

# WORLD TRADE ORGANIZATION

RESTRICTED

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## ACCESSION OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

### Information on Non-Tariff Measures on Products Classified Under the Harmonized System, Chapters 1 - 24

The Permanent Mission of the Russian Federation has supplied the following response to the request for information on non-tariff measures for products classified under the Harmonized System, Chapters 1 - 24, and those products listed in Annex 1 of the WTO Agreement on Agriculture with the request that it be circulated to Members of the Working Party.

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The Russian Federation emphasizes that the annexed data on agricultural products should not be considered as an indication of any obligation under the WTO Agreement on Agriculture. The Russian Federation's position is that the formulation of such obligations, covering all components of the WTO Agreement on Agriculture (i.e. market access, domestic support and export competition commitments), will be the subject matter of negotiations within the framework of the Working Party with due regard for the economic situation of Russia, the development levels of its agricultural sector, similar obligations assumed by other WTO member countries, and the overall progress of the negotiations. In this context, several non-papers containing supporting tables and other reference material on domestic support for agriculture, in an appropriate format, will also be circulated to the Members of the Working Party.

"Agricultural products" shall hereinafter mean products classified under the Harmonized System, Chapters 1-24 as well as additional products listed in Annex 1 to the WTO Agreement on Agriculture.

### Quantitative import and export restrictions or prohibitions in place, made effective either through quotas or by any other means

The Russian Federation at present does not apply restrictions or prohibitions, which are made effective either by quotas or by any other means, with respect to imports of agricultural products. At the same time, applicable national legislation (Article 18 of the Federal Law On the State Regulation of Foreign Trade Activities) provides for the possibility of regulating imports (including by establishing quantitative restrictions through the adoption of safeguards) if some products are being imported into the Russian Federation in such increased quantities and under such conditions as to cause or threaten to cause serious injury to a domestic industry that produces like or directly competitive products. This legal norm is on the whole consistent with the provisions of Article XIX of GATT 1994 and the WTO Agreement on Safeguards. In particular, it provides for the government to launch an investigation in order to determine the fact of the serious injury.

The procedures for conducting such investigations are regulated by a specific document of the Russian Federation entitled Procedure for Conducting Investigations Preceding Adoption of Safeguards.

The document has also been submitted to the WTO Secretariat. It is consistent with the provisions of the WTO rules and disciplines.

On the basis of investigations conducted by the Russian Ministry for Foreign Economic Relations in 1996, which involved all domestic and foreign parties concerned, it was established that Russian industry has suffered serious injury as a result of increased imports into the Russian Federation of white sugar (1701.99100), ethyl alcohol from edible raw materials (2207), and vodka (2208.90310). The results of both of these investigations are attached in Annex 1 hereto.

Based on these results, a Russian Government resolution has been drafted, which provides for the adoption, on a temporary, non-discriminatory and transparent basis, of safeguards in the form of import quotas, as stipulated in Article XIX of GATT 1994 and Articles 2 through 5 and 7 of the WTO Agreement on Safeguards. A review investigation is provided for in the middle of the two-year period during which the quotas will be in place.

The Russian Federation does not apply quantitative restrictions or prohibitions, which are made effective through quotas or by any other means, with respect to exports of agricultural products, with the sole exception of ethyl alcohol produced from edible raw materials (2207).

According to Articles 5 through 9 of the Federal Law On the State Regulation of the Production and Turnover of Ethyl Alcohol and Other Alcoholic Products, the Government in the Russian Federation enjoys a monopoly on the production and turnover of ethyl alcohol from edible raw materials. This is why production operations at all the 130 Russian distilleries are under strict governmental control, and the distribution of their output among consumers is carried out by the Russian Ministry for Agriculture and Food.

The state regulation of exports of ethyl alcohol from edible raw materials is carried out in the following manner. Based on an analysis of material resource flows and requests from distilleries, the Russian Ministry of Economy annually determines the amount of ethyl alcohol permitted to be exported (export quota) and brings it to the notice of the Ministry of Agriculture and Food.

The Ministry of Agriculture and Food, for its part, distributes the quota among distilleries on the basis of their requests. Distilleries may export alcohol either independently or through any other Russian participants in foreign economic activities within the limits of their respective quotas. In 1993 through 1996, the requests of distilleries for alcohol exports have been satisfied in full.

Documents L/4710, WT/ACC/RUS/2, WT/ACC/RUS/4, and WT/ACC/RUS/9 also noted that exports of a number of products included among agricultural products (rare species of animals and plants) from the Russian Federation are carried out on the basis of licences, but without quantitative restrictions. The need for export licensing in these cases is due to the necessity of protecting the country's flora and fauna, and is consistent with the provisions of Article XX of GATT 1994. The full list of such goods along with their Harmonized System item numbers is contained in Annex 2. It has remained unchanged for as long as two years now. See also WT/AC/RUS/2 (p. 113).

The procedure for export licensing is similar to the import licensing procedure described in detail in WT/ACC/RUS/10. Export licensing is carried out on a transparent and non-discriminatory basis. Its basic phases are as follows: a Russian exporter of products on the list contained in Annex 2 submits an application for a licence, as well as a copy of the respective export contract, to an authorized official of the Ministry for Foreign Economic Relations (MFER) in any Russian region. The list and contact numbers of these MFER authorized officials are contained in Annex 3. After that, either the applicant himself or the MFER authorized official applies to the corresponding ministry (agency) indicated in Column 3 of Annex 2.

The conclusion on the possibility or impossibility of exports of the given product is based on considerations related to the protection of flora and fauna, and the preservation of non-renewable natural resources. If such a conclusion is affirmative, the licence is issued automatically and the applicant may embark on customs formalities. A negative conclusion may be challenged by the applicant in court.

#### Description of the treatment provided under preferential arrangements

In accordance with Russia's multilateral and bilateral agreements on free trade with other CIS countries, the importation of any goods (including agricultural products) originating from CIS countries into the customs territory of the Russian Federation is not subject to duties. Such tariff preferences are granted on the basis of a certificate of origin (described in answers 186-189 of WT/ACC/RUS/2, and answer 53 in WT/ACC/RUS/9/Add.1), provided that the exporter is a resident of a CIS country.

During the importation into the customs territory of the Russian Federation of goods originating from other CIS countries, VAT is not collected. During the importation into the customs territory of the Russian Federation of those goods which originate from other CIS countries and which are excisable in the Russian Federation, excises are collected in regular amounts reduced by the amount of excises already exacted in the country of origin of such goods.

According to Article 7 of the Federal Law On the Special Economic Zone in the Kaliningrad Region, all goods (including agricultural products) imported into the Kaliningrad Region are exempted from customs duties. But if such goods are later exported to other regions of the Russian Federation, customs import duties are payable in full, with the exception of goods processed and deemed to have been produced in the Kaliningrad Region.

As part of the general system of preferences (GSP), the Russian Federation grants developing and least developed countries tariff preferences during the importation into the customs territory of the Russian Federation of goods (including agricultural products) originating from these countries. Goods originating from least developed countries are exempted from duties altogether, while goods originating from developing countries are subject to import duties equal to 75 per cent of the base rate of customs duties for countries enjoying most favoured nation treatment. The above tariff preferences are granted on the basis of a certificate of origin described in answers 186-189 of WT/ACC/RUS/2 and answer 53 of WT/ACC/RUS/9/Add.1, answer 101 WT/ACC/RUS/9. The list of developing and least developed countries to which Russia grants such tariff preferences is contained in Russian Government Resolutions No. 1057 of 13 September 1994, and No. 1031 of 31 December 1995. Both resolutions have been submitted to the WTO Secretariat. Annex 4 contains the list of agricultural products to which the general system of preferences for developing and least developed countries does not apply (Russian Government Resolution No. 887 of 26 July 1996).

#### Comprehensive List

A comprehensive listing of all non-tariff measures on the import and export of agriculture products is listed in accordance with the classification of the Harmonized System, and the recommendations of the Report of the Group on Quantitative Restrictions and other Non-Tariff Measures, adopted on 28 November 1985 (L/5888), 32 BISD 91, 108 in the Annex 5 hereto.

## Annex 1A

**Results of Investigation Into the Facts of Serious Injury Suffered  
by Domestic Industry Producing Alcohol and Alcoholic Products  
as a Result of Increased Imports of Such Goods Into the Russian Federation**

Pursuant to Russian Government Resolution No. 411, dated 11 April 1996, the Secretariat of the Commission on Safeguards in Foreign Trade of the Government of the Russian Federation has conducted an investigation into the facts of serious injury suffered by the Russian industry producing alcohol and alcoholic products in connection with increased imports of such goods into Russia. The preliminary results of this investigation, as set forth below, have been obtained on the basis of data provided by the Russian Ministry of Agriculture and Food, the Russian State Customs Committee, the Federal Service for Ensuring State Monopoly on Alcoholic Products, and major Russian producers.

Beer and wine

As a result of investigations into the facts of serious injury caused to the Russian beer-brewing and wine-making industries in connection with increased imports of beer and wine into the Russian Federation, it has been deemed advisable to discontinue such investigations with respect to said products.

Vodka and alcohol

Basic indicators illustrating the dynamics of production and imports to the Russian market of vodka and other liquors are shown in Table 1.

Table 1

	1993	1994	1995	1996 (estimate)
Production capabilities, in million decalitres	196.3	212.1	228.7	
Output at distilleries which are official recipients of quotas for ethyl alcohol from edible raw materials				
million decalitres	156.9	123.4	121.2	70
assigned percentage units when 1993 = 100%	100%	79%	77%	44%
exports, in million decalitres	5.1	4.9	9.6	
supplies to the domestic market, exclusive of exports, in million decalitres	151.8	118.5	111.6	
share of the market, in %	82	55	42	30
Imports				
million decalitres	7.4	10.6	48.5*	55
assigned percentage units when 1993 = 100%	100%	243%	655%	743%
share of the market, in %	4	4	18	
Output at licensed distilleries which do not officially receive alcohol under quotas***				
million decalitres	26.0	87.8	105.05	
assigned percentage units when 1993 = 100%	100%	339%	404%	

	1993	1994	1995	1996 (estimate)
including output from imported alcohol, in %	9	22	66	
share of the market, in %	14	40	40	
Total supply to the Russian market, exclusive of illicit imports**				
million decalitres	185.2	216.9	265.15	

\* Principal exporting countries - the EU (45.3 per cent), Ukraine (23.7 per cent), USA (8.1 per cent).

\*\* Estimate of vodka supplies to the Russian market, inclusive of illicit imports, in million decalitres (1993) 215.9, (1994) 245.28, (1995) 286.53.

\*\*\* Data from Rosalko, not confirmed by statistical accounting data.

Data contained in Table 1 leads to the conclusion that over the past three years, the Russian market has been swept by a wave of imported vodka, and vodka produced in Russia from imported raw materials, without payment of applicable taxes.

The share of officially produced Russian vodka on the Russian market in 1995 amounted to only 42 per cent, and decreased even further to 30 per cent in the first quarter of 1996. Russian vodka has been effectively crowded out of the domestic market.

Imports of alcoholic drinks into Russia in January-May 1996 were 56 per cent more than the respective figure for the previous year and reached \$495 million (exclusive of "unorganized" trading). According to data from the State Statistics Committee, CIS countries accounted for the lion's share of alcohol imports (81 per cent).

Another important aspect of the problem is that the amount of liquor supplies to the Russian market (even exclusive of illicit imports) of 265 million decalitres, which is perceptibly more than permitted by medical norms (200-210 million decalitres) or even the potential volume of the market as calculated by official Russian producers and trading organizations (240 million decalitres).

Since 40 per cent of the vodka supplied to the Russian market is produced in Russia illegally from imported alcohol, it is necessary to simultaneously look at how massive alcohol imports affect the Russian distilling industry (see Table 2).

Table 2

	1993	1994	1995	1996 (estimate)
Production capabilities, in million decalitres	96.1	97.0	98.9	
Output, in million decalitres	86.3	68.8	74.1	53.6
assigned percentage units when 1993 = 100%	100%	80%	86%	62%
Extent to which production capabilities were loaded, in %	90	71	75	54
Exports, in million decalitres	2.31	6.3	5.0	
Imports, in million decalitres	0.97	7.97	28.89*	

	1993	1994	1995	1996 (estimate)
assigned percentage units when 1993 = 100%	100%	821%	2,978 %	

\* The principal alcohol exporting country is Ukraine (93 per cent).

It should be noted that over the past three years, ethyl alcohol imports have increased by 30 times. According to operational data for the first quarter of 1996, imported alcohol accounts for more than 30 per cent of all alcohol making it to the Russian market.

It is the massive imports of foreign ethyl alcohol and vodka that have caused exceptionally serious injury to the Russian alcohol, liquor, and vodka industry - one of the principal contributors of revenues to the government budget. Meanwhile, existing distilling facilities in Russia are quite sufficient to completely supply domestic demand for vodka by producing approximately 200 million decalitres of high-quality products per annum.

In fact, the production capabilities of alcohol, liquor, and vodka factories during the second quarter of 1996 were used only 25-30 per cent. They were compelled to operate at a profit level of 4-5 per cent. Those operations, without effectively any profits, led to a situation where the factories were left without current capital to purchase required raw and other materials.

In 1995, all distilleries were compelled to be idle for some time. Alcohol factories only worked for 220 days, and liquor and vodka factories for 138 days. The protracted down time forced workforce layoffs, and many employees were sent on unpaid vacation. The shortfall of federal budget revenues in the form of various tax receipts came to around Rbs 3 trillion.

The above facts attest to the need to adopt safeguards with respect to alcohol and vodka imported into the Russian Federation without delay.

## Annex 1B

### Results of Investigation Into the Fact of Serious Injury to Russian Sugar Processing Industry in Connection With Increased Imports of White Sugar

The Commission on Safeguards in Foreign Trade of the Government of the Russian Federation has received an application from the Russian Ministry of Agriculture and Food. The application, filed on behalf of Russian sugar producers, says that increasing imports of white sugar are causing serious injury to the country's sugar processing industry, and proposes the adoption of a number of safeguards in this connection.

In accordance with Article 18 of the Federal Law On the State Regulation of Foreign Trade Activities and the Procedure for Conducting Investigations Preceding the Adoption of Safeguards, the Secretariat of the Commission has prepared the following conclusion.

In accordance with medical norms, the Russian Federation's requirements for sugar amounts to some 5.5 million tons per annum. Of these, approximately 2.1 million tons of sugar are produced from sugar beet grown in Russia, while the rest (some 3.4 million tons) is imported in the form of either unrefined sugar or white sugar.

The 94 Russian sugar refineries may process 3.5 million tons of unrefined imported sugar annually. But supplies of unrefined sugar do not exceed a yearly 1.1 million tons. Thus, the actual output of white sugar from the domestic industry comes to 3-3.4 million tons per annum.

The Russian sugar refining complex has been traditionally geared to processing imported unrefined sugar. Since it takes approximately 100 days to process Russian-grown sugar beet, the refineries were supplied during the rest of the year with unrefined cane sugar, which made it possible to keep them functioning effectively (from the standpoint of profit rates, profitability, the absorption of invested capital, wage levels, etc.)

Over the past two years, however, both the absolute volume and the percentage share of imports of refined white sugar into Russia have grown at a fast pace (see Table 1).

Table 1

	1993		1994		1995		1996*	
	mln. tons	%	mln. tons	%	mln. tons	%	mln. tons	%
Volume of own white sugar production in Russia	2.50	47	1.65	45	2.06	42	1.90	36
Imports of unrefined sugar (on white sugar basis)	1.37	26	1.08	29	1.08	22	1.3	24
Imports of white sugar	1.44	27	0.97	26	1.77	36	2.1	40
Total:	5.31	100	3.7	100	4.91	100	5.3	100

\* Estimates

That causes considerable injury to Russian sugar-refining plants. The plants are operating at 50-60% of their capacity. Over five years the volume of sugar production has dropped by 35 per cent (from 2.8 mln. tons in 1990 to 2.06 mln. tons in 1995). The indexes on profitability, number of employees, duration of the process technology cycle have gone down. Over the past years no new sugar-refining plants have been erected, and not one of the operating sugar refineries has been modernized. In 1995 alone, the losses of Russian sugar-refining plants approximated 1 trillion rubles. As a result, the areas under sugar beet cultivation in Russia, and its yield, have decreased. The purchasing prices have gone up, which naturally resulted in the general stagnation of the whole sugar manufacturing industry of Russia (Table 2).

Table 2

	1993	1994	1995
Land sown to sugar beet (in thousands of hectares)	1,333	1,104	1,085
Yield, in centners per hectare	191	126	176
Duration of production cycle, in days	100	63	75
Profitability of sugar refineries, in %	29.4	13.8	18.9
Production and technical personnel, in thousands of employees	59.1	56.5	54.0

An analysis of the pattern of white sugar imports is provided in Table 3.

Table 3

	1994	1995	1996
Total white sugar imports, in million tons, including:	0.971	1.774	2.100
Imports from countries other than the CIS, in million tons	0.369	0.368	0.350
In % of the total	38	21	17
From the CIS	0.602	1.405	1.705
In % of the total	62	79	83
Including from Ukraine	0.574	1.343	1.700
In % of the total	59	76	81

Obviously, the abrupt growth in imports of white sugar into Russia (by 2.2 times over the past two years) was due to the snowballing increase in imports of Ukrainian sugar (which have trebled over 1994-96). Ukraine is responsible for more than 80 per cent of all white sugar imported into Russia. The amount of white sugar imports from other than the CIS has remained unchanged for several years now (350,000-370,000 tons), while the share of white sugar imports from other CIS countries is fairly small (2-3 per cent).

The attractiveness of the Russian market for Ukrainian sugar producers is explained by the fact that under the free trade agreement, they do not have, when selling white sugar to Russia, to pay either customs duties (25 per cent) or VAT (10 per cent) which are levied on white sugar imports from countries other than the CIS. Moreover, even white sugar produced in Russia itself from imported unrefined sugar is clearly uncompetitive compared with Ukrainian sugar.

The matter is that the VAT (10 per cent) and customs charges and fees (1.15 per cent) levied on unrefined sugar imports into Russia give Ukrainian sugar producers an advantage of around \$40 per ton, because, by producing sugar from mostly Ukrainian-grown beet, they do not make similar import payments (VAT and duties).

This results in the following comparative pattern of price indicators.

Table 4

	1995	1996
White sugar from Russian sugar beet prime costs, in rubles per kilo	3,000	3,500
wholesale ex-factory price, in rubles per kilo	3,800	4,500
White sugar from imported unrefined sugar, prime costs, in rubles per kilo	1,500	2,200
wholesale ex-factory price, in rubles per kilo	2,100	2,700
Imported white sugar, wholesale ex-factory price, in rubles per kilo	2,000	2,500

If existing trends persist, white sugar made from Russian beet may be edged out from the domestic market completely as early as in 1996 (prices on Ukrainian white sugar are lower than not only prices for Russian white sugar, but even the latter's prime costs). This will lead to a dramatic decrease in the number of Russian going sugar refineries and will force the surviving ones to process exclusively imported unrefined sugar. Simultaneously, Ukrainian white sugar imports will increase. The amount and percentage share of white sugar produced in Russia from imported unrefined sugar will likewise gradually diminish. Russia - the world's major sugar consumer - will thus become almost fully dependent on white sugar supplies from Ukraine.

It can be expected that in this kind of situation, Ukrainian sugar producers may raise ex-factory prices markedly without any risks for themselves.

In view of the foregoing, it appears advisable:

1. To announce in mass media the examination by the Commission at its meeting of facts of serious injury caused to the Russian sugar-processing industry in connection with increasing imports of white sugar.
2. To instruct the Secretariat of the Commission to conduct consultations with Ukraine and, if need be, with other countries concerned, by July 30, 1996, with a view to finding a possible solution to this problem without adopting safeguards.

3. Should such consultations yield negative results, to submit to the Government of the Russian Federation, before 15 August 1996, a draft resolution on the adoption of safeguards with respect to white sugar imports in the form of an import quota for white sugar in the amount of 2 million tons per annum.

**Annex 2**

**List**  
**of Particular Agricultural Items Exported under Licence of**  
**Ministry of Foreign Economic Relations of Russia**

Short Name of Item	Code of Goods Specification in Foreign Economic Activity	RF Ministries and Agencies Approving Issue of Licences
1. Wild animals, wild plants, ivory, horns, hooves, corals, and similar materials  *) Wild animals only	010119900*, 010290900*, 010391900*, 010392900*, 010410900*, 010420900*, 010600910*, 010600990*, 040700900; 0907; 050800000; 0604; 070951; 070952000; 071080600; 071230000; 080221000; 080222000; 0810-0812; 121220000; 1301; 1302 (except 130219300); 1401-1404;	Ministry of Natural Resources and its territorial agencies
2. Medicinal materials of plant and animal origin	020610100; 020622100; 020629100; 020630100; 020641100; 020649100; 020680100; 020690100 (only out of wild animals); 0507 (only medicinal materials); 051000000; 1211; 121220000; 1302 (except 130219300); (except prepared medicinals)	Ministry of Natural Resources together with Ministry of Health Care
3. Fish, crustaceans, mollusks, and other aqueous invertebrates, spawn, milt (semen) of sturgeons, salmons and fine-mesh fish	0301 (live only); 0306 (live only); 0307 (live only); 051191900 (live only)	Ministry of Natural Resources and its territorial agencies

## Annex 3

**List  
of authorized officials of Russian Ministry of Foreign Relations,  
heads of branches and representatives  
as of 15.03.96**

	Department, Branch, Representative Office	Region	Last Name, First Name, Patronymic of manager and his Deputy	Postal address	Code, telephone, fax, modem, telex
1.	Department	Republic of Adygei (Adygei)	KUSHU Chatib Teuchezhevich	352700, Mayakovskogo, st.Sovetskaya, 178	code: 8 877 22 t.off. 2 10 15 modem: 2 31 57 fax: 2 10 15
2.	Department	Republic of Altai	KATASH Anatoly Sergeevich	659700, Gorno-Altaysk, st.Kirova, 16, room 212	code: 8 385 041 t.off. 20 63 modem: lskra: 838 806 268
3.	Department	Republic of Bashkortostan	LYSENKO Lilia Midkhatovna	450008, Ufa, st.Sovetskaya, 18	code: 8 347 2 t.off. 23 69 69 modem: 23 63 32 fax: 23 69 69
4.	Department	Republic of Buriat	MARTYNENKO Alexander Ilich	670000, Ulan-Ude st.Borsoeva, 13-b	code: 8 301 22 t.off. 2 94 01 modem: 2 77 45 fax: 2 94 01
5.	Department	Republic of Dagestan	ADUKHOV Abdurakhmangadzy Shaykhmagomedovich	367012, Makhachkala, st.Markova, 23	code: 8 872 0 t.off. 67 26 05 modem: 67 3173 telex: 175204 HAZAR SU
6.	Department	Ingush Republic	MEDOV Makhmut Magomedovich	366700 stanitsa Ordzhonikidzevskaia, st.Demchenko, 74	code: 8 873 42 t.off. 2 11 54 modem: 2 11 54
7.	Department	Kabardino-Balkarian Republic	BOLOV Alexander Ramazanovich	360028, Nalchik prosp.Lenina, the House of Soviets, room 21	code: 8 866 22 t.off. 7 43 65 modem: 7 40 62 fax: 7 43 65
8.	Department	Republic of Kalmyk - Khalm Tangch	DAVASHKIN Alexander Vasilievich	358000, Elista, st.Gubarevicha, 2 Chamber of Commerce	code: 8 847 22 t.off. 5 74 71 modem: 5 74 71 fax: 5 36 74
9.	Department	Republic of Karelia	NIKOLAEVSKI Nikolai Gennadievich	185028, Petrozavodsk, pr.Lenina, 19, room 17	code: 8 814 00 t.off. 7 03 48 modem: 7 80 28 fax: 7 80 28
10.	Department	Republic of Komi	PLATITSYN Sergei Vasilievich	167010, Syktyvkar, st.Babushkina, 22, room 512	code: 8 821 2 t.off. 42 66 58 modem: 42 66 58 fax: 42 56 38
11.	Department	Republic of Mari El	BOCHKAREV Evgeniy Mikhailovich	424001, Yoshkar Ola, pr.Lenina, 29, the House of Soviets, r.301	code: 8 836 25 t.off. 5 68 67 modem: 5 68 67 fax: 5 68 67

	Department, Branch, Representative Office	Region	Last Name, First Name, Patronymic of manager and his Deputy	Postal address	Code, telephone, fax, modem, telex
12.	Department	Republic of Mordovia	KRASIKOV Sergei Mikhailovich	430002, Saransk, st.Sovetskaya, the House of Soviets, room 501	code: 8 834 2 t.off. 17 27 73 modem: 17 00 26 fax: 17 27 73
13.	Department	Republic of Sakha (Yakutia)	FYODOROV Konstantin Vasilievich	677018, Yakutsk, st.Yaroslavskogo, 20	code: 8 411 22 t.off. 2 41 87 2 95 14 modem: 4 36 69 fax: 4 04 14
14.	Department	Republic of North-Ossetia	KAITMAZOV Victor Sergeevich	362040, Vladikavkaz, pl. Svobody, 2	code: 8 867 22 t.off. 4 24 28 modem: 3 30 82 fax: 4 24 28
15.	Department	Republic of Tatarstan (Tatarstan)	KARIMOV Rustam Akhmedovich	420014, Kazan, Kremlin, p/b 16	code: 8 843 2 t.off. 32 43 32 modem: 32 09 47 fax: 32 43 49
16.	Department	Republic of Tyva	MAMAN Abram Nikolaevich	667000, Kyzyl, st.Lenina, 32	code: 8 394 22 t.off. modem: fax:
17.	Department	Udmurt Republic	SHISHKIN Fyodor Fyodorovich	426074, Izhevsk, pl.Pyatidesyati letia Oktyabria, 15 the Soviet of State	code: 8 341 2 t.off. 69 62 32 modem: 75 33 69 fax: 69 62 32
18.	Department	Republic of Khakassia	ADAMYAN Serzh Bakhshievich	662619, Abakan-19, st.Sovetskaya, 45-a, p/b 725	code: 8 391 72 t.off. 6 65 86 6 76 48 modem: 6 62 36 fax: 6 72 73
19.	Department	Chechen Republic	KHATAEV Umar Tsutsaevich	364051, Grozny, st.Krasnykh Frontovikov, 6., the House of Territorial Managment, room 508	code: 8 871 2 t.off.22 14 93 modem:
20.	Department	Chuvash Republic - Chuvash Republic	GLADKOV Arkady Mikhailovich	428003, Cheboksary, st.Uritskogo, 43	code: 8 835 0 t.off. 22 20 86 modem: 29 93 14 fax: 22 20 86
21.	Department	Alaiski Territory (Krai)	NOGAITSEV Oleg Vladimirovich	656035, Barnaul, prosp. Lenina, 41	code: 8 385 2 t.off. 24 49 05 modem: 24 49 21 fax: 24 49 21
22.	Department	Krasnodar Krai	SOLOVIOV Alexander Mikhailovich	350014, Krasnodar, st.Krasnaya, 35, room 634	code: 8 861 2 t.off. 57 69 33 modem: 52 40 98 fax: 57 69 33
22.1	Branch	Novorossiisk			
23.	Department	Stavropolski Krai	REDKINA Raissa Yegorovna	355025, Stavropol, sq.Lenina, the House of Soviets, room 323	code: 8 865 22 t.off. 5 40 61 modem: 5 54 02 fax: 2 83 98
23.2	Branch	Karachayevo- Cherkess Republic	KUDZHEV Ali Magometovich	357100, Cherkessk, the House of Soviets, 34	code: 8 878 22 t.head 5 41 83 modem: 5 41 83

	Department, Branch, Representative Office	Region	Last Name, First Name, Patronymic of manager and his Deputy	Postal address	Code, telephone, fax, modem, telex
24.	Department	Primorski Krai	SUKHACHIOV Igor Nikolaevich	690000, Vladivostok, st.Posieskaia, 23	code: 8 423 22 t.head 2 36 53 t.Dep. 2 29 63 modem: 2 84 33 fax: 2 29 63
25.	Department	Khabarovski Krai	SELYUTIN Nikolai Ivanovich	680002, Khabarovsk, st.Frunze, 70	code: 8 421 2 t.off. 33 78 43 modem: 33 72 85 fax: 33 78 43
26.	Department	Verkhne- Volzhski Region	Act. SAMOILOVA Lyudmila Victorovna	150000, Yaroslavl, st.Kirova, 13, p/b 1090	code: 8 085 2 t.off. 22 41 26 modem: 22 15 88 fax: 22 83 56
26.3	Branch	Ivanovskaia oblast (obl.)	TVOROGOV Oleg Alexandrovich	153907, Ivanovo, st.9 Yanvarya, h.7,r.1	code: 8 093 2 t.Head37 55 05 modem: 37 44 03
26.4	Branch	Kostromskaia obl.	ANUFRIEV Victor Alexandrovich	156006, Kostroma, st.Dzerzhinskogo15	code: 8 094 2 t.Head 57 39 07 modem: 57 39 07
27.	Department	Vostochno- Sibirski Region	TRUSHKIN Yury Alexandrovich  Dep. KAZMINA Galina Gennadievna	660009, Krasnoyarsk, st.Lenina, 125	code: 8 391 2 t.off. 22 39 95 t.Dep. 22 36 94 modem: 22 37 64 fax: 22 17 89 Iskra: 8 391 06155
27.5	Branch	Irkutskai obl.	PERETOLCHIN Sergei Nikolaevich	664003, Irkutsk, st.Gryaznova, 1	code: 8 395 2 t.head 34 11 96 modem: 33 44 80 fax: 33 44 80
27.6	Branch	Ust-Ordynski Autonomous Area (a/a)	KHAMAGANOVA Lyudmila Danilovna	664003, Irkutsk, st.Gryaznova, 1	code: 8 395 2 t.head 24 30 57 modem: 33 44 80
27.7	Branch	Taimyrski (Dolgano- Nenetski) a/a	NEGADOV Vladislav Vladimirovich	660009, Krasnoyarsk, st.Lenina, 125	code: 8 391 2 t.Head 2 14 96 modem:
27.8	Branch	Evenkiysi a/a	YAKOVLEVA Maria Anatolievna	660009, Krasnoyarsk, st.Lenina, 125	code: 8 391 2 t.Head 22 37 64 modem:
28	Department	Uralski Region	GORKUNOV Mikhail Nikolaevich  Dep. NETKACHEV Alexander Borisovich	620031, Yekaterinburg, sq.Oktyabrskai, 1	code: 8 343 2 t.off. 51 63 10 t.Dep. 51 51 81 modem: 51 08 62 fax: 51 64 50 telex: 721556 golos su
28.9	Branch	Chelyabinskaia obl.	TIMSHIN Victor Fyodorovich	454091, Chelyabinsk, p/b 16228	code: 8 351 2 t.Head: 33 66 52 modem: 33 07 75 fax: 33 07 75
28.10	Branch	Permskaia obl.	KINEV Victor Georgievich	614006, Perm, st.Lenina, 51	code: 8 342 2 t.Head: 32 84 32 modem: 32 84 32 fax: 34 87 39

	Department, Branch, Representative Office	Region	Last Name, First Name, Patronymic of manager and his Deputy	Postal address	Code, telephone, fax, modem, telex
28.11	Branch	Orenburgskaia obl.	LASKOV Albert Petrovich	460015, Orenburg, the House of Soviets	code: 8 353 2 t.Head: 47 23 45 modem: 47 94 61 fax: 47 23 45
28.12	Branch	Kurganskaia obl.	PYRKOV Alexander Feopentovich	640024, Kurgan, st.Gogolya, 56	code: 8 352 22 t.head: 2 13 51 modem: 2 13 51 fax: 2 74 89
28.13	Branch	Komi- Permyatski a/a	KOSHKAREV Sergei Anatolievich	617240, Permskaia obl. Kudymkar, st.Pyatdesyat let Oktyabrya, 30	code: 8 342 60 t.head: 2 00 27
29.	Department	Povolzhski Region	NAZHIVOV Anatoly Danilovich  Dep. SHAPOSHNIKOV Sergei Vasilievich	443006, Samara, st.Molodogvardeiskia 210, r.422	code: 8 846 2 t.off. 32 74 07 t.dep. 32 84 21 32 02 50 modem: 32 21 77 fax: 32 85 22
29.14	Branch	Astrakhanskaia obl.	MOSTOVAIA Anna Fyodorovna	414000, Astrakhan, st.Chernyshevskogo, 14	code: 8 851 0 t.Head 22 91 79 modem: 22 91 79 fax: 22 91 79
29.15	Branch	Penzenskaia obl.	MALAFEEV Valery Alexeevich	440025, Penza, sq. Lenina, the Oblast Executive Committee	code: 8 841 2 t.Head: 64 68 80 modem: 64 68 80 fax: 64 68 80
30.	Department	Central Region	KORNEEV Anatoly Stepanovich  Dep. KOSTYUKHIN Alexander Dmitrievich GORSKIY Oleg Pavlovich	121200, Moscow, Smolenskaia-Sennaia sq., 32/34	code: 8 095 t.head 244 17 34 fax: 2441320 Tel: 2441621 2441734 2442558
30.16	Branch	Tulaskaia obl.	SIROTKIN Vladimir Alexandrovich	300600, Tula, prosp.Lenina, 2	code: 8 087 2 t.head: 33 22 22 modem: 33 22 22 fax: 36 11 05
30.17	Branch	Tverskaia obl.	KONOPLEV Nikolai Fyodorovich	170000, Tver, st.Sovetskaia, 46	code: 8 082 22 t.head: 3 27 29 modem: 3 27 29 fax: 3 27 29
30.18	Branch	Bryanskaia obl.	DENDERYA Vladimir Ivanovich	241002, Bryansk, pr. Lenina, 33	code: 8 083 22 t.head: 4 25 06 modem: 4 25 06 fax: 4 25 06
30.19	Branch	Kaluzhskaia obl.	MAYOROV Sergei Victorovich	248002, Kaluga, sq.Staryi Torg, 2	code: 8 084 22 t.head: 7 49 82 modem: 7 49 82 fax: 7 49 82
30.20	Branch	Smolenskaia obl.	IVANOV Anatoly Ivanovich	314008, Smolensk, st.Lenina, the House of Soviets, r. 151	code: 8 081 22 t.Head 3 67 60 modem: 3 67 60 fax: 3 67 60

	Department, Branch, Representative Office	Region	Last Name, First Name, Patronymic of manager and his Deputy	Postal address	Code, telephone, fax, modem, telex
30.21	Branch	Ryazanskaia obl.	VOROBYOV Andrei Ivanovich	390000, Ryazan, st.Polonskogo, 7	code: 8 091 2 t.head: 77 67 49 modem: 77 67 49 fax: 77 67 49
30.22	Branch	Orlovskaia obl.	SHMELEV Alexander Kozmich	302021, Orel, sq.Lenina, 1	code: 8 086 00 t.head: 6 72 83 modem: 6 72 83 fax: 6 72 83
30.23	Branch	Free economic zone "Technopolis- Zelenograd"		Zelenograd	t.head modem:
31.	Department	Central Black Earth Region	LYLOV Anatoly Ivanovich	394000, Voronezh, st.Engelsa, 18	code: 8 073 2 t.off. 55 45 01 modem: 55 34 29 fax: 55 34 29 lskra: 8 097 0891
31.24	Branch	Lipeckaia obl.	YEGOROV Albert Nikolaevich	398014, Lipetsk, sq.Lenina, 1, the House of Soviets, r. 111	code: 8 074 2 t.head: 24 49 70 modem: 24 49 70 fax: 24 49 70
31.25	Branch	Belgorodskaia obl.	CHERKASHIN Vasily Kuzmich	308005, Belgorod, the House of Soviets, r. 428	code: 8 072 22 t.head: 2 96 39 modem: 2 96 39 fax: 2 96 39
31.26	Branch	Kurskaia obl.	NOVIKOVA Lyubov Ivanovna	305000, Kursk, st.Radishcheva, 17	code: 8 071 00 t.head: 2 39 47 modem: 2 39 47 fax: 2 39 47
31.27	Branch	Tambovskaia obl.	AKIMOV Vladimir Victorovich	392001, Tambov, st.Gastello, 32a, r. 413	code: 8 075 22 t.head: 4 53 56 modem: 4 53 56 fax: 4 53 56
32.	Department	St.-Petersburg	KANTYSH Vinadikt Klavdievich	193124, St.Petersburg, Suvorovsky pr., 62	code: 8 812 t.off. 272 78 13 modem: 272 60 54 fax: 272 78 13
33.	Department	Amurskaia obl.	GAVRILOV Nikolai Nikolaevich	675000, Blagoveshchenskst. Teatralnaia, 23	code: 8 416 2 t.off. 44 67 73 modem: 44 67 73 fax: 44 67 73
34.	Department	Arkhangelskaia obl.	LARIONOV Vasily Alexandrovich	163061, Arkhangelsk, st.P.Vinogradova, 49	code: 8 818 2 t.off. 43 43 18 modem: 43 77 49 fax: 43 77 49
34.28	Branch	Nenetski a/a	ZHILENKO Serei Ivanovich	164700, Arkhangelskaia obl., Naryan-Mar, st.Smidovicha, 20	code: 8 818 53,49 t.head: 221 48 modem: 221 48
35.	Department	Vladimirskaia obl.	KRASILSHCHIKOV Vladimir Yakovlevich	600012, Vladimir, st.Lunacharskogo3 p/b 18	code: 8 092 22 t.off. 3 27 51 modem: 3 27 51
36.	Department	Volgogradskaia obl.	KHUDYSHKIN Leonid Afanasievich	400074, Volgograd, st.Kovrovskaia, 24, r.78	code: 8 844 2 t.off. 93 07 12 modem: 93 18 62 fax: 93 18 62

	Department, Branch, Representative Office	Region	Last Name, First Name, Patronymic of manager and his Deputy	Postal address	Code, telephone, fax, modem, telex
37.	Department	Vologodskaia obl.	YERMAKOV Sergei Nikolaevich	160001, Vologda, st.Chelyuskintsev9	code: 8 817 22 t.off. 2 31 72 modem: 5 27 91 fax: 2 37 81
38.	Department	Kaliningradskaia obl.	GENERALOV Victor Mikhailovich	236000, Kaliningrad, st.D.Donskogo, 1	code: 8 011 2 t.off. 46 73 91 modem: 46 58 96 fax: 46 73 91
39.	Department	Kamchatskaia obl.	SHUVAEV Vyacheslav Mikhailovich	683000, Petropavlovsk- Kamchatski, st.Sovetskaia, 22	code: 8 415 00 t.off. 2 87 76 modem: 2 59 96 fax: 2 59 96 telex: 244116 VIZA SU
40.	Department	Kemerovskaia obl.	Dep. SVIRIDOV Alexander Fyodorovich	650099, Kemerovo, Sovetski pr., 63	code: 8 384 2 t.off. 25 46 78 modem: 25 32 09 fax: 25 48 43
41.	Department	Kirovskaja obl.	KISSNER Natalia Alexandrovna	610019, Kirov, st.K.Libknekhta, 69, the Oblast Executive Committee, r. 134	code: 8 833 2 t.off. 69 19 72 modem: 69 17 93 fax: 69 17 93
42.	Department	Leningradskaia obl.	MALYKH Alexander Nikolaevich	196084, St.-Petersburg, Moskovski prosp., 98	code: 8 812 t.off. 2984344 2984274 fax: 2988514 modem: 2984234 lskra: 8 852 0 5266 telex: 3221246 Bluze
43.	Department	Magadanskaia obl.	act. MALYUTINA Tatiana Gennadievna	685008, Magadan, st.Lenina, 11	code: 8 413 22 t.off. 2 04 41 modem: 2 04 26 fax: 2 04 93
44.	Department	Murmanskaia obl.	PETROV Evgeny Stepanovich  Dep. NIKITIN Vasily Fyodorovich	183015, Murmansk, st.Knipovicha, 17	code: 8 815 2 t.off. 55 33 02 t.Dep. 55 02 83 modem: 54 19 17 fax: 54 22 38 telex: 126424 Centre
45.	Department	Nizhegorodskaia obl.	KIRILLOV Evgeny Nikolaevich  Dep. REPIN Vladimir Anatolievich	603005, Nizhni Novgorod, st.Alexeevskaja, 24 "g"	code: 8 831 2 t.off. 33 32 18 modem: 34 17 87 fax: 34 17 87
45.1	Representative Office	Nizhegorodskaia Fair			
46.	Department	Novgorodskaia obl.	SLUPITSKIY Sergei Vasilievich	173005, Novgorod, Sofyiskaia sq., the House of Soviets	code: 8 816 22 t.off. 9 28 33 modem: 9 26 76 fax: 9 26 76

	Department, Branch, Representative Office	Region	Last Name, First Name, Patronymic of manager and his Deputy	Postal address	Code, telephone, fax, modem, telex
47.	Department	Novosibirskaya obl.	VOLKOV Vladimir Fyodorovich  Dep. SILAEVA Tatiana Victorovna	630301, Novosibirsk, Krasnyi prosp., 18	code: 8 383 2 t.off. 22 79 00 t.Dep. 22 27 19 fax: 22 38 59 modem: 22 32 68
48.	Department	Omskaya obl.	KOBAK Alexei Alexeevich	644096, Omsk, st.Krasnyi Put, 1	code: 8 381 2 t.off. 29 73 09 modem: 23 31 80 fax: 23 31 80
49.	Department	Pskovskaya obl.	MIKHAILOV Nikolai Ivanovich	180001, Pskov, st.Nekrasova, h.23, r. 238	code: 8 811 22 t.off. 3 37 59 modem: 3 37 59 fax: 3 40 67
50.	Department	Rostovskaya obl.	SHUTKO Yury Ivanovich  Dep. MAKSIMOV Vladimir Ivanovich	344050, Rostov-on-Don, st.Sotsialistiches kaya, 112, r. 21	code: 8 863 2 t.off. 65 53 66 t.Dep. 63 14 37 modem: 63 53 36 fax: 63 53 36 Iskra: 863 06 183
50.2	Representative Office	Taganrogskaya obl.		347990, Taganrog, st.Lenina, 73, r. 39	code: 8 244 2 Adm. 6 45 60 Secr. 6 47 40
50.3	Representative Office	Shakhty	NAGNIBEDA Tatiana Yurievna	346508, Shakhty, st.Mayakovskogo52, ap. 32	code: 8 863 62 t.off. 2 11 34
51.	Department	Saratovskaya obl.	SAMOKHVALOV Yury Yakovlevich	410042, Saratov, prosp. Lenina, 72	code: 8 845 2 t.off. 24 90 53 modem: 24 09 82 fax: 24 90 53
52.	Department	Sakhalinskaya obl.	KHRUSTALEV Vladimir Ivanovich	693000, Yuzhno-Sakhalinsk, st.K.Marksa, 51	code: 8 424 22 t.off. 3 16 31 modem: 3 16 31 fax: 3 17 88
52.4	Representative Office	Kurils	GOROZHANKIN Sergei Valentinovich	694500, Yuzhno-Kurilsk, Administration	code: t.off. 212-30
53.	Department	Tomskaya obl.	URALTSEV Vladimir Grigorievich	634032, Tomsk, sq.Lenina, 6, r. 100	code: 8 382 2 t.off. 22 23 92 modem: 22 47 20 fax: 22 23 92
54.	Department	Tyumenskaya obl.	ZAYKOVA Tatiana Mikhailovna	625048, Tumen, st.Respubliki, 81	code: 8 345 2 t.off. 24 35 96 modem: 24 35 96 fax: 24 35 96
55.	Department	Ulyanovskaya obl.	GENERALOV Nikolai Lvovich	432700, Ulyanovsk, sq.Lenina, 1	code: 8 842 2 t.off. 31 03 92 modem: 31 03 92 fax: 31 03 92
56.	Department	Chitinskaya obl.	BUGAETS Vladimir Ivanovich	672000, Chita, st.Amurskaya, 89, p/b 61	code: 8 302 22 t.off. 6 64 81 modem: 3 08 85 fax: 6 64 81

	Department, Branch, Representative Office	Region	Last Name, First Name, Patronymic of manager and his Deputy	Postal address	Code, telephone, fax, modem, telex
56.5	Representative Office	Aginski a/a Aginsk	FIMINA Zinaida Vladimirovna	672000, Chita, st.Anokhina, 63, r.52	code: 8 302 22 t.off. 6 64 81 modem: fax: 3 08 85
57.	Department	Jewish Autonomous Region	DUBINSKY Mikhail Samuilovich	682200, Birobidzhan, st.Pionerskaia, 41	code: 8 421 62 t.off. 6 06 15 modem: 6 71 40 fax: 6 71 40
58.	Department	Koryak a/a	GUSAK Vasily Leontievich	684620, Palana, Kamchatskaia obl., Department of Ministry of Foreign Relations of KAA p/b 82	Order 813 t.off. 31584 fax: 8721407345 Adm.
59.	Department	Khanty-Mansi a/a	VOLKOV Leonid Gennadievich	626200, Khanty-Mansiysk, st.Mira, 5	code: 8 346 71 t.off. 3 24 33 modem: 3 24 33 4 14 01 fax: 3 24 33
60.	Department	Chukot a/a	GORBENKO Vasily Ivanovich	686710, Anadyr, Centre, st.Otke, 37	code: 8 413 61 t.off. 4 62 18 modem:
61.	Department	Yamalo-Nenets a/a	LITVINOV Igor Yurievich	626520, Labytnangi, st.Shkolnaia, 32	code: 8 345 92 t.off. 5 47 22 modem: 5 47 22 fax: 5 47 22
62.	Department	Free economic zone "Nakhodka"	ARKHIPOV Vladimir Vasilievich	692900, Nakhodka, Primorski Krai	code: 8 423 66 t.off. 5 72 88 fax: 4 48 93 telex: 213 853 Ditorg

TOTAL: DEPARTMENTS of authorized officials of the Russian  
Ministry of Foreign Relations - 62  
Branches within the framework of Departments - 28  
Representative Offices within the framework  
of Departments - 5  
TOTAL: - 95

**Annex 4**

**List  
of Agricultural Goods Not Covered by Preferential Treatment  
During Their Importation Into the Russian Federation  
(under national scheme of preferences)**

Foreign Economic Activity Commodity Classification code (TN VED)	Product description
2009	Unfermented, alcohol-free fruit and vegetable juices (including freshly pressed grape juice) with or without sugar and other sweetening supplements
2202	Water, including mineral and carbonated water, with sugar and other sweetening or aromatic supplements; and other soft drinks, with the exception of fruit and vegetable juices covered by commodity code 2009
2203 00	Malt beer
2204 (ex. 2204 10 110, 2204 30)	Wines of Fresh Grapes, Including Fortified Wines
2205	Vermouths and other wines of fresh grapes, flavoured with plants or aromatic substances
2206 00	Other Fermented Beverages (cider, perry, mead)
2207	Ethyl Alcohol
2208	Strong Alcoholic Beverages
2404 (ex. 2402 90 000)	Cigars (including cheroots), cigarillos, cigarettes of tobacco

## Annex 5

**Inventory of Non-Tariff Measures of Export and Import Regulation  
of Agricultural Products in the Russian Federation (Chapters 1-24)**

SI No.	Heading No.	Description of Products	Symbol*	Rationale for Measure**
<b>01. Live animals</b>				
1.	010119900 (only wild animals)	---other	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
2.	010290900 (only wild animals)	--other	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
3.	010391900 (only wild animals)	--other	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
4.	010392900 (only wild animals)	---other	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
5.	010410900 (only wild animals)	--other	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
6.	010420900 (only wild animals)	--other	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
7.	010600910 (only wild animals)	--primarily for human consumption	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
8.	010600990 (only wild animals)	--other	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
<b>02. Meat and edible meat offal</b>				
9.	020610100	--for the manufacture of pharmaceutical products	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
10.	020622100	---for the manufacture of pharmaceutical products	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
11.	020629100	---for the manufacture of pharmaceutical products	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
12.	020630100	---for the manufacture of pharmaceutical products --other: ---of domestic swine:	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
13.	020641100	---for the manufacture of pharmaceutical products ---other:	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94

SI No.	Heading No.	Description of Products	Symbol*	Rationale for Measure**
14.	020649100	---for the manufacture of pharmaceutical products ---other:	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
15.	020680100	--for the manufacture of pharmaceutical products --other:	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
16.	020690100 (only of wild animals)	--for the manufacture of pharmaceutical products --other:	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
03. Fish and crustaceans, molluscs and other aquatic invertebrates				
17.	0301 (only live)	Live fish:	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
18.	0306 (only live)	Crustaceans, whether in shell or not, live, fresh, chilled, frozen, dried, salted or in brine; crustaceans in shell, cooked by steaming or by boiling in water, whether or not chilled, frozen, dried, salted or in brine; flours, meals and pellets of crustaceans, fit for human consumption: -frozen:	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
19.	0307 (only live)	Molluscs, whether in shell or not, live, fresh, chilled, frozen, dried, salted or in brine; aquatic invertebrates other than crustaceans and molluscs, live, fresh, chilled, frozen, dried, salted or in brine;	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
04. Dairy produce; birds' eggs; natural honey; edible products of animal origin, not elsewhere specified or included				
20.	from 040490	-other	NAL (certain items)	GR No. 563 of 08.05.96 Montreal Protocol
21.	040700900	-other	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
05. Products of animal origin, not elsewhere specified or included				
22.	from 050100	Human hair, unworked, whether or not washed or scoured; waste of human hair	NAL (certain items)	GR No. 766 of 01.07.96 Basel Convention

SI No.	Heading No.	Description of Products	Symbol*	Rationale for Measure**
23.	from 050200	Pigs', hogs' or boars' bristles and hair; badger hair and other brush making hair; waste of such bristles and hair:	NAL (certain items)	GR No. 766 of 01.07.96 Basel Convention
24.	from 050300	Horsehair and horsehair waste, whether or not put up as a layer, with or without supporting material	NAL (certain items)	GR No. 766 of 01.07.96 Basel Convention
25.	from 050590	-other	NAL (certain items)	GR No. 766 of 01.07.96 Basel Convention
26.	from 050690	-other	NAL (certain items)	GR No. 766 of 01.07.96 Basel Convention
27.	0507	Ivory, tortoise-shell, whalebone and whalebone hair, horns, antlers, hooves, nails, claws and beaks, unworked or simply prepared but not cut to shape; powder and waste of these products:	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
28.	050800000	Coral and similar materials, unworked or simply prepared but not otherwise worked; shells of molluscs, crustaceans or echinoderms, cuttle-bone, unworked or simply prepared but not cut to shape, powder and waste thereof	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
29.	051000000	Ambergris, castoreum, civet and musk; cantharides; bile, whether or not dried; glands and other animal products used in the preparation of pharmaceutical products, fresh, chilled, frozen or otherwise provisionally prepared	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94

SI No.	Heading No.	Description of Products	Symbol*	Rationale for Measure**
30.	from 051191	--products of fish or crustaceans, molluscs or other aquatic invertebrates; dead animals of chapter 3:	NAL (certain items)	GR No. 766 of 01.07.96 Basel Convention
31.	051191900 (only live)	---other	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
06. Live trees and other plants; bulbs, roots and the like; cut flowers and ornament foliage				
32.	0604	Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers of flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared;	NAL	No. 758 of 01.07.94
07. Edible vegetables and certain roots and tubers				
33.	070951	-mushrooms:	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
34.	070952000	---truffles	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
35.	071080600	--mushrooms	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
36.	071230000	-mushrooms and truffles	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
08. Edible fruit and nuts; peel of citrus fruit or melons				
37.	080221000	-hazelnuts or filberts (Corylus spp.): --in shell	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
38.	080222000	--shelled -walnuts:	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
39.	0810	Other fruits, fresh:	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
40.	0811	Fruit and nuts, uncooked or cooked by steaming or boiling in water, frozen, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter:	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94

SI No.	Heading No.	Description of Products	Symbol*	Rationale for Measure**
41.	0812	Fruit and nuts, provisionally preserved, (for example, by sulphur dioxide gas, in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions), but unsuitable in that state for immediate consumption:	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
12. Oil seeds and oleaginous fruits; miscellaneous grains, seeds and fruit				
42.	1211	Plants and parts of plants (including seeds and fruits), of a kind used primarily in perfumery, in pharmacy or for insecticidal, fungicidal or similar purposes, fresh or dried, whether or not cut crushed or powdered:	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
43.	121220000	-seaweeds and other algae	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
13. Lac; gums, resins and other vegetable saps and extracts				
44.	1301	Lac; natural gums, resins, gum-resins, and balsams:	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
45.	1302 (except 130219300)	Vegetable saps and extracts; pectic substances, pectinates and pectates; agar-agar and other mucilages and thickeners, whether or not modified, derived from vegetable products:	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
14. Vegetable planting materials				
46.	1401	Vegetable materials of a kind used primarily for plaiting (for example, bamboos, rattans, reeds, rushes, osier, raffia, cleaned, bleached or dyed cereal straw, and lime bark):	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94

SI No.	Heading No.	Description of Products	Symbol*	Rationale for Measure**
47.	1402	Vegetable materials of a kind used primarily as stuffing or as padding (for example, kapok, vegetable hair and eel-grass), whether or not put up as a layer, with or without supporting material:	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
48.	1403	Vegetable materials of a kind used primarily in brooms or in brushes (for example, broomcorn, piassava, couch-grass and thistle), whether of not in hanks or bundles:	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
49.	1404	Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included:	NAL	GR No. 758 of 01.07.94
15. Animal or vegetable fats and oils and their cleavage products; prepared edible fats; animal or vegetable waxes				
50.	from 151790	-other:	NAL (certain items)	GR No. 563 of 08.05.96 Montreal Protocol
51.	152200	Degras; residues resulting from the treatment of fatty substances or animal or vegetable waxes:	NAL	GR No. 766 of 01.07.96 Basel Convention
21. Miscellaneous edible preparations				
52.	from 210690	-other:	NAL (certain items)	GR No. 563 of 05.08.96 Montreal Protocol
22. Beverages, spirits and vinegar				
53.	220300	Beer made from malt:	T	Federal Law No.23-FZ of 07.03.96
54.	2204	Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines; grape must other than that of heading No. 2009:	T	Federal Law No.23-FZ of 07.03.96
55.	2204 (ex. 220410110, 220430)	Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines; grape must other than that of heading No. 2009:	T	Federal Law No. 23-FZ of 07.03.96

SI No.	Heading No.	Description of Products	Symbol*	Rationale for Measure**
56.	2205	Vermouth and other wine of fresh grapes, flavoured with plants or aromatic substances:	T	Federal Law No.23-FZ of 07.03.96
57.	2206	Other fermented beverages (for example cider, perry, mead); mixtures of fermented beverages and non-alcoholic beverages not elsewhere specified or included:	T	Federal Law No. 23-FZ of 07.03.96
58.	2207	Undenatured ethyl alcohol of an alcoholic strength by volume of 80% vol. or higher; ethyl alcohol and other spirits, denatured, of any strength:	NAL/X and T	Federal Law 171-FZ of 22.11.95 Federal Law No. 23-FZ of 07.03.96
59.	2208	Undenatured ethyl alcohol of an alcoholic strength by volume of less than 80% vol.; spirits, liqueurs and other spirituous beverages; compound alcoholic preparations of a kind used for the manufacture of beverages:	T	Federal Law No. 23-FZ of 07.03.96
60.	220890190	---more than 2 l --vodka, of an alcoholic strength by volume of 45,4% vol. or less and plum, pear or cherry spirit (excluding liqueurs), in containers holding: ---2 l or less	MPR	GR No. 131 of 08.02.96 Letter of Min. Ec. No. YAU-103/7-169 of 20.02.96
61.	220890310	----vodka	MPR	GR No. 131 of 08.02.96 Letter of Min. Ec. No. YAU-103/7-169 of 20.02.96
24. Tobacco and manufactured tobacco substitutes				
62.	2402 (ex. 240290000)	Cigars (including cheroots, cigarillos, cigarettes of tobacco)	T	Federal Law No. 23-FZ of 07.03.96

SI No.	Heading No.	Description of Products	Symbol*	Rationale for Measure**
38. Miscellaneous chemical products				
63.	from 380910	-with a basis of amylaceous substances:	NAL (certain items)	GR No. 563 of 08.05.96 Montreal Protocol

\* Abbreviations for NTM symbols:

NAL - Non-automatic licensing (incl. import and export licences)  
 MPR - Minimum price, triggering a quantitative restriction  
 X - Export restriction  
 T - Differential taxation for domestic and imported products

\*\* Abbreviations for rationale of measure:

FZ - Federal Law  
 GR - Resolution of the Government