

Committee on Trade and Environment

ITEM 6: THE EFFECTS OF ENVIRONMENTAL MEASURES ON MARKET ACCESS,
ESPECIALLY IN RELATION TO DEVELOPING COUNTRIES, IN PARTICULAR TO
THE LEAST DEVELOPED AMONG THEM, AND ENVIRONMENTAL
BENEFITS OF REMOVING TRADE RESTRICTIONS
AND DISTORTIONS

Note by the Secretariat

TARIFF ESCALATION

1. This Note has been prepared in response to requests from delegations for additional information on tariff escalation in the context of that part of the Committee's work programme which addresses the "environmental benefits of removing trade restrictions and distortions".

Tariff escalation

2. Tariffs escalate when they are imposed at a higher level on processed and semi-processed products than on unprocessed products and raw materials. For producers in the importing country, this implies advantageously low rates of duty on imported inputs (often zero -- see Tables 1-11) relative to the protection they receive against imports of products competing with those they produce. Their value-added is then rewarded to a greater extent than would be the case if a single tariff rate were applied across-the-board on all imports -- the "effective rate of tariff protection" of their value-added is higher than the "nominal rate of tariff protection" of the goods they produce. That creates an incentive for resources in the importing country to move into and swell the size of the protected industry, and it creates a market access barrier which tends to prevent foreign suppliers who are exporting unprocessed products and raw materials from diversifying and moving into higher stages of processing, hence reducing their relative share of final value-added.

3. Tariff escalation does not depend necessarily on the existence of high nominal tariff rates. Two different sets of escalated tariffs -- one with high and the other with low nominal tariff rates applied to different stages of processing -- can still result in the same rate of effective tariff protection for domestic producers. Furthermore, effective tariff protection can be high even with small absolute differences in tariffs applied to different stages of processing provided the share of imported, low duty inputs in the total value of the final product is large (i.e. the value added in processing the inputs domestically is a small share of the final value of the product). That share will vary from product to product and from country to country, so that case-by-case studies based on detailed input-output data would be required to calculate actual effective rates of protection from the tariff information provided in Tables 1-11. What can be said at a general level is that even when nominal tariffs are relatively low and the spread between the tariffs on unprocessed and processed products is relatively narrow, reducing tariff escalation still has the potential to significantly reduce trade restriction and distortion.

4. There are important reasons to focus on the level of the tariff whether or not it reflects steep tariff escalation. A high import tariff implies that a larger portion of the market is restricted for those exporting to it, and a reduction in tariffs will imply an improvement in market access even if the effective rate of tariff protection remains unchanged.¹ Moreover, with tariff escalation, a high tariff rate is, *ceteris paribus*, more likely to be associated with a higher rate of effective tariff protection.²

5. When there is a tariff decline, a significant factor determining the extent of additional market access is the size of the import market. For any given percentage decline in tariffs, a larger market will imply access to a greater additional volume of sales for foreign suppliers. The improvement in market access due to tariff reduction depends on the responsiveness of import demand to a price decline, i.e. on the elasticity of import demand. This elasticity is likely to be greater for more highly processed items and the same percentage tariff reduction for different stages of processing will therefore be likely to result in a greater improvement in market access for processed items. Also, the higher price of processed items implies that even the same absolute reduction in tariffs for different stages of processing could provide a larger increase in the value of sales for processed products. For these reasons, a reduction in tariffs for processed products is likely to generate more resources for exporting countries, particularly when such tariff reduction takes place in large import markets.

6. The use of non-tariff barriers rather than tariffs in the importing country does not change the principle of "effective rate of protection", nor the implications of the effects of escalating the degree of restrictiveness of non-tariff barriers according to levels of processing. More restrictive non-tariff barriers applied to higher stages of processing in the production chain will raise the level of effective protection for domestic producers. The tariff data provided in Tables 1-11 could be supplemented by such data as is available to the Secretariat on non-tariff barriers at the request of the Committee.

7. The use of export tariffs or non-tariff export barriers on unprocessed products and raw materials in the exporting country, coupled with lower restrictions on exports of processed products, will tend to have a similar effect to that of tariff escalation in the importing country. An incentive will be created to raise domestic value-added in the exporting country by moving to higher stages of processing. The potential for this to create trade restriction and distortion can be analyzed in much the same way as tariff escalation.

8. For certain of the countries covered by Tables 1-11, the tariffs applied to agricultural products reflect a pattern of reverse tariff escalation, since the tariffs are higher on unprocessed products than on processed products. The significance of this for resource allocation and for causing an artificial shift in production activity from exporting to importing countries is difficult to describe without taking into account the incidence of non-tariff import barriers, particularly on processed products.

Potential environmental benefits

9. The Secretariat has already provided the Committee in WT/CTE/W/1 with background information drawn from a review of the relevant literature on the potential environmental benefits

¹For this reason, it is more valuable to reduce tariff escalation by lowering tariffs on later stages of processing rather than by raising them on the earlier stages.

²If a higher rate of tariff is imposed on the unprocessed products, only a smaller absolute increase in the tariff rate for the next stage of processing, *ceteris paribus*, would be needed to restore the same effective rate of tariff protection.

of reducing tariffs and tariff escalation. Environmental benefits may be derived in a number of ways.

10. With respect to the importing country, reducing tariffs and tariff escalation can lead to a more efficient use of domestic resources and to the lowering of costs per unit of output, including environmental costs. The benefits may be considerable if the industries benefitting from high rates of effective protection are relatively more polluting per unit of output than other domestic industries. In addition, environmental benefits will accrue from providing better market access to imported products which are less environmentally costly than domestically produced substitutes.

11. For exporting countries, a reduction of tariffs and tariff escalation in their main export markets will improve their market access, in particular for semi-processed and processed products, and assist them to shift to higher value-added activities and earn more resources through trade without placing further pressure on their agricultural and natural resource-based product sectors. This is likely to prove of particular value to those developing countries facing pressure at present to expand their output of raw materials for export in order to maintain or raise foreign exchange earnings, causing environmental damage possibly beyond sustainable limits and tending towards a vicious circle of increased supply of unprocessed products leading to lower world prices and to pressure to increase supply even further. Reducing tariffs and tariff escalation in their main export markets can also assist developing countries to diversify their export base, the value of which was described in Agenda 21 as diminishing dependence on a restricted range of commodity exports and thereby avoiding pressure to over-exploit environmentally sensitive raw materials when there is a weakening of particular commodity prices on world markets. More generally it would make available to developing countries additional resources to dedicate to reducing poverty and to better environmental protection through, for example, acquiring better quality environmental technologies and services.

12. As was noted in WT/CTE/W/1, the links between trade liberalisation and better environmental protection are not automatic (nor, it is worth noting, are the links between trade restriction and better environmental protection). Since trade *per se* is rarely the direct cause of environmental improvements (or damage), it is the indirect benefits of trade liberalisation rather than its direct benefits which will provide the predominant aspect of its environmental value³. Proper domestic resource management and environmental policies will be needed if those indirect benefits are to be fully realized.

Empirical evidence on tariff escalation

13. Tables 1-11 provide information on pre- and post-Uruguay Round bound tariff rates for different stages of production in selected countries and the share of imports under each of the different stages of production. The data show that there is no general pattern which applies to all the selected categories in all the countries concerned. However, the peak tariff rates are still high for a number of product categories, in particular for agricultural products, and most countries have tariff escalation in sectors such as metals, textiles and clothing, leather products, rubber products, and to some extent also wood products and furniture. In view of the relatively large share of inputs in the value of the final product produced using natural resource-based products and textiles and clothing, the tariff escalation for these categories implies a substantially high

³In the context of considering the potential environmental costs of trading products internationally, one study found that "the behaviour of *ad valorem* shipping rates for LDC exports varies on a product-by-product basis. For some items (metals) there is fairly conclusive evidence that transport costs fall with processing. However, for other important products nominal freight rates seem to increase. Over all, for the products studied, *ad valorem* shipping costs remained fairly constant over different levels of fabrication.", A. J. Yeats (1977), "Do International Transport Costs Increase With Fabrication? Some Empirical Evidence", *Oxford Economic Papers*, Volume 29, Number 3.

effective rate of tariff protection. Moreover, in view of the large market base of the countries covered by the Tables, a decline in tariffs would imply a significant increase in market access for other countries supplying them with exports.

14. The Secretariat does not consider itself competent to comment on the likely environmental benefits of reducing tariff escalation for any of the particular product categories covered by the Tables. It is nevertheless continuing to review the literature in this regard, and it will provide the Committee with supplementary information as and when it becomes available.

TABLES 1-11

Note: The averages are calculated by taking the bound rate of tariff for lines with tariff binding and applied tariff rates for lines without tariff bindings. A number of lines have specific tariffs, which are not included in the averages. For post-Uruguay Round average tariffs on agricultural products, the table provides in parentheses the number of lines with specific tariffs, whenever the number of such lines exceeds ten per cent of the lines with *ad valorem* tariffs. In the parentheses, the first figure shows the number of lines with *ad valorem* tariffs for the product category and the second figure shows the number of lines with specific tariffs. Whenever the number of lines with *ad valorem* tariffs for any category are zero, the average and peak tariffs are indicated by "n.a."

Ideally, the applied tariff rate rather than the bound tariff rate should be used in order to indicate actual levels of market access restriction and tariff escalation. At the request of the Committee, the Secretariat could attempt to provide information on applied tariff rates, but the data available are not as complete in this respect as are data on tariff bindings.

TABLE 1. Brazil: Average Tariff Binding for Different Product Categories

Product Category	Imports (1989; \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Fruits, vegetables, beverages, eggs, honey				
unprocessed	250,601	53.3	33.5	55
semi-processed	54,389	73.2	36.9	55
processed	25,544	88	34.3	55
Grains				
unprocessed	147,747	42.6	46.4	55
semi-processed	236,891	58.5	52.9	55
processed	130,107	80	36.7	55
Animals and products thereof				
unprocessed	74,144	18.6	24.9	35
others	349,971	55.9	42.6	55
Oilseeds, fats and oils and their product				
unprocessed	26,966	30.6	33.4	35
others	144,441	50.7	34.7	35
Cut flowers, plants, vegetable materials	23,381	34.8	33.6	45
Beverages and spirits	60,598	101	40	55
Dairy products				
unprocessed	51	70	55	55
others	290,023	65.2	49.8	55

Product Category	Imports (1989; \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Fish, shellfish and their products				
unprocessed	80,160	55.3	35	35
others	105,108	67.4	29.4	35
Tobacco				
unprocessed	4,558	70.6	44.6	55
processed	910	103	34.7	35
Other agricultural products				
unprocessed	45,609	30.2	29.8	35
semi-processed	0	55	35	35
processed	4,599	25.9	35.6	55
Hides and skins				
raw hides and furskins	55,381	45.3	33.2	35
semi-manufactures	279,097	82.8	35	35
manufactures	4,378	95.8	35	35
Rubber				
raw rubber	213,246	64.7	34.2	35
semi-manufactures	23,286	86.5	33.1	35
manufactures	83,387	90	35	35
Footwear and travel goods	18,048	78.8	35	35
Wood and cork				
wood and cork in the rough	12,801	43.2	13.8	35

Product Category	Imports (1989; \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
wood based panels and other semi-manufactured products	25,265	65.6	20	35
manufactured articles	1,657	71.6	22.8	35
Furniture	5,710	90.4	33.7	35
Pulp, paper and paperboard				
paper pulp and paper waste	74,996	32.7	30.9	35
paper and paperboard	266,567	52.6	32.4	35
printed matter and manufactured articles	108,410	62.6	31.9	35
Textiles				
textiles fibres, other than raw	255,246	46.6	34.7	55
yarn, fabrics and similar products	121,754	85	35	35
made-up articles and related products, clothing and accessories	70,466	99.4	34.9	35
Mineral products and fertilizers				
stone, sand, crude fertilizers	196,163	35.1	33.8	35
semi-manufactures	360,638	39.1	26.4	35
manufactures	134,389	64.2	34.8	35
Precious stones and precious metals				
precious stones, pearls	7,584	21.9	35	35
semi-manufactures	102,523	12.5	35	35
manufactures	4,364	82.5	35	35

Product Category	Imports (1989; \$ '000)	<u>Simple average tariff</u>		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Ores and metals				
ores and concentrates	479,317	4.8	35	35
semi-manufactures	749,122	38.8	33	35
manufactures	186,141	62	33.4	35
Coal and natural gas	906,025	17.3	30.4	35
Products derived from coal or gas				
Products obtained by distillation of mineral tars	2,040	16.6	35	35
semi-manufactures	34,854	20.6	35	35
manufactures	9,996	41.3	30.8	35
Chemicals				
semi-manufactures	2,376,635	35.6	21.6	35
manufactures	402,825	48.8	26.9	35

TABLE 2. Canada: Average Tariff Binding for Different Product Categories

Product Category	Imports (1988; \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Fruits, vegetables, beverages, eggs, honey				
unprocessed	2,037,501	4.8	3.3	55.2
semi-processed	339,860	9.4	6.4	49
processed	669,603	10.5	6.7	19.1
Grains				
unprocessed	127,391	1.7	0.5 (17/3)	5.8
semi-processed	14,296	3.4	2.2 (12/11)	6.4
processed	202,524	8.9	6 (22/30)	14.9
Animals and products thereof				
unprocessed	89,579	1.1	0.7 (18/3)	8
others	515,044	6.7	4.9 (66/19)	87.9
Oilseeds, fats and oils and their product				
unprocessed	89,963	1	0.6	6.4
others	313,406	8.4	4.7	11.2
Cut flowers, plants, vegetable materials	166,394	6.7	2.1	14.2
Beverages and spirits	662,070	12.2	8	170.6
Dairy products				
unprocessed	1,006	n.a. (0/3)	n.a. (0/3)	n.a.

Product Category	Imports (1988, \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
others	110,587	17.5	11.2 (1/21)	11.2
Fish, shellfish and their products				
unprocessed	372,549	0.9	0.6	5.3
others	206,955	5.4	3.5	11.3
Tobacco				
unprocessed	4,375	8	5.2	7.4
processed	18,275	17.3	11.1	19.8
Other agricultural products				
unprocessed	128,973	3.8	1.9	16
semi-processed	273	0	0	0
processed	164,844	4	2.5 (17/4)	15.9
Hides and skins				
raw hides and furskins	185,352	0	0	0
semi-manufactures	268,067	7.9	5.2	8.1
manufactures	185,677	16.7	10.6	15.7
Rubber				
raw rubber	317,691	0.4	0.3	6.8
semi-manufactures	227,689	9.8	6.7	11.3
manufactures	904,665	10.9	6.6	15.7
Footwear and travel goods				

Product Category	Imports (1988; \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Wood and cork				
wood and cork in the rough	186,245	0.6	0.4	6.7
wood based panels and other semi-manufactured products	685,561	5.0	2.9	9.7
manufactured articles	136,576	7.6	4.7	9.7
Furniture				
Pulp, paper and paperboard				
paper pulp and paper waste	246,314	0	0	0
paper and paperboard	900,836	6.3	0	0
printed matter and manufactured articles	1,725,636	7.2	0	0
Textiles				
textiles fibres, other than raw	203,510	3.8	1.7	18
yarn, fabrics and similar products	1,486,638	18.5	11.4	14
made-up articles and related products, clothing and accessories	2,330,241	21.4	15.1	18
Mineral products and fertilizers				
stone, sand, crude fertilizers	353,972	3.4	2.2	8.2
semi-manufactures	390,098	2.5	0.1	6.5
manufactures	1,313,485	9.1	4.3	15.7
Precious stones and precious metals				
precious stones, pearls	179,826	1.3	0.8	6.7
semi-manufactures	1,133,862	3.8	2.5	7.2

Product Category	Imports (1988, \$ '000)	<u>Simple average tariff</u>		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
manufactures	165,175	11	6	8.7
Ores and metals				
ores and concentrates	650,885	0.1	0.1	3.2
semi-manufactures	4,012,342	7.2	1.7	8
manufactures	3,044,414	9.1	5.2	11.3
Coal and natural gas	753,828	4.3	4.1	12.5
Products derived from coal or gas				
Products obtained by distillation of mineral tars	2,895	12.5	8.2	8.2
semi-manufactures	101,174	2.3	1.5	6.1
manufactures	53,735	9	5.5	7.4
Chemicals				
semi-manufactures	5,115,032	9.1	4.7	8
manufactures	2,328,513	10.2	3.4	8

TABLE 3. European Communities: Average Tariff Binding for Different Product Categories

Product Category	Imports (1988; \$'000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post -UR binding	
Fruits, vegetables, beverages, eggs, honey				
unprocessed	14,212,909	8.8	5.3 (207/54)	17.6
semi-processed	1,744,435	14.1	10.4	20.8
processed	2,082,377	21.7	16.1 (211/87)	25.6
Grains				
unprocessed	1,211,733	8.3	3.8 (7/26)	12.8
semi-processed	10,069	n.a. (0/52)	n.a. (0/52)	n.a.
processed	287,127	23.5	13.9 (2/52)	19.2
Animals and products thereof				
unprocessed	756,576	4.5	2.7 (16/18)	11.5
others	2,816,907	11.3	6.3 (78/186)	16.6
Oilseeds, fats and oils and their product				
unprocessed	4,084,814	0.2	0.1	4.5
others	5,336,234	8.6	5.3	16
Cut flowers, plants, vegetable materials	950,713	8.3	4.5	19.2
Beverages and spirits	1,588,151	23.8	17 (68/93)	33.6
Dairy products				
others	1,638	n.a. (0/12)	n.a. (0/12)	n.a.

Product Category	Imports (1988; \$'000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post -UR binding	
processed	779,939	12	7.7	7.7
Fish, shellfish and their products				
unprocessed	4,212,343	13.2	11.3	23
others	1,965,805	16.6	15.4	26
Tobacco				
unprocessed	1,299,500	18.3	14.6	18.4
processed	340,106	71.8	39.8	74.9
Other agricultural products				
unprocessed	1,405,122	3.6	1.5	10.9
semi-processed	7,190	3	0	0
processed	1,568,322	3.8	2.6 (16/32)	12
Hides and skins				
rawhides and furskins	1,972,102	0	0	0
semi-manufactures	1,896,178	3.7	2.5	6.5
manufactures	1,727,511	6.9	4.7	20
Rubber				
raw rubber	1,649,584	0.2	0.1	2.9
semi-manufactures	374,762	3.6	1.8	3
manufactures	2,012,872	4.5	2.7	6.5
Footwear and travel goods	4,349,574	10.5	8.7	17

Product Category	Imports (1988; \$'000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post -UR binding	
Wood and cork				
wood and cork in the rough	1,214,905	0.5	0	0
wood based panels other semi-manufactured products	9,031,844	5.2	2.3	7
manufactured articles	888,582	5.6	1.5	4.7
Furniture	2,425,690	5.4	1	3.7
Pulp, paper and paperboard				
paper pulp and paper waste	6,130,954	0	0	0
paper and paperboard	11,451,480	8.4	0	0
printed matter and manufactured articles	3,115,613	8	0	0
Textiles				
textiles fibres, other than raw	5,412,789	3	1.6	5.3
yarn, fabrics and similar products	7,267,627	9.7	6.7	8
made-up articles and related products, clothing and accessories	18,351,653	11.7	10.1	12
Mineral products and fertilizers	2,630,061	0.9	0.3	9.2
stone, sand, crudefertilizers				
semi-manufactured	2,013,613	4.8	3.3	6.5
manufactures	2,706,212	6.5	4.1	12
Precious stones and precious metals				
precious stones, pearls	8,263,015	0.7	0	0
semi-manufactures	13,498,170	1.8	0	0

Product Category	Imports (1988; \$'000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post -UR binding	
manufactures	1,500,795	4.5	2.7	6
Ores and metals				
ores and concentrates	8,090,664	0	0	0
semi-manufactures	21,234,960	5.4	1.2	10
manufactures	6,573,937	5.4	2.8	8.5
Coal and natural gas	12,257,046	1.5	0.6	8
Products derived from coal or gas				
Products obtained by distillation of mineral tars	324,205	2.2	1	3
semi-manufactures	578,136	0.7	0.1	0.7
manufactures	154,567	3.8	2.9	6.5
Chemicals				
semi-manufactures	21,321,691	7.5	5	7
manufactures	8,325,635	6.8	2.8	7.7
Non-electric machinery	48,478,056	4.1	1.8	9.7

TABLE 4. Hungary: Average Tariff Binding for Different Product Categories

Product Category	Imports (1991; \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Fruits, vegetables, beverages, eggs, honey				
unprocessed	162,719	46	30.6	51.2
semi-processed	26,672	60.4	46.4	68
processed	78,013	55.3	34.4	68
Grains				
unprocessed	64,188	46.6	25.9	63.4
semi-processed	112	60	38.4	38.4
processed	14,037	57.8	36.5	51.2
Animals and products thereof				
unprocessed	15,623	42.7	27.3	50.2
others	6,312	67	42.2	71.7
Oilseeds, fats and oils and their product				
unprocessed	11,078	2	1.7	8.5
others	116,607	22.8	14	48.5
Cut flowers, plants, vegetable materials	19,115	11.9	8.2	34
Beverages and spirits	58,517	69.4	56	127.5
Dairy products				
unprocessed	462	80	51.2	51.2
others	10,301	89	53.3	101.8

Product Category	Imports (1991; \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Fish, shellfish and their products				
unprocessed	5,733	14	14	30
others	5,760	26.8	26.8	45
Tobacco				
unprocessed	29,611	80	50.8	51.2
processed	8,797	87.9	56.2	57.6
Other agricultural products				
unprocessed	21,322	14.1	9.8	29.8
semi-processed	0	20	12.8	12.8
processed	29,426	15.4	9.8	32
Hides and skins				
raw hides and furskins	17,370	4	2.4	5.5
semi-manufactures	123,942	8.8	6.2	9
manufactures	9,048	11	8	11.4
Rubber				
raw rubber	24,648	6.7	4.6	10
semi-manufactures	13,093	15.7	8.4	10
manufactures	70,638	9.2	4.1	12.1
Footwear and travel goods	136,536	11.5	9.2	18
Wood and cork				
wood and cork in the rough	58,813	7.9	2.6	8

Product Category	Imports (1991; \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
wood based panels and other semi-manufactured products	83,933	8.3	5	9
manufactured articles	10,380	10.1	6.9	9
Furniture	72,703	9.7	7.4	10.4
Pulp, paper and paperboard				
paper pulp and paper waste	66,261	0.8	0	0
paper and paperboard	167,784	8.4	5.7	20
printed matter and manufactured articles	154,032	9	6.3	18
Textiles				
textiles fibres, other than raw	115,286	5.3	3.2	8.5
yarn, fabrics and similar products	563,174	10.9	7.1	13
made-up articles and related products, clothing and accessories	482,851	13.4	9.6	20
Mineral products and fertilizers				
stone, sand, crude fertilizers	59,341	5.2	3.8	11
semi-manufactures	56,544	7.1	5.6	10
manufactures	122,514	9.1	6.5	15
Precious stones and precious metals				
precious stones, pearls	724	2.7	2	10.4
semi-manufactures	5,661	3.5	2.4	8.5
manufactures	8,250	12.2	8.5	18

Product Category	Imports (1991; \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Ores and metals				
ores and concentrates	59,160	2.3	1.2	4.5
semi-manufactures	529,294	5.6	3.9	8
manufactures	280,644	10	8	12.1
Coal and natural gas	568,926	2.8	2.1	6.2
Products derived from coal or gas				
Products obtained by distillation of mineral tars	739	1.3	0.9	3.5
semi-manufactures	5,317	3.1	2.2	7
manufactures	4,462	8.7	5.4	7
Chemicals				
semi-manufactures	914,299	8.3	5.1	18
manufactures	507,172	12	7.3	18

TABLE 5. India: Average Tariff Binding for Different Product Categories

Product Category	Imports (1988; \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Fruits, vegetables, beverages, eggs, honey				
unprocessed	326,473	127.5	113.6	150
semi-processed	155,412	134.1	120.7	150
processed	13,805	136.8	146.7	150
Grains				
unprocessed	8,691	0	47.1	100
semi-processed	725	102	150	150
processed	42,459	123.9	126.7	150
Animals and products thereof				
unprocessed	1,472	105.3	100	100
others	81	140	114	150
Oilseeds, fats and oils and their product				
unprocessed	8,613	66.7	105.6	150
others	785,292	128.7	198	300
Cut flowers, plants, vegetable materials	18,457	102.8	102.8	150
Beverages and spirits	3,325	203	150	150

Product Category	Imports (1988, \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Dairy products				
unprocessed	6,284	100	100	100
others	104,687	86.7	130	150
Fish, shellfish and their products				
unprocessed	42	60	60	60
others	24	98	82.5	150
Tobacco				
unprocessed	384	n.a. (0/3)	n.a. (0/3)	n.a.
processed	782	140	150	150
Other agricultural products				
unprocessed	2,533	108	104	150
semi-processed	0	140	100	100
processed	2,869	100	108	150
Hides and skins				
raw hides and furskins	5,104	21.1	56.4	100
semi-manufactures	11,746	43.9	30	40
manufactures	2,585	100	100	100
Rubber				
raw rubber	92,877	99	36.9	40
semi-manufactures	7,215	145	40	40
manufactures	30,916	93.6	90.4	100
Footwear and travel goods	6,847	100	100	100

Product Category	Imports (1988; \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Wood and cork				
wood and cork in the rough	170,815	27.4	21.8	40
wood based panels and other semi-manufactured products	13,541	103	39.7	40
manufactured articles	1,123	69	56	60
Furniture	1,139	100	100	100
Pulp, paper and paperboard				
paper pulp and paper waste	183,929	27.1	28.2	40
paper and paperboard	200,131	141	40.7	100
printed matter and manufactured articles	72,964	84.7	81.2	200
Textiles				
textiles fibres, other than raw	205,390	90.8	61.7	150
yarn, fabrics and similar products	129,930	119	86.9	160
made-up articles and related products, clothing and accessories	13,236	103	94.4	100
Mineral products and fertilizers				
stone, sand, crude fertilizers	317,540	104	38.6	60
semi-manufactures	158,246	86.7	38.9	60
manufactures	68,677	121.7	53.3	100
Precious stones and precious metals				
precious stones, pearls	1,556,764	66	28.6	40
semi-manufactures	2,594	130	40	40

Product Category	Imports (1988; \$ '000)	<u>Simple average tariff</u>		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
manufactures	8,334	108	90	100
Ores and metals				
ores and concentrates	318,898	79	27.5	40
semi-manufactures	1,566,812	106.4	47.3	100
manufactures	139,831	101.4	81.8	300
Coal and natural gas	169,074	43.7	44.3	60
Products derived from coal or gas				
Products obtained by distillation of mineral tars	6,468	40	40	40
semi-manufactures	7,506	52.5	52.5	60
manufactures	3,872	110	47.1	60
Chemicals				
semi-manufactures	1,461,056	120	42.5	150
manufactures	197,684	103	67	150

TABLE 6. Indonesia: Average Tariff Binding for Different Product Categories

Product Category	Imports (1989; \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Fruits, vegetables, beverages, eggs, honey				
unprocessed	38,778	88.2	44.7	60
semi-processed	117,356	88.8	55.9	95
processed	30,628	83.3	44.2	60
Grains				
unprocessed	368,984	95.4	74.4	160
semi-processed	8,927	60.7	35.4	40
processed	13,639	78.6	41.6	60
Animals and products thereof				
unprocessed	26,086	45.3	40	40
others	6,344	78.5	43.8	50
Oilseeds, fats and oils and their product				
unprocessed	149,098	42.5	37.8	40
others	226,046	56.9	40.6	60
Cut flowers, plants, vegetable materials	8,721	50.4	41	60
Beverages and spirits	7,668	125	98	150

Product Category	Imports (1989; \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Dairy products				
unprocessed	1,016	50	40	40
others	78,591	129	106	210
Fish, shellfish and their products				
unprocessed	3,973	28.8	40	40
others	1,174	44	40	40
Tobacco				
unprocessed	24,824	45	40	40
processed	2,561	122	40	40
Other agricultural products				
unprocessed	10,857	50.1	41	60
semi-processed	16	70	40	40
processed	144,323	54.7	40	40
Hides and skins				
raw hides and furskins	1,121	58	40	40
semi-manufactures	33,328	8	40	40
manufactures	934	43.3	40	40
Rubber				
raw rubber	60,438	5	39	40
semi-manufactures	27,983	16	40	40
manufactures	41,334	18.1	39.2	40
Footwear and travel goods	28,922	40.8	40	40

Product Category	Imports (1989; \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Wood and cork				
wood and cork in the rough	5,330	14.6	40	40
wood based panels and other semi-manufactured products	2,533	24.8	40	40
manufactured articles	1,564	24.5	40	40
Furniture	10,150	46.4	40	40
Pulp, paper and paperboard				
paper pulp and paper waste	311,292	22.5	35	40
paper and paperboard	133,414	27.6	39.6	40
printed matter and manufactured articles	68,343	22.9	39.8	40
Textiles				
textiles fibres, other than raw	490,619	25.9	39.8	40
yarn, fabrics and similar products	445,357	44.4	40	40
made-up articles and related products, clothing and accessories	67,668	51	40	40
Mineral products and fertilizers				
stone, sand, crude fertilizers	188,311	6.5	39.2	40
semi-manufactures	130,034	20.9	38.1	40
manufactures	146,504	37.3	40	40

Product Category	Imports (1989; \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Precious stones and precious metals				
precious stones, pearls	88	16.4	40	40
semi-manufactures	317	14.6	33.1	40
manufactures	12,683	35.5	40	40
Ores and metals				
ores and concentrates	201,071	3.8	40	40
semi-manufactures	1,287,049	16.6	34.9	40
manufactures	382,484	24.7	38.8	40
Coal and natural gas	72,155	5	40	40
Products derived from coal or gas				
Products obtained by distillation of mineral tars	4,721	5	40	40
semi-manufactures	68,149	5	40	40
manufactures	19,826	5	40	40
Chemicals				
semi-manufactures	2,746,696	14.5	37.6	40
manufactures	269,686	26.2	36.8	40

TABLE 7. Japan: Average Tariff Binding for Different Product Categories

Product Category	Imports (1988: \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Fruits, vegetables, beverages, eggs, honey				
unprocessed	3,080,447	9.2	5.6	43.7
semi-processed	1,000,454	46.7	31.6	232
processed	1,719,211	22.9	14.6	46.8
Grains				
unprocessed	3,846,991	16.8	12.8 (25/8)	74.1
semi-processed	4,534	22.5	17.6 (14/11)	25
processed	463,512	26.8	20.2 (46/41)	47.2
Animals and products thereof				
unprocessed	165,546	3.6	3.1	22
others	3,976,201	19.9	11.9 (119/20)	50
Oilseeds, fats and oils and their product				
unprocessed	2,154,643	0.7	0.4 (19/2)	4.2
others	616,535	7.5	4.3	29.8
Cut flowers, plants, vegetable materials	512,172	3.3	2	17
Beverages and spirits	1,228,280	43	25.2	239.9

Product Category	Imports (1988, \$ '000)	<u>Simple average tariff</u>		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Dairy products				
unprocessed	10	n.a. (0/3)	n.a. (0/3)	n.a.
others	473,490	43.3	29.9 (11/33)	40
Fish, shellfish and their products				
unprocessed	9,168,107	6.7	5.2	15
others	1,324,028	13.2	9.1	15
Tobacco				
unprocessed	394,125	0	0	0
processed	753,230	11.4	9.6	29.8
Other agricultural products				
unprocessed	1,246,758	2.3	1.6	40
semi-processed	97	0	0	0
processed	601,009	3.7	1.1	12.8
Hides and skins				
raw hides and furskins	821,558	2.1	0.8	3.5
semi-manufactures	204,891	20.5	12.7	30
manufactures	926,398	16.3	14.7	20
Rubber				
raw rubber	966,311	0.2	0	0
semi-manufactures	47,424	4.1	0.5	2.5
manufactures	578,942	3	1.9	1.9

Product Category	Imports (1988; \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Footwear and travel goods	1,936,346	31.9	27.4	75.2
Wood and cork				
wood and cork in the rough	5,624,794	0.2	0.1	3.5
wood based panels and other semi-manufactured goods	3,231,497	7.6	3.5	10
manufactured articles	346,210	5	2.6	10
Furniture	1,030,956	4.4	0.5	3.8
Pulp, paper and paperboard				
paper pulp and paper waste	2,114,350	1.5	0	0
paper and paperboard	1,027,763	3.9	0	0
printed matter and manufactured articles	557,529	2.9	0	0
Textiles				
textiles fibres, other than raw	3,274,587	2.7	1.6	6.6
Yarn, fabrics and similar products	2,924,456	9.1	6	14
Made-up articles and related products, clothing and accessories	6,777,673	13.4	8.4	14.2
Mineral products and fertilizers				
stone, sand, crude fertilizers	1,511,355	0.2	0.1	2.6
semi-manufactures	755,887	2.7	0.7	4.2
manufactures	1,104,918	4	1.2	8

Product Category	Imports (1988, \$ '000)	<u>Simple average tariff</u>		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Precious stones and precious metals				
precious stones, pearls	2,698,726	1.7	0	0
semi-manufactures	5,820,196	1.7	0	0
manufactures	761,616	7.1	4.4	16
Ores and metals				
ores and concentrates	7,067,180	0.3	0.2	4.7
semi-manufactures	13,555,184	5.3	1	7.5
manufactures	1,308,546	4.6	1	5.3
Coal and natural gas	12,548,110	2.7	0.8	4.1
Products derived from coal or gas				
Products obtained by distillation of mineral tars	569,955	2.7	0.3	2.5
semi-manufactures	262,229	1.3	0.4	3.9
manufactures	51,185	4.9	3.3	4.4
Chemicals				
semi-manufactures	9,932,740	5.2	3	72.3
manufactures	3,936,766	5.4	1.6	17

TABLE 8. Korea: Average Tariff Binding for Different Product Categories

Product Category	Imports (1988; \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Fruits, vegetables, beverages, eggs, honey				
unprocessed	145,556	127	110.5	887.4
semi-processed	303,495	58.9	47.7	360
processed	57,363	63.5	53	754
Grains				
unprocessed	1,146,710	207.6	186.2	800.3
semi-processed	57	345.8	310	800.3
processed	9,381	109.3	93.6	800.3
Animals and products thereof				
unprocessed	6,942	24.7	19.6	89.1
others	66,950	38	31.1	72
Oilseeds, fats and oils and their product				
unprocessed	317,882	110.8	96.5	630
others	328,023	30.5	22.9	630
Cut flowers, plants, vegetable materials	60,386	108.2	94.5	754.3
Beverages and spirits	68,768	85	38.6	270
Dairy products				
unprocessed	0	47.4	36	36
others	14,776	101.6	81.9	176

Product Category	Imports (1988, \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Fish, shellfish and their products				
unprocessed	291,229	20	17.8	20
others	3,252	40.3	22.4	30
Tobacco				
unprocessed	27,882	71	54	54
processed	38,856	96.4	63.2	65.5
Other agricultural products				
unprocessed	111,020	22	15.7	100.5
semi-processed	0	30	19.7	19.7
processed	79,827	22.7	17.8	71
Hides and skins				
raw hides and furskins	1,141,655	18.3	7.4	36
semi-manufactures	593,011	23.6	10.1	13
manufactures	7,160	35.5	29.7	40
Rubber				
raw rubber	468,619	16.1	10.8	13
semi-manufactures	45,204	26.3	13	13
manufactures	122,373	25	11.8	13
Footwear and travel goods	37,132	34.2	14.6	16
Wood and cork				
wood and cork in the rough	908,744	9.2	2.8	13

Product Category	Imports (1988; \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
wood based panels and other semi-manufactured products	338,010	21.1	14	30
manufactured articles	9,280	28.2	13.4	30
Furniture	42,083	29.4	3.1	30
Pulp, paper and paperboard				
paper pulp and paper waste	845,298	6.4	0	0
paper and paperboard	213,797	24.5	0	0
printed matter and manufactured articles	123,887	24.2	0	0
Textiles				
textiles fibres, other than raw	1,483,032	16.2	8.8	51.7
yarn, fabrics and similar products	1,371,083	27	14.2	30
made-up articles and related products, clothing and accessories	205,662	40.6	25.8	35
Mineral products and fertilizers				
stone, sand, crude fertilizers	378,610	11.5	5.7	30
semi-manufactures	148,328	24.4	10.2	13
manufactures	485,985	26.5	16.2	35
Precious stones and precious metals				
precious stones, pearls	30,710	40.7	7	13
semi-manufactures	120,224	19.1	5	10
manufactures	30,394	51	12.1	16

Product Category	Imports (1988, \$ '000)	<u>Simple average tariff</u>		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Ores and metals				
ores and concentrates	1,529,789	4.2	1.3	5
semi-manufactures	4,307,234	18.3	4.4	13
manufactures	623,091	25.6	13.2	30
Coal and natural gas	1,666,182	6.5	3.7	10
Products derived from coal or gas				
Products obtained by distillation of mineral tars	47,278	10	5.5	10
semi-manufactures	21,009	10	5	5
manufactures	73,892	24.6	9.5	20
Chemicals				
semi-manufactures	5,610,915	19.8	6.2	22.5
manufactures	598,102	25	9.1	40

TABLE 9. Malaysia: Average Tariff Binding for Different Product Categories

Product Category	Imports (1988; \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Fruits, vegetables, beverages, eggs, honey				
unprocessed	226,836	23.3	16.4 (108/96)	90
semi-processed	173,587	20.4	12.4 (33/33)	20
processed	94,322	23.2	14.3 (143/37)	30
Grains				
unprocessed	341,886	20.6	17.2	40
semi-processed	48,633	13.4	10	95.8
processed	78,481	26.9	14.6	31
Animals and products thereof				
unprocessed	23,602	12.7	11.2	34.2
others	75,893	45.6	39.4	167.8
Oilseeds, fats and oils and their product				
unprocessed	116,554	9.2	3.9	10
others	142,223	9.1	7.2 (186/24)	30
Cut flowers, plants, vegetable materials	45,885	6.3	4.6	15
Beverages and spirits	51,239	27.8	14.4 (33/46)	20

Product Category	Imports (1988, \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Dairy products				
unprocessed	447	33.3	29.8 (8/8)	54.5
others	170,015	26.4	8 (31/31)	10
Fish, shellfish and their products				
unprocessed	82,858	11.2	9.8	50
others	39,493	37.5	23.8	50
Tobacco				
unprocessed	21,802	n.a. (0/5)	n.a. (0/5)	n.a.
processed	9,631	n.a. (0/15)	n.a. (0/15)	n.a.
Other agricultural products				
unprocessed	11,042	4.7	2.7 (50/6)	10
semi-processed	92	6	5	5
processed	69,472	10.3	8.1	13
Hides and skins				
raw hides and furskins	1,043	8	5.2	10
semi-manufactures	6,036	23.1	11.6	20
manufactures	2,786	22.9	22.3	30
Rubber				
raw rubber	49,411	9.9	10.2	30
semi-manufactures	12,355	31.2	27.7	35
manufactures	44,464	26.2	22	55
Footwear and travel goods	23,492	27.2	26.9	45

Product Category	Imports (1988; \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Wood and cork				
wood and cork in the rough	2,360	20	19.9	25
wood based panels and other semi-manufactured products	10,905	21	20.6	35
manufactured articles	5,884	23.6	19.6	30
Furniture	17,937	37	22.5	30
Pulp, paper and paperboard				
paper pulp and paper waste	20,150	3.4	5	5
paper and paperboard	334,915	7.9	15.1	30
printed matter and manufactured articles	128,683	18.1	20.1	30
Textiles				
textiles fibres, other than raw	145,183	3.6	4.8	10
yarn, fabrics and similar products	522,022	27.3	18.9	50
made-up articles and related products, clothing and accessories	114,465	31.1	23.3	50
Mineral products and fertilizers				
stone, sand, crude fertilizers	75,428	4.2	5	30
semi-manufactures	216,789	12.2	14.7	50
manufactures	98,167	22.6	23.3	60
Precious stones and precious metals				
precious stones, pearls	47,609	5	8.1	30
semi-manufactures	313,992	9.3	10.2	30

Product Category	Imports (1988; \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
manufactures	14,355	14.7	13.4	50
Ores and metals				
ores and concentrates	218,669	2.7	5.4	10
semi-manufactures	1,193,594	9.7	10.6	35
manufactures	371,868	19.8	19.2	40
Coal and natural gas	69,819	4.1	4.7	5
Products derived from coal or gas				
Products obtained by distillation of mineral tars	14,944	5.7	5.7	25
semi-manufactures	7,359	8.6	8.6	30
manufactures	10,631	17.3	12.3	25
Chemicals				
semi-manufactures	1,293,650	15.6	15.3	50
manufactures	450,007	11.2	17.7	55

TABLE 10. Poland: Average Tariff Binding for Different Product Categories

Product Category	Imports (1989; \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Fruits, vegetables, beverages, eggs, honey				
unprocessed	248,338	48.4	31.6	128
semi-processed	30,483	87.6	65.2	96
processed	81,427	72.8	47.6	95
Grains				
unprocessed	228,756	34.4	22	64
semi-processed	21	25	16	16
processed	4,027	96.8	61.7	95
Animals and products thereof				
unprocessed	19,109	79.3	48.9	128
others	94,887	82.6	52.3	102
Oilseeds, fats and oils and their product				
unprocessed	1,463	33.6	19	38
others	335,877	38	24.8	86
Cut flowers, plants, vegetable materials	11,938	47.8	29.9	86
Beverages and spirits	88,646	155.5	102.1	268
Dairy products				

Product Category	Imports (1989; \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
unprocessed	1,201	160	102	102
others	21,707	214	136.8	160
Fish, shellfish and their products				
unprocessed	30,791	14.7	14.4	40
others	25,998	21.7	21.7	40
Tobacco				
unprocessed	20,775	165	105	105
processed	47,963	315	201.5	230
Other agricultural products				
unprocessed	28,103	30.3	17.8	51
semi-processed	0	10	5	5
processed	52,139	42.5	26.8	67
Hides and skins				
raw hides and furskins	78,683	27.3	16.5	58
semi-manufactures	26,627	22.2	12.5	18
manufactures	1,532	34.1	20.5	21
Rubber				
raw rubber	49,979	12.6	6.9	9
semi-manufactures	8,424	15	9	9
manufactures	53,158	15	9	9
Footwear and travel goods	42,290	22.6	15.2	21

Product Category	Imports (1989; \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Wood and cork				
wood and cork in the rough	8,276	5	3	3
wood based panels and other semi-manufactured products	16,960	15	8.9	9
manufactured articles	3,233	15	9	9
Furniture	33,788	19.4	11.7	12
Pulp, paper and paperboard				
paper pulp and paper waste	51,281	5.3	3.2	6
paper and paperboard	56,618	15	9	9
printed matter and manufactured articles	59,947	12.7	7.6	10.5
Textiles				
textiles fibres, other than raw	247,803	14.3	8	38
yarn, fabrics and similar products	213,202	16.7	10.1	20
made-up articles and related products, clothing and accessories	429,864	28.5	16.9	26.3
Mineral products and fertilizers				
stone, sand, crude fertilizers	193,219	5.5	2.1	12.6
semi-manufactures	44,045	12	7.5	21.3
manufactures	111,411	15.3	9.3	23.3
Precious stones and precious metals				
precious stones, pearls	3,823	5	3	3
semi-manufactures	4,133	5.1	3	3.8

Product Category	Imports (1989; \$ '000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
manufactures	7,525	31.8	19.1	27
Ores and metals				
ores and concentrates	142,928	8.7	3.7	9
semi-manufactures	702,378	16.9	10.2	12
manufactures	161,434	17.5	10.5	21
Coal and natural gas	278,493	5	3	6
Products derived from coal or gas				
Products obtained by distillation of mineral tars	1,906	15	9	9
semi-manufactures	7,090	11.3	6.8	9
manufactures	26,107	15	9	9
Chemicals				
semi-manufactures	716,722	14.8	8.9	27
manufactures	472,689	15.5	9.3	38

TABLE 11. United States: Average Tariff Binding for Different Product Categories

Product Category	Imports (1989; \$'000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Fruits, vegetables, beverages, eggs, honey				
unprocessed	5,848,928	6.5	4.4	29.8
semi-processed	1,171,680	7	4.8 (51/11)	14.5
processed	2,189,865	9.5	6.1	29.8
Grains				
unprocessed	381,083	3.6	1.9	11.2
semi-processed	47,235	5.4	3	12.8
processed	630,664	4.8	3.1 (32/6)	14
Animals and products thereof				
unprocessed	875,408	2.3	1.1	6.8
others	2,568,576	7.5	5.8	17.9
Oilseeds, fats and oils and their product				
unprocessed	178,973	19	15.6	163.8
others	819,208	5.4	3.8	19.3
Cut flowers, plants, vegetable materials	793,881	2.5	1.5	6.8
Beverages and spirits	4,168,219	11	5.6	62.5

Product Category	Imports (1989; \$'000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Dairy products				
unprocessed	10,429	1.3	1.2 (4/2)	2.2
others	392,931	8.2	4.9 (17/48)	9.6
Fish, shellfish and their products				
unprocessed	4,559,156	0.8	0.7	15
others	851,452			
Tobacco				
unprocessed	550,420	52	40 (16/2)	430.4
processed	87,855	17.4	9.1	34.4
Other agricultural products				
unprocessed	496,504	1.7	0.8	9.9
semi-processed	142	0	0	0
processed	243,824	0.8	0.4	1.9
Hides and skins				
raw hides and furskins	216,510	0.3	2.6	5.1
semi-manufactures	784,120	3.9	5.6	5.6
Manufactures	2,153,378	6.6		14
Rubber				
raw rubber		0	0	
semi-manufactures	265,402	3.1	1.3	0
manufactures	3,498,974	3.9	2.4	3.3

Product Category	Imports (1989; \$'000)	Simple average tariff		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
Footwear and travel goods				
Wood and cork				
wood and cork in the rough	122,662	0.2	0	14
wood based panels and other semi-manufactured products	4,426,932	3.5	1.7	0
manufactured articles	1,063,043	4.9	2.2	8
Furniture				
Pulp, paper and paperboard				
paper pulp and paper waste	3,078,256	0	0	14
paper and paperboard	7,399,665	1.7	0	0
printed matter and manufactured articles	2,760,600	2.9	0	0
Textiles				
textiles fibres, other than raw	624,060	3.5	1.9	0
yarn, fabrics and similar products	3,599,293	13.7	9.3	7.5
made-up articles and related products, clothing and accessories	24,403,436	12.6	9.1	25
Mineral products and fertilizers				
stone, sand, crude fertilizers	1,036,628	1.3	0.3	32
semi-manufactured	1,682,743	2.3	1.4	5.1
manufactures	4,548,404	8.4	5.5	8.8
Precious stones and precious metals				
precious stones, pearls	5,168,469	4.3	1.8	38
semi-manufactures	3,586,569	3.3	1.4	10.5

Product Category	Imports (1989; \$'000)	<u>Simple average tariff</u>		Peak bound tariff, post-UR
		Pre-UR binding	Post-UR binding	
manufactures	3,436,630	7.7	4.8	10
Ores and metals				
ores and concentrates	1,738,435	1.3	0.6	13.5
semi-manufactures	19,586,565	4.6	1.1	6.6
manufactures	9,092,622	4.8	2.9	15
Coal and natural gas	2,949,356	0	0	21.3
Products derived from coal or gas				
Products obtained by distillation of mineral tars	237,690	2.1	1.8	
semi-manufactures	97,846	0.4	0	14.7
manufactures	67,883	2.8	2.7	0
Chemicals				
semi-manufactures	16,522,668	7.8	4	6.5
manufactures	6,711,698	4.9	2.2	6.5