Swiss TPH, Essential-Tech-EPFL, Rigitech, Robotech, Botnar Foundation
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Tanzania
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Swiss budget for current phase CHF 2,900,000 (CHF 12,850,770 total phase budget)
Field of technology	Field of technology transfer: Health research Type of technology transferred: Includes drones, block chain, mobile solutions, digital workshops
Category of technology	Health-related technology
Output or impact	1.IHI's local, national, regional and global attractiveness as a research platform is durably strengthened and its research impacts optimally on the well-being of the local communities. 2.Thriving culture of entrepreneurship and innovation, producing solutions that contribute to the improvement of local community wellbeing and sustainable development.
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2019-2024
Website for further information	https://www.eda.admin.ch/deza/en/home/projekte/projekte.filterResults.html/content/dezaprojects/SDC/en/1997/7F01726/phase7?oldPagePath=/content/deza/en/home/projekte/projekte.html
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Innovative Vector Control Consortium (IVCC)
Objective or purpose	IVCC's overarching goal is to reduce transmission of insect-borne pathogens, and ultimately to improve health and reduce poverty resulting from the burden of these infectious diseases, through improved insect VC with new and effective products.
Entity making the incentive available	Innovative Vector Control Consortium (IVCC)
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Benin; Burkina Faso; Madagascar; Malawi; Mali; Mozambique; Rwanda; Tanzania; Uganda; Zambia
Beneficiary Observer(s)	Ethiopia
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Swiss budget for current phase CHF 4'400'000 (CHF 100'000'000 estimated total phase budget)
Field of technology	Health Type of technology transferred: Certification process, development of innovative vector control solutions and accurate treatments.
Category of technology	Health-related technology
Output or impact	1.New vector control products to overcome insecticide resistance and address current perceived gaps in malaria eradication such as outdoor transmission. 2.Addressing technical, policy, regulatory and operational challenges to accelerate the successful development of impactful vector control interventions. 3.Maximising product effectiveness through appropriate Insecticide Resistance Management, Integrated Vector Management and Access and market-shaping activities to ensure procurement and impact at scale.
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2020-2024
Website for further information	https://www.eda.admin.ch/deza/de/home/projekte/projekte.filterResults.html/content/dezaprojects/SDC/en/2014/7F08915/phase3?oldPagePath=/content/deza/de/home/projekte/projekte.html
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Open source Health Insurance Management Information System (OpenHIMIS)
Objective or purpose	The overall goal of the initiative is to contribute to poverty mitigation and reduction by including poorer populations into social health protection schemes. Their integration will be facilitated through the development, implementation and continuous improvement of a Health Insurance Management Information System based on open source technology (openHIMIS) because more efficient, transparent and cost-effective management increases the schemes' capacities to extend their coverage to hitherto excluded poorer populations.
Entity making the incentive available	German Agency for International Cooperation (GIZ), Social Protection Systems Programme of the European Union (EU-SPS)
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Bangladesh; Chad; Democratic Republic of the Congo; Djibouti; The Gambia; Myanmar; Nepal; Rwanda; Tanzania
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Swiss budget for current phase CHF 2'510'000 (CHF 5'020'000 estimated total phase budget)
Field of technology	Health Type of technology transferred: Open source software for health insurance
Category of technology	Health-related technology
Output or impact	1.The openIMIS Initiative is strengthened (through new members and capacities built). 2. The openIMIS software is further developed with new functionalities, and in-line with security standards. 3.The introduction of openIMIS is prepared in selected partner countries
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2020-2023
Website for further information	https://www.eda.admin.ch/deza/de/home/projekte/projekte.filterResults.html/content/dezaprojects/SDC/en/2016/7F09605/phase2?oldPagePath=/content/deza/de/home/projekte/projekte.html
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Private Infrastructure Development Group (PIDG)
Objective or purpose	Increase volumes of long-term investment financing.
Entity making the incentive available	PIDG entities focusing on equity investment, long-term lending (including local currency), and guarantees (including local currency).
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Bangladesh; Burkina Faso; Cambodia; Chad; Congo; Djibouti; Guinea; Liberia; Madagascar; Malawi; Mozambique; Myanmar; Nepal; Rwanda; Senegal; Sierra Leone; Tanzania; Togo; Uganda; Zambia
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Total investments from SECO so far USD 225 million
Field of technology	Know-how related to leveraging private investment for private infrastructure, structuring and financial management of infrastructure project development, local currency risks and lending, construction safety, sector-specific know-how (energy, sustainable transport, etc.)
Category of technology	
Output or impact	Increased long-term investment in private infrastructure, including in local currencies / better infrastructure, job creation, climate change mitigation and adaptation. For project examples see: https://pidg-wp.dusted.digital/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/PIDG_Annual_Review_2022-1.pdf
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2002 - open
Website for further information	https://www.pidg.org/
Contact point for further information	weif-secretariat@seco.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Quality Evidence for Health System Transformation (QuEST) Network
Objective or purpose	The overall objective of the Quality Evidence for Health System Transformation (QuEST) Network is to improve the quality of health systems through operational research and to create a global community of practice to catalyse investments in evidence-based policy making on quality of health systems.
Entity making the incentive available	Harvard School of Public Health and other academic research centres around the globe
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Malawi; Nepal; Tanzania
Beneficiary Observer(s)	Ethiopia
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	CHF 6,048,203
Field of technology	Health Type of technology transferred: Development and validation of new instruments and measures for the efficient assessment of health system quality
Category of technology	Health-related technology
Output or impact	1.To build high quality evidence base and catalyse policy change for health system transformation in selected low and middle-income countries. 2.To establish a global movement and research agenda related to quality of health systems
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2018-2024
Website for further information	https://www.eda.admin.ch/deza/de/home/projekte/projekte.filterResults.html/content/dezaprojects/SDC/en/2018/7F10192/phase1?oldPagePath=/content/deza/de/home/projekte/projekte.html
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Reducing Food Losses through Improved Post Harvest Management in Ethiopia
Objective or purpose	Improved food and nutrition security and income of smallholder farmers in Ethiopia through reduction of post-harvest losses by promotion of technologies, complementary policies and institutional innovations.
Entity making the incentive available	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO), HELVETAS Swiss Intercooperation
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	
Beneficiary Observer(s)	Ethiopia
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	CHF 2,900,000 over project duration
Field of technology	Agriculture Type of technology transferred: Metal silos
Category of technology	Food and agriculture
Output or impact	1.Reduced post-harvest losses among smallholder farmers, farmers groups and cooperatives by using improved post-harvest technologies and management practices 2.Sustainable financial services and market linkage options established for smallholder farmers and private sector to promote post-harvest management technologies 3.Appropriate regulatory frameworks and institutional structures supported to implement the National Post-harvest Management Strategy
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2018-2024
Website for further information	https://www.eda.admin.ch/deza/de/home/aktivitaeten_projekte/projekte-fokus/projektdatenbank.filterResults.html/content/dezaprospects/SDC/en/2012/7F08500/phase2?oldPagePath=/content/deza/de/home/aktivitaeten_projekte/projekte-fokus/projektdatenbank.html
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Regional Biotrade Projects Southeast Asia
Objective or purpose	Poverty reduction / increased income
Entity making the incentive available	Helvetas
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Lao People's Democratic Republic; Myanmar
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	CHF 4,460,000 (Myanmar, Lao PDR, Viet Nam)
Field of technology	Trade capacity building Type of technology transferred: Know-how in bio trade production and trade (export)
Category of technology	Biotechnology and biodiversity
Output or impact	Promote conservation of biodiversity •Competitive Biotrade companies are competing in regional and international markets in accordance with ethical Biotrade principles and criteria •Value Chains operating along ethical Biotrade principles have been developed to supply companies with products in demand in international markets •Government have taken steps to implement an ethical Biotrade policy-friendly and supportive environment •An efficient and effective knowledge management, and programme communication has been established that facilitates the sharing of national and international expertise and experience
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2020-2024
Website for further information	
Contact point for further information	info.cooperation@seco.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Remote sensing-based Information and Insurance for Crops in Emerging economies (RIICE)
Objective or purpose	Crop insurance reduces vulnerability of smallholder farmers and promotes their economic development thus contributing to national and regional food security.
Entity making the incentive available	International Rice Research Institute (IRRI), sarmap, Swiss Re
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Cambodia
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Swiss budget for current phase CHF 3'686'000 (CHF 12'500'000 total phase budget)
Field of technology	Agriculture and food security Type of technology transferred: Knowledge transfer for handling highly-specialised equipment (satellite technology)
Category of technology	Food and agriculture
Output or impact	1.Small-scale (rice) producers are covered by RIICE-supported insurance solutions and climate risk mitigation advisories. 2.Institutions in the target areas offer demand-oriented, effective and efficient remote-sensing supported insurance solutions. 3.Governments have integrated/accepted RIICE-supported insurance solutions in the respective agricultural insurance schemes or guidelines. 4.Governments and other stakeholders use the crop / yield information system in agricultural and disaster risk management policies, strategies and actions plans to strengthen food security and to transfer risks to the insurance sector.
Status of the programme or project	Completed
Duration and timing	2018-2022
Website for further information	https://www.eda.admin.ch/deza/de/home/projekte/projekte.filterResults.html/content/dezaprojects/SDC/en/2011/7F07934/phase3?oldPagePath=/content/deza/de/home/projekte/projekte.html
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	REPIC - Swiss Platform for Renewable Energy, Energy Efficiency and Resource Efficiency Promotion in International Cooperation
Objective or purpose	Promote know-how and technology transfer of renewable energies, energy and resource efficiency in developing and transition countries
Entity making the incentive available	REPIC - Swiss Platform for Renewable Energy, Energy Efficiency and Resource Efficiency Promotion in International Cooperation
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Bangladesh; Cambodia; Haiti; Liberia; Madagascar; Mali; Nepal; Senegal; Tanzania; Zambia
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	CHF 3,625,000 for 2023 (CHF 7,250,000 over project duration)
Field of technology	Know-how in renewable energy, energy efficiency and resource efficiency (solar, wind, biomass, geothermal and hydropower energy)
Category of technology	Environmentally friendly or sustainable technology
Output or impact	1.Knowledge transfer: implementation of sustainable projects 2.Networks, information, communication and coordination: successful communication and information as well as national and international partnerships, networking
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2022-2024
Website for further information	https://www.eda.admin.ch/deza/en/home/projekte/projekte.filterResults.html/content/dezaprojects/SECO/en/2014/UR00123/phase6?oldPagePath=/content/deza/en/home/projekte/projekte.html
Contact point for further information	REPIC Secretariat, info@repic.ch

Name of programme or project	RUNRES: The rural-urban nexus: Establishing a nutrient loop to improve city region food systems.
Objective or purpose	The main objective of RUNRES is to co-design, test, implement and scale safe, (cost-) efficient and socially acceptable innovations to valorise urban and rural waste resources and improve food value chains in order to enhance circular economies and thereby improve the resilience of city region food systems.
Entity making the incentive available	ETH Zurich
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Democratic Republic of the Congo; Rwanda
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Swiss budget over project duration CHF 4'903'000 (CHF 9'150'000 total project budget)
Field of technology	Field of technology transfer: Food security, Agriculture Type of technology transferred: Sanitation solutions, circular flow of nutrients in agriculture
Category of technology	Food and agriculture
Output or impact	1.Improved control of nutrient flows and recycling of nutrients across the rural-urban nexus. 2.The development of locally suitable solutions – private enterprise, public investment, public/private partnerships, and civic science that will enable sustainable sanitation and waste-recycling innovations. 3.Increased access and use of locally sourced soil amendments that will improve sustainable local agriculture. 4.Facilitate an enabling policy environment for the scaling of ad diffuse selected innovations in partnership with policymakers and practitioners as well as beyond the RUNRES focus regions.
Status of the programme or project	Completed
Duration and timing	2018-2023
Website for further information	https://www.eda.admin.ch/deza/de/home/projekte/projekte.filterResults.html/content/dezaprojects/SDC/en/2018/7F09521/phase1?oldPagePath=/content/deza/de/home/projekte/projekte.html https://runres.ethz.ch/
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Solar irrigation for Agriculture Resilience (SoLAR)
Objective or purpose	The main goal of the project is to contribute to climate resilient, gender and socially inclusive agrarian livelihoods in Bangladesh, India, Nepal and Pakistan by supporting Government efforts to promote solar irrigation.
Entity making the incentive available	Consultative Group on International Agricultural Research (CGIAR)
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Bangladesh; Nepal
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Swiss budget for current phase CHF 5'570'000 (+ CHF 9'320'000 contributed by IWMI and National Agencies)
Field of technology	Water management Type of technology transferred: Solar irrigation system: groundwater monitoring through electricity use, efficient solar pumps and smart micro grids
Category of technology	Climate change mitigation technology
Output or impact	1.Improved empirical evidence supports the development of climate resilient, gender and socially inclusive and groundwater responsive solar irrigation policies. 2.Innovative actions and approaches for gender and socially inclusive and groundwater aware solar irrigation are validated. 3.Increased national /global knowledge and capacity for gender and socially inclusive and groundwater responsive solar irrigation policies and practices.
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2018-2024
Website for further information	https://www.eda.admin.ch/deza/en/home/projekte/projekte.filterResults.html/content/dezaprojects/SDC/en/2018/7F10119/phase1?oldPagePath=/content/deza/en/home/projekte/projekte.html
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Somalia Information and Resilience Building Action (SIRA)
Objective or purpose	Resilience for agro-pastoral households improved through increased income from improved fodder value chains and Somalian households' resilience to future shocks improved.
Entity making the incentive available	Food and Agricultural Organisation of the United Nations (FAO)
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Swiss budget for current phase CHF 6'045'000 (CHF 12'000'000 total phase budget)
Field of technology	Field of technology transfer: Food security Type of technology transferred: Evidence-based policy making, know-how in use of data
Category of technology	Food and agriculture
Output or impact	1.Strengthened sustainable climate-smart quality fodder production and community natural resources management for improved livestock production. 2.Increased household income for targeted fodder producers from sale of fodder and livestock products. 3.Improved institutional capacity, regulatory framework and policy implementation at government level for resilience-building.
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2023-2025
Website for further information	https://www.eda.admin.ch/deza/de/home/projekte/projekte.filterResults.html/content/dezaprojects/SDC/en/2018/7F10190/phase2.html?oldPagePath=/content/deza/de/home/projekte/projekte.html
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	SREP Scaling-Up Renewable Energy in Low Income Countries
Objective or purpose	Co-finance renewable energy projects and programmes to demonstrate the feasibility of low emission energy pathways in low income countries.
Entity making the incentive available	MDBs (World Bank Group, ADB, AfDB, EBRD and IDB)
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Armenia; Bangladesh; Cambodia; Ghana; Haiti; Honduras; Kenya; Lesotho; Liberia; Madagascar; Malawi; Maldives; Mali; Mongolia; Nepal; Nicaragua; Rwanda; Solomon Islands; Tanzania; Uganda; Vanuatu; Yemen; Zambia
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	USD 43 million contributed by Switzerland to a total funding of USD 772 million.
Field of technology	Field of technology transfer: Renewable Energy technologies Type of technology transferred: Programmatic capacity building and know-how transfer related to specific projects
Category of technology	
Output or impact	By 31 December 2022, 54 projects were approved with a total SREP funding of USD 606 million. Expected co-financing from public and private sources is USD 3.4 billion. At completion, an expected 10 million people (whereof 5.1 million women) will benefit from improved access to energy from renewable sources, an additional 4300 GWh of electricity will be generated from renewable energy sources and 2.7 million tons of CO2 emissions will be avoided annually.
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2010-2028
Website for further information	Scaling Up Renewable Energy Program in Low Income Countries Climate Investment Funds (cif.org): https://www.cif.org/topics/energy-access
Contact point for further information	info.wein.cooperation@seco.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Strengthening Land Governance
Objective or purpose	Small-scale food producers including women and men from all ethnicities have secure and equal access to land.
Entity making the incentive available	University of Bern
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Myanmar
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Swiss budget for current phase CHF 10,515,000 (CHF 25,645,000 total phase budget)
Field of technology	Land governance Type of technology transferred: Open-access spatial data platform
Category of technology	
Output or impact	1.Accurate data and knowledge on land is widely available, enabling transparent multi-stakeholders dialogues and decision-making for land governance and sustainable development planning. 2.Stakeholders in Myanmar have increased capacity and are able to effectively coordinate in promoting equitable land and natural resource rights in policy and law. 3.Ethnic-based CSOs play a significant role in decision-making on land policy and other natural resources.
Status of the programme or project	Completed
Duration and timing	2017-2022
Website for further information	https://www.eda.admin.ch/deza/en/home/projekte/projekte.filterResults.html/content/dezaprojects/SDC/en/2014/7F09174/phase2?oldPagePath=/content/deza/en/home/projekte/projekte.html
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Support to St. Francis Hospital in Ifakara
Objective or purpose	Support the hospital in the development of a range of services and provide a conducive environment for training of students and research.
Entity making the incentive available	Novartis Foundation, SwissTPH, Solidarmed
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Tanzania
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	CHF 8,978,000 over project duration
Field of technology	Field of technology transfer: Health Type of technology transferred: Know-how, medical equipment, ICT system, clinical research
Category of technology	Health-related technology
Output or impact	1.Quality of care: patients offered very good health specialist services and care in medicine, paediatrics and surgery. 2.Governance: all governing bodies functioning according to accountability and transparent principles in the decision-making process. 3.Internal management: all levels of hospital management performing efficiently, and applying standard procedures in general, financial and human resource management. 4.Collaboration with partner entities: all partners involved in hospital activities working towards a common goal and making more efficient use of available resources
Status of the programme or project	Completed
Duration and timing	2010-2022
Website for further information	https://www.eda.admin.ch/deza/en/home/projekte/projekte.filterResults.html/content/dezaprojects/SDC/en/2010/7F07720/phase1?oldPagePath=/content/deza/en/home/projekte/projekte.html
Contact point for further information	

Name of programme or project	Sustainable Trade Initiative IDH
Objective or purpose	Transform commodity supply chain towards sustainability through PPP
Entity making the incentive available	Initiatief Duurzame Handel / Sustainable Trade Initiative IDH
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Afghanistan; Angola; Bangladesh; Benin; Burkina Faso; Burundi; Cambodia; Central African Republic; Chad; Democratic Republic of the Congo; Djibouti; The Gambia; Guinea; Guinea-Bissau; Haiti; Lao People's Democratic Republic; Lesotho; Liberia; Madagascar; Malawi; Mali; Mauritania; Mozambique; Myanmar; Nepal; Niger; Rwanda; Senegal; Sierra Leone; Solomon Islands; Tanzania; Togo; Uganda; Vanuatu; Yemen; Zambia
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Budget from 2013-2020, unless otherwise indicated: n/a (Total investments from SECO CHF 30 million)
Field of technology	: Increased and sustainable productivity for producers of certain raw materials (i.a. cotton, cocoa, coffee) allowing better integration into global value chains Type of technology transferred: Know-how on increased productivity for producers of certain raw materials and access to finance (i.a. cotton, cocoa, coffee) allowing better integration into global value chains
Category of technology	Other
Output or impact	Contribution to Agenda 2030 goals 1, 2, 5, 8, 12, 15
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2013-2021
Website for further information	
Contact point for further information	wehu-secretariat@seco.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Swiss Bluetec Bridge: Swiss start-ups benefit disadvantaged populations
Objective or purpose	The purpose of SBTB is to accelerate sustainable access to water and sanitation for local residents – especially the poorest in society – in rural areas and in small towns in developing and emerging economies, by providing them with advanced Swiss technology and innovation.
Entity making the incentive available	Swiss Bluetec Bridge, Strategos, CEWAS
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Burkina Faso; Democratic Republic of the Congo; Madagascar; Nepal; Zambia
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Phase 2: Swiss budget for current phase CHF 2,313,000 (CHF 6,500,000 total project budget, including project partners) Phase 3: CHF 195,800
Field of technology	Access to water Type of technology transferred: Technologies for water treatment, low-cost system for desalinating salty or brackish water
Category of technology	
Output or impact	Phase 2: 1.Increase the number of Swiss companies willing to scale up their business model through private funds. Specifically, the goal is to have at least five companies which, thanks to the quality of their project and the support of the SBTB, will have access to funds to implement their innovation on a larger scale. 2.Establish the first foundations which by the end of the third phase will have made the initiative sustainable. Phase 3: 1. Funding companies which are working in the access to water area. 2.Provide safe and affordable water in rural areas and small towns. 3.Reduce the price of water for customers. 4.Create jobs in partner countries. 5. Raise additional funds by portfolio entrepreneurs.
Status of the programme or project	Completed
Duration and timing	Phase 2: 2016-2025 Phase 3: 2020-2025
Website for further information	https://www.eda.admin.ch/deza/en/home/projekte/projekte.html/content/dezaprojects/SDC/en/2011/7F07944/phase3 https://swissbluetecbridge.ch/
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Swiss Import Promotion Programme SIPPO
Objective or purpose	Promotion of exports to Swiss and European markets
Entity making the incentive available	Swisscontact
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	CHF 22,400,000
Field of technology	Trade know-how Type of technology transferred: Institutional capacity building, performance measurement, market intelligence, matchmaking, knowledge transfer and exchange
Category of technology	Other
Output or impact	Increased exports/job creation
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2017-2021
Website for further information	
Contact point for further information	info.cooperation@seco.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Foundation for Innovative New Diagnostics (FIND)
Objective or purpose	Accelerate global efforts towards Universal Health Coverage and Global Health Security. Vision: Testing for healthy and safe lives. Mission: Drive equitable access to reliable diagnosis through collective action
Entity making the incentive available	Entity making the incentive available Foundation for Innovative New Diagnostics (FIND)
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Chad; Democratic Republic of the Congo; Uganda
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Swiss budget for current phase CHF 6'800'000 (CHF 150'700'000 estimated total phase budget)
Field of technology	Health Type of technology transferred: Development and early implementation of innovative diagnostic tests
Category of technology	Health-related technology
Output or impact	1.Universal health coverage: Expand primary care testing to combat diseases that disproportionately affect vulnerable populations. 2.Global Health Security: Strengthen diagnostic surveillance and response systems to contain outbreaks and improve pandemic preparedness, aligned with a One Health Approach.
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2021-2024
Website for further information	https://www.eda.admin.ch/deza/de/home/projekte/projekte.filterResults.html/content/dezaprojects/SDC/en/2013/7F08866/phase3.html?oldPagePath=/content/deza/de/home/projekte/projekte.html
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Swiss Water Partnership
Objective or purpose	Stimulated and pooled Swiss know-how and expertise contribute to improved living conditions in developing and transition countries through enhanced water security.
Entity making the incentive available	Swiss Water Partnership (Multi-stakeholder platform to find innovative solutions)
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Bangladesh; Lao People's Democratic Republic; Niger; Senegal
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	CHF 2'153'000
Field of technology	Water management Type of technology transferred: Small-scale irrigation techniques, gravity-fed water supply system, rainwater harvesting systems, sanitation facilities
Category of technology	Environmentally friendly or sustainable technology
Output or impact	1.Networking, exchange and learning - SWP members have increased their knowledge and expertise of current water related topics through the platform's work. 2.Building solutions together - The platform has facilitated SWP members to use existing and develop new partnerships to jointly create projects, approaches and innovations. 3.The Swiss voice in global spaces for water security - The Swiss voice contributes to SWP members' visibility and is promoting Swiss water innovation internationally. 4.Platform development - The platform has used the available means of communication to share the members' thematic expertise
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2022-2025
Website for further information	https://www.eda.admin.ch/deza/de/home/projekte-fokus/projekte.html/content/dezaprojects/SDC/en/2015/7F09280/phase3.html?oldPagePath= https://www.swisswaterpartnership.ch/
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	AgriPath: Empowering farmers' transition to sustainable agriculture through effective and efficient digital pathways
Objective or purpose	a) 150,000 male and female smallholder farmers (directly plus indirectly reached through dissemination) increased productivity, income and climate resilience by adopting sustainable agricultural practices; b) Sustainable agriculture is widely adopted and natural resources degradation diminished. Main research question: Which delivery model for digital advisory services has the best impact on the scaling-up and adoption of sustainable agriculture practices by male and female smallholder farmers? The three models to be compared are: 1. Self-service: the smallholder farmer has access to a phone, downloads the app and uses it on its own. 2. Agent-based: the smallholder farmer does not own a phone and accesses the knowledge contained in the app via trainings, workshops and advice provided by the extension agent. 3. Hybrid: the smallholder farmer has access to a phone, downloads and uses the app, and receives trainings, workshops and advice from an extension agent.
Entity making the incentive available	Centre for Development and Environment of the University of Bern
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Burkina Faso; Nepal; Uganda
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Swiss budget for current phase CHF 5,050,000 (CHF 9,813,000 total phase budget)
Field of technology	Agriculture Type of technology transferred: Digital agricultural advisory services for smallholder farmers, farmbetter app
Category of technology	Food and agriculture
Output or impact	1. 50,000 male and female smallholder farmers have access to evidence-based and tailored advice and adopt sustainable agricultural practices. 2. Ministries of agriculture, the development community and digital advisory service providers in five countries promote evidence-based delivery models to scale-up gender-sensitive digital advisory services for long-term behaviour change towards sustainable agriculture.
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2021-2026
Website for further information	https://www.eda.admin.ch/deza/de/home/projekte/projekte.filterResults.html/content/dezaprojects/SDC/en/2020/7F10345/phase2?oldPagePath=/content/deza/de/home/projekte/projekte.html
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Trade Sector Development Programme: Upgrading Horticulture Supply and Sustainable Tourism to Develop Business Linkages
Objective or purpose	Improve market value chains for agro-products in tourism sector and introduce responsible tourism criteria
Entity making the incentive available	UN Interagency Cluster on Trade and Productive Capacities (UNIDO, ILO, ITC, UNCTAD, UNOPS)
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Myanmar
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Budget for 2018-2023: CHF 4,651,511
Field of technology	Trade capacity building; organic production Type of technology transferred: Know-how of tourism development, organic production
Category of technology	
Output or impact	Improved livelihoods / job creation •Enhanced horticulture supply capacity in Inle Lake area (Shan State) in terms of quantity and quality •Progressively meet international safety standards and certification (including organic requirements) •Increased and stabilised business operations of male and female farmers •Gained position of Inle Lake area (Shan State) as a touristic destination, particularly in inclusive and sustainable tourism
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2018-2023
Website for further information	
Contact point for further information	info.cooperation@seco.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Impact of Innovative Financing for Education to Leave No One Behind (IFE-2-LNOB)
Objective or purpose	More and better use of funds towards inclusive and quality Education for girls and boys, adolescents and young adults, especially the most vulnerable and marginalized, in low and lower-middle income countries.
Entity making the incentive available	Genfer Hochschulinstitut für internationale Studien
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Rwanda; Sierra Leone; Tanzania; Uganda
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	CHF 4,050,000
Field of technology	Education Type of technology transferred: Research on innovative financing approaches in education
Category of technology	Other (Education)
Output or impact	1.The incorporation of the project's research findings in the financing mechanisms of the two implementing partners Volta Capital and UBS Optimus Foundation (UBS OF) fosters improved quality education and increased cost efficiency, while also ensuring enhanced inclusion of vulnerable and marginalized children, adolescents and young adults. 2.The global education policy dialogue and new financing initiatives are influenced by new evidence on innovative financing for education. With this project contribution, the SDC wants to enable a neutral, scientific assessment of such innovative financing mechanisms, in particular on their suitability for and impact on marginalized groups. Such in depth research would not be done without public funds.
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2021-2032
Website for further information	https://www.eda.admin.ch/deza/de/home/projekte/projekte.filterResults.html/content/dezaproyects/SDC/en/2020/7F10345/phase4?oldPagePath=/content/deza/de/home/projekte/projekte.html
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Umbrella Facility for Trade
Objective or purpose	The Umbrella Facility for Trade, a multi-donor trust fund for trade and development, supports analytical trade work like evidence based country-level analysis, sector diagnostics, establishment of data bases, market intelligence etc. It is implemented by the World Bank Group.
Entity making the incentive available	World Bank Group (IBRD/IFC)
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Afghanistan; Angola; Bangladesh; Benin; Burkina Faso; Burundi; Cambodia; Central African Republic; Chad; Democratic Republic of the Congo; Djibouti; The Gambia; Guinea; Guinea-Bissau; Haiti; Lao People's Democratic Republic; Lesotho; Liberia; Madagascar; Malawi; Mali; Mauritania; Mozambique; Myanmar; Nepal; Niger; Rwanda; Senegal; Sierra Leone; Solomon Islands; Tanzania; Togo; Uganda; Vanuatu; Yemen; Zambia
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Budget for 2017-2023: CHF 75,200,000 over project duration (Swiss contribution: CHF 5 million)
Field of technology	Analytical trade work Type of technology transferred: Partially technical assistance and capacity building, knowledge sharing, collaboration and networking
Category of technology	
Output or impact	The objective of the Umbrella Facility for Trade is to support the Trade Agenda of the World Bank Group (4 pillars): 1.Increased assistance to diversify exports, both in terms of new products and in penetrating new geographic markets 2.Increased actions to reduce tariff and non-tariff barriers to trade that hamper access to markets for goods and services 3.Support global advocacy on trade issues through deeper knowledge partnerships and exchanges, and create public goods through research, data and analysis in the public domain 4.Reduced costs associated with moving goods and services, including along international supply chains, whether these are measured in terms of time, money, or reliability
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2017-2024
Website for further information	
Contact point for further information	info.cooperation@seco.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Financing Basin Development at Municipal Level (Localized Blue Peace)
Objective or purpose	Enhance sustainable economic development and peaceful societies by creating new and additional ways to access financial capital at municipal level for municipal projects, as part of a wider basin development. Strengthened municipalities in the context of regional sustainable basin development to foster peaceful societies in alignment with the 2030 Agenda and the Paris Agreement.
Entity making the incentive available	
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Swiss budget for current phase CHF 6,050,000 (CHF 45,000,000 total phase budget)
Field of technology	Water and Sanitation Type of technology transferred: Design innovative water projects
Category of technology	Biotechnology and biodiversity
Output or impact	1.Increased capacity of municipalities and local governments (with initial cases in the Senegal and Gambia river basins) through access to sustainable sources of additional (capital) financing for projects, using water as an entry point; 2.Enhanced enabling environment for sustainable sub-national finance ecosystem, including blended finance; 3.Established pipeline of projects proposals nourishing revenue generating investments based on multi-sectoral negotiated master-/investment plans; 4.Awareness raised around the connection of municipalities to the source of water and basin via innovative approaches of impact monitoring, reporting and communication; 5.Increased ownership and legitimacy by bringing the municipal voice into the global dialogue (elevator).
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2021-2024
Website for further information	https://www.eda.admin.ch/deza/de/home/projekte/projekte.filterResults.html/content/dezaproyects/SDC/en/2021/7F10695/phase1?oldPagePath=/content/deza/de/home/projekte/projekte.html
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	UNCTAD Debt Management and Financial Analysis System (DMFAS)
Objective or purpose	Strengthen the capacity of LDCs and LMICs to manage their debt in an effective and sustainable way
Entity making the incentive available	UNCTAD
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Bangladesh; Burkina Faso; Burundi; Cambodia; Central African Republic; Chad; Democratic Republic of the Congo; Djibouti; Guinea-Bissau; Haiti; Lao People's Democratic Republic; Madagascar; Mauritania; Rwanda; Togo; Uganda; Yemen
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	CHF 5,260,000 (CHF 3 million for the funding cycle 2017-20; Switzerland is funding DMFAS since the 1980s)
Field of technology	Public Financial Management Information Technology Type of technology transferred: Specialised software for governments to manage public debt
Category of technology	Information and communications technology
Output or impact	59 countries relied on DMFAS in 2019 to manage their debt portfolios
Status of the programme or project	In development for future implementation
Duration and timing	1980s-ongoing
Website for further information	
Contact point for further information	wemu.sekretariat@seco.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Improving access to medicines and technologies for non-communicable diseases: Diabetes as a tracer condition
Objective or purpose	Diabetes is among the top ten causes of death worldwide, including in low-and middle-income countries. The high monthly cost of insulin and associated devices such as syringes, is a significant barrier to treatment, especially in resource-poor settings. Building on Switzerland's comparative advantage in treating chronic diseases, this initiative will contribute to increasing the access to diabetes medicines and products as a model for other non-communicable diseases.
Entity making the incentive available	WHO, University of Geneva, Swissmedic
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Swiss budget for current phase CHF 4'000'000 (CHF 8'900'000 total phase budget)
Field of technology	Health Type of technology transferred: Development of diabetes medicine
Category of technology	Health-related technology
Output or impact	1.Strengthen regulatory systems and registration including WHO Prequalification processes for NCD medicines (insulin) and associated technologies. 2.Develop a strategy for pooled procurement mechanisms for quality NCDs medicines (insulin) and associated technologies. 3.Policy Lab: establishing a common agenda on issues surrounding access to NCDs medicines and associated technologies with various stakeholders.
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2022-2026 (Plan for continuation 2026 – 2030)
Website for further information	
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Water Efficiency in Rice and Cotton
Objective or purpose	To enhance food security, farmers' income and water productivity for 65,000 farmer families in Pakistan, India, Tajikistan, Kyrgyzstan, Myanmar and Madagascar.
Entity making the incentive available	HELVETAS Swiss Intercooperation
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Madagascar; Myanmar
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	CHF 5'410'000 over project duration
Field of technology	Agriculture Type of technology transferred: Crop rotation and intercropping, drip irrigation, rice intensification (SRI), direct seeding of rice and alternate wetting and drying (AWD), laser levelling
Category of technology	Food and agriculture
Output or impact	1. 65,000 cotton or rice producing families adopt improved technologies that entail efficient water management practices and increased food production (PUSH) 2. Adoption of water efficiency strategies for commodities is fostered by collective actions from the involved stakeholders and leveraged with increased volume purchases of crops produced under improved conditions (PULL) 3. Water use improvements in project regions are governed by multi-stakeholder water stewardship plans and reflected in either national or local policy frameworks (POLICY) 4. International Outreach: PUSH-PULL-POLICY approach to foster stewardship of natural resources is shared within international institutions, sector specific platforms and events
Status of the programme or project	Completed
Duration and timing	2018-2022
Website for further information	https://www.eda.admin.ch/deza/en/home/projekte/projekte.filterResults.html/content/dezaprospects/SDC/en/2014/7F09186/phase2?oldPagePath=/content/deza/en/home/projekte/projekte.html
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Promoting employment and non-farm income in the Great Lakes region through the production of climate-friendly building materials (PROECCO)
Objective or purpose	Workers' livelihoods and working conditions are improved while reducing the impact of materials production and construction on the environment and climate in the Great Lakes region.
Entity making the incentive available	SKAT Foundation
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Burundi; Democratic Republic of the Congo; Rwanda
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Swiss budget for current phase CHF 15'000'000 (CHF 40'000'000 estimated total phase budget)
Field of technology	Construction Type of technology transferred: Climate responsive building material
Category of technology	Environmentally friendly or sustainable technology
Output or impact	1.Framework conditions: Regulatory frameworks and tools to promote i) building standards that favour low carbon services and ii) an enabling environment for private investment are provided by the authorities in the region. 2.Finance and Markets: Authorities and the private sector promote the modern brick: they contribute to the realisation of low-carbon infrastructure and affordable housing projects, an incentive framework allows private operators to access finance. 3.Transfer of skills: Local service providers have the technical skills needed to develop the modern brick housing value chain and make them available to the authorities and the construction sector. 4.Advisory support, quality control: Local investors, producers and planners are competent in the establishment of low-carbon brick factories, construction and planning in modern brick, thanks to the advisory support and quality control services provided by the programme.
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2021-2024
Website for further information	https://www.eda.admin.ch/deza/en/home/projekte/projekte.filterResults.html/content/dezaprojects/SDC/en/2014/7F09186/phase2?oldPagePath=/content/deza/en/home/projekte/projekte.html
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	MMV - Medecines for Malaria Venture
Objective or purpose	To reduce the burden of malaria in disease-endemic countries by discovering, developing and delivering new, effective and affordable antimalarial medicines.
Entity making the incentive available	MMV - Medecines for Malaria Venture
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Swiss budget for current phase CHF 4'800'000 (USD 438'100'000 total phase budget)
Field of technology	Health Type of technology transferred: Development of antimalarial medicine
Category of technology	Health-related technology
Output or impact	1.Enhancing the level of control that can be achieved with current treatment options. 2.Developing new tools to support elimination and eradication. 3.Bringing forward tools and strategies to prevent resurgence.
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2022-2024
Website for further information	https://www.eda.admin.ch/deza/de/home/themen/gesundheit/malaria.html/content/dezaprojects/SDC/en/1999/7F00667/phase8.html?oldPagePath=/content/deza/de/home/themen/gesundheit/malaria.html https://www.mmv.org/
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Consultative Group to Assist the Poor (CGAP)
Objective or purpose	Support CGAP's mission to improve the lives of poor people by spurring innovations and advancing knowledge and solutions that promote responsible, sustainable, inclusive financial markets. A specific goal of SDC's engagement is ensuring that responsible finance standards are mainstreamed throughout the entire financial inclusion industry.
Entity making the incentive available	Consultative Group to Assist the Poor (CGAP)
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Swiss budget for current phase CHF 1'500'000 (CHF 125'000'000 estimated total phase budget)
Field of technology	Finance Type of technology transferred: Provision of financial services
Category of technology	Other (Financial Services)
Output or impact	1.Build efficient inclusive deposit-driven financial markets that serve all the unbanked, especially the poor, with innovative, convenient and affordable financial services (savings, credit, leasing, payments, money transfer, insurance). 2.Reinforce the social mission of the global microfinance industry ensuring that it delivers on the 2030 Agenda and that low-income people benefit from the use of financial services. 3.CGAP delivers a robust Results Framework for CGAP VI and there-in re-focuses on its global platform functions, notably the advocacy of the Universal Standards for Social Performance Management (USSPM) and its systemic market development guidelines for funders so as to regain an appropriate balance between its role as a global independent platform and implementer of digital money transfer pilots.
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2018-2023
Website for further information	https://www.cgap.org/
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Accelerate Registration of Medical Products
Objective or purpose	Improve access to safe, effective and quality-assured medical products for low- and middle-income countries, especially in sub-Saharan Africa, through medicines regulatory systems strengthening at the global, regional and country level.
Entity making the incentive available	World Health Organization (WHO) & Swiss Agency for Therapeutic Products (Swissmedic)
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Swiss budget for current phase CHF 3,092,000 (CHF 7,182,000 total phase budget)
Field of technology	Health Type of technology transferred: know-how in regulatory procedures and processes for medical products
Category of technology	Health-related technology
Output or impact	1.National Regulatory Authorities capacity strengthened 2.Strengthened Regional and continental harmonization of regulatory systems and procedures 3.African Medicines Agency (AMA) set up and functioning 4. Strengthened Marketing Authorization procedure for Global Health Products
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2023-2025
Website for further information	
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	GPFS Innovation Platforms
Objective or purpose	The overall goal of the GPFS support to three innovation and knowledge-sharing networks is to facilitate information, knowledge and experience exchange among stakeholders to find future oriented, innovative and sustainable solutions for smallholder agricultural development and poverty alleviation with a particular focus on agroecology and nutrition sensitive actions.
Entity making the incentive available	CABI (Centre for Agricultural Bioscience International), HALF (Bern University of Applied science) for SFIAR (Swiss Forum for international agriculture research), ICRAF (World Agroforestry Centre) for the TPP (Transformative Partnership Platform)
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Swiss budget for current phase CHF 1,114,000 (CHF 7,000,000 total estimated phase budget)
Field of technology	Agriculture Type of technology transferred: agroecology and nutrition sensitive actions"
Category of technology	Food and agriculture
Output or impact	1.Networks have a stronger brokering role in agricultural innovation systems for development and in knowledge sharing. 2.Regional chapters and thematic networks are actively engaging and influencing national, regional and international discussions on agricultural development for the benefit of smallholder farmers and consumers. 3.Relevant Swiss actors in agricultural innovation systems are more strongly involved and play an important role in the creation of knowledge, in coordination, and in advocacy for agroecology, and nutritiousensitive agriculture for sustainably transforming food systems.
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2022-2024
Website for further information	
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Research for action: Water, Behavior Change and Environmental Sanitation: Sustainable Solutions to Research, Knowledge and Professionalization (WABES)
Objective or purpose	A water secure world, where people have the knowledge and capacity to live healthy lives with safely managed services (safe water, solid waste management and sanitation) and the means to recover and utilise resources.
Entity making the incentive available	Eawag, Swiss scientific research institute
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Nepal
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Swiss budget for current phase CHF 3'288'000 (CHF 7'779'000 total estimated phase budget)
Field of technology	Water and Sanitation Type of technology transferred: water management
Category of technology	(Water and Sanitation)
Output or impact	1.Improved and equitable access to safely managed water 2.Improved and equitable access to safely managed environmental sanitation, considering circular economy principles 3.Integrated, inclusive planning for safely managed water and waste services is available and applied in small towns of Sub-Saharan Africa 4.Knowledge and expertise/training content is used and applied in practice by students and development practitioners
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2022-2026
Website for further information	https://www.eda.admin.ch/deza/en/home/themes-sdc/water.html/content/dezaprojects/SDC/en/2018/7F09963/phase2
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Initiative Excellence in Africa - EPFL
Objective or purpose	Excellence in Africa is an EPFL research centre whose DNA is digital and excellence in research, training and innovation across an entire continent: Africa.
Entity making the incentive available	
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	École polytechnique fédérale de Lausanne (EPFL)
Beneficiary Member(s)	
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	Swiss budget for current phase CHF 245,000 (CHF 492,000 total phase budget)
Field of technology	Research/Several Type of technology transferred: Research cooperation
Category of technology	Other
Output or impact	"1.Excellence in Africa Initiative: the Mohammed VI Polytechnic University in Morocco and EPFL, via EXAF centre, have designed a programme based on the three axes : Junior Faculty Development, 100 PhDs for Africa and Centres of Competences in Digital Education 2. African Cities Lab: In partnership with the Swiss State Secretariat for Economic Affairs, the African Cities Lab project aims to create a platform for digital education and MOOCS on urban development in Africa. 3.Digital solutions for sustainable cities in West Africa: The aim of the pre-feasibility study, co-financed by the Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (DFAE/DDC), is to show the potential impact of digital technology on sustainable development of West African cities. The objective of the study is also to understand if the use of digital tools in urban settings can improve the quality of life of the most vulnerable citizens. 4. WB / AAU project: Six ACE Impact host Universities were competitively selected and are being supported to strengthen themselves and establish Centers of Competence in Digital Education on their campuses to promote the sustainable integration of digital education in the teaching processes. 5. "E-learning in fragile contexts": The E-learning in Fragile Contexts project aims to facilitate the deployment of digital training in regions where infrastructure may be limited."
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2022-2023
Website for further information	https://www.epfl.ch/research/domains/exaf/
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch

Name of programme or project	Solution-oriented research for development programme (SOR4D programme)
Objective or purpose	The overarching goal of the SOR4D programme is that researchers and development actors from Switzerland and the Global South/East produce better knowledge, solutions and innovations by needs-driven, transdisciplinary research that opens up new ways to advance sustainable development and reduce poverty in lower and lower-middle income countries.
Entity making the incentive available	Swiss National Science Foundation (SNSF)
Eligible enterprises or institutions in developed country Member	
Beneficiary Member(s)	Bangladesh; Ghana; Senegal; Uganda; Zambia; Zimbabwe
Beneficiary Observer(s)	
Beneficiary enterprises or institutions	
Nature of incentive measure	
Financial implications	CHF 21,800,000 over project duration
Field of technology	Research/Several Type of technology transferred: Research cooperation
Category of technology	(Research cooperation)
Output or impact	1.Researchers and development actors jointly generate and validate in the respective contexts needs-based, solution-oriented knowledge that contributes to poverty reduction and sustainable development in lower and lower-middle income countries; 2.Project partnerships and networks test and/or scale research results with potential for innovation (pilot testing, valorisation); 3.Researchers and development actors enhance their competences (skills and know-how) in conducting solution-oriented transdisciplinary research in partnership on systemic and complex development challenges.
Status of the programme or project	Current or in progress
Duration and timing	2021-2026
Website for further information	https://www.eda.admin.ch/deza/en/home/countries/horn-africa/sudan.html/content/dezaprospects/SDC/en/2020/7F10345/phase5 https://www.snf.ch/en/u6ZIZI7EkFMTM5zY/news/solution-oriented-research-for-development-programme-7-projects-funded https://www.sor4d.ch/en
Contact point for further information	info.deza@eda.admin.ch