

WORLD TRADE ORGANIZATION

RESTRICTED

GPA/W/25

22 August 1996

(96-3289)

Committee on Government Procurement

PROVISIONS OF THE AGREEMENT WHICH MIGHT NEED TO BE RE-EXAMINED IN THE LIGHT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

Note by the Secretariat

1. With a view to ensuring that the Agreement does not constitute an unnecessary obstacle to technical progress, Article XXIV:8 of the Agreement calls on Parties to consult regularly in the Committee on developments in the use of information technology in government procurement and, if necessary, to negotiate modifications to the Agreement itself. This provision requires consultations to aim in particular at ensuring that the use of information technology promotes the aims of open, non-discriminatory and efficient government procurement through transparent procedures, that contracts covered under the Agreement are clearly identified and that all available information relating to a particular contract can be identified. The delegations of the United States, the European Communities and Norway have submitted communications identifying a number of areas that might require examination to accommodate developments in information technology (GPA/IC/W/36, GPA/W/13 and GPA/W/14). At its meeting on 4 June 1996, the Committee requested the Secretariat to prepare a factual note on the aspects of the Agreement that it had been suggested might need to be re-examined in the light of information technology, setting out the relevant provisions of the Agreement and drawing attention to any pertinent information on their negotiating history.

2. This note addresses, in turn, the provisions of the Agreement relating to the following issues that have been raised in the Committee's discussions on this matter: (a) publication requirements; (b) submissions of tenders and other communications between the tenderer and the procuring entity; (c) selective tendering; (d) deadlines; and (e) non-discriminatory treatment.

3. Paragraph 8 of Article XXIV was added in the last stages of the negotiation of the 1994 Agreement in recognition of the fact that the Agreement did not take account of the rapidly emerging use of information technology in government procurement. Indeed, as is demonstrated below, most of the procedural provisions in the Agreement stem from the text of the 1988 Agreement, which in turn follows closely the original Tokyo Round text. The main differences in the procedural rules (apart from challenge) concern adaptations to allow for the addition of Annex 2 and Annex 3 entities and a restructuring of the presentation in an attempt to make it more user-friendly.

(a) Publication requirements

4. It has been said that the Agreement contains various provisions regarding publication that are ambiguous regarding use of electronic means and the suggestion has been made that these provisions should be reviewed and clarified.

5. The main publication requirement is contained in paragraph 1 of Article IX, which reads as follows:

"1. In accordance with paragraphs 2 and 3, entities shall publish an invitation to participate for all cases of intended procurement, except as otherwise provided for in Article XV (limited tendering). The notice shall be published in the appropriate publication listed in Appendix II."

While this provision, which corresponds to Article V:4 of the 1988 Agreement, was no doubt originally drafted with hard-copy publication in mind, it does not explicitly prejudice the form of the publication except to the extent that this is determined by the specific publications listed in Appendix II. The publications listed or referred to there would appear to be essentially hard-copy publications, although some are also now available in electronic form. Exceptions are the Open Bidding Service (OBS) in Canada and the publications for certain States of the United States of America, in respect of which the additional information made available by the United States delegate at the Interim Committee's meeting of 7 December 1995 includes some electronic publications.¹ The text of Appendix II as it presently stands is contained in Attachment 1 to this note.

6. Article IX requires publication in a number of its other provisions. Paragraph 9 of Article IX stipulates that entities maintaining permanent lists of qualified suppliers shall publish annually a notice in one of the publications listed in Appendix III. The Open Bidding Service in Canada would appear to be the only electronic publication in Appendix III. The present text of Appendix III can be found at Attachment 2 to this note. When such a notice is used as an invitation to participate, the notice shall, in addition, include other specified information. As such, this notice shall be published in a publication listed in Appendix II. Paragraph 8 of Article IX contains the obligation, in all cases of intended procurement, to publish a summary notice.

7. Article XVII:1(b) and Article XVIII:1 also contain publication provisions, which once more do not explicitly prejudice the nature of the publication, except to the extent that this is determined by the publications listed in Appendix II.

8. While these publication provisions do not explicitly prejudice the nature of the publication to be used, it would seem clear, given that for the most part they correspond to provisions in the 1988 and Tokyo Round Agreements, that the drafters had hard-copy rather than electronic publication in mind. This is also borne out by language of Article XI:1(b), concerning time-limits for tendering and delivery, which requires each party to "ensure that its entities shall take due account of publication delays when setting the final date for receipt of tenders or of applications to be invited to tender". The provisions of Article IX correspond to those in paragraphs 4, 5, 7(a) and 9 of Article V of the 1988 Agreement. Specific provisions have been added to Article IX to take account of entities in Annexes 2 and 3, in particular Article IX:3-5, Article IX:7 and the second part of Article IX:9. Article XVII:1 is new to the 1994 Agreement. With a change in the delay period from 60 to 72 days, Article XVIII:1 is based on the old Article VI:1, which was introduced in the 1988 Revision of the Tokyo Round Agreement.

¹ For instance Delaware Internet Home Page, Florida Administrative Weekly (also available soon on the Internet), Kansas Internet Home Page, Massachusetts' Internet address.

- (b) Submissions of tenders and other communications between the tenderer and the procuring entity

9. It has been stated that the various provisions of the Agreement relating to these matters are ambiguous regarding the use of electronic means and should be reviewed and clarified. It has also been suggested that special safeguard measures may be required where the electronic submission of tenders is allowed.

10. Article XIII:1(a) reads as follows (emphasis added):

"1. The submission, receipt and opening of tenders and awarding of contracts shall be consistent with the following:

- (a) tenders shall normally be submitted **in writing directly or by mail**. If tenders by **telex, telegram or facsimile** are permitted, the tender made thereby must include all the information necessary for the evaluation of the tender, in particular the definitive price proposed by the tenderer and a statement that the tenderer agrees to all the terms, conditions and provisions of the invitation to tender. The tender must be confirmed promptly **by letter or by the despatch of a signed copy of the telex, telegram or facsimile**. Tenders presented by telephone shall not be permitted. The content of the telex, telegram or facsimile shall prevail where there is a difference or conflict between that content and any documentation received after the time-limit; and"

11. Article X:4 reads as follows (emphasis added):

"4. Requests to participate in selective tendering procedures may be submitted **by telex, telegram or facsimile**."

12. Article XIV:4(b), which concerns negotiated procurement, reads as follows:

"4. Entities shall not, in the course of negotiations, discriminate between different suppliers. In particular, they shall ensure that:

- (a) ...
- (b) all modifications to the criteria and to the technical requirements are transmitted in writing to all remaining participants in the negotiations;"

13. Article XVIII:3 reads as follows:

"3. Entities shall promptly inform participating suppliers of decisions on contract awards and, upon request, in writing."

14. Other provisions of Article X, XIII, XIV and XVIII also deal with aspects of communications between actual or potential tenderers and procurement authorities, as does also Article VIII on qualification of suppliers and Article XII on tender documentation. These provisions would appear to be silent on whether such communications need be in hard-copy form (although, no doubt, this was in the minds of the drafters).

15. Article XIII is entirely taken over from the 1988 Agreement, which in turn, for the most part, corresponded to the Tokyo Round Agreement. The new Article XIII:1 was the old Article V:15(a)

and (b); the new Article XIII:2 was the old Article V:15(c); the new Article XIII:3 is inspired by the old Article V:15(d) but is a little less specific. In regard to the award of contracts, the new Article XIII:4(a) was the old Article V:15(e); the new Article XIII:4(b) was the old Article V:15(f); the new Article XIII:4(c) was the old Article V:15(j) which was added in the 1988 Revision of the Agreement; the new Article XIII:5 was the old Article V:15(i) which was also added in the 1988 Revision of the Agreement. Article X:4 on selective tendering was the old Article V:15(a), last sentence. Article XIV:4 on negotiation with participants originated in old Article V:15(g). Article XVIII:3 on decisions on contract awards was the old Article VI:4.

(c) Selective tendering

16. It has been stated that, due to the fact that utilizing electronic commerce may result in a significantly greater volume of bids submitted, procurement authorities may rely more heavily on selective tendering procedures; and that it may therefore be necessary to re-examine the provisions of Article X with a view to considering ways to ensure that foreign suppliers can participate on an equal footing with domestic suppliers in selective tendering procedures that arise from the use of electronic commerce.

17. Article X reads as follows:

"Article X

Selection Procedures

1. To ensure optimum effective international competition under selective tendering procedures, entities shall, for each intended procurement, invite tenders from the maximum number of domestic suppliers and suppliers of other Parties, consistent with the efficient operation of the procurement system. They shall select the suppliers to participate in the procedure in a fair and non-discriminatory manner.

2. Entities maintaining permanent lists of qualified suppliers may select suppliers to be invited to tender from among those listed. Any selection shall allow for equitable opportunities for suppliers on the lists.

3. Suppliers requesting to participate in a particular intended procurement shall be permitted to submit a tender and be considered, provided, in the case of those not yet qualified, there is sufficient time to complete the qualification procedure under Articles VIII and IX. The number of additional suppliers permitted to participate shall be limited only by the efficient operation of the procurement system.

4. Requests to participate in selective tendering procedures may be submitted by telex, telegram or facsimile."

18. Also relevant to safeguards to ensure effectively non-discriminatory use of selective tendering procedures are the requirements of Article VIII concerning qualification of suppliers. In the discussion on the question of selective tendering and the use of information technology in procurement, reference has also been made to Article VI relating to technical specifications. It has been suggested that any threats to the efficient operation of procurement processes resulting from a proliferation of tenders might be responded to through a more careful formulation of contract specifications.

19. Article X has been taken over from the 1988 Agreement as it stands: the new Article X:1 was the old Article V:6; the new Article X:2 was the old Article V:7(b); the new Article X:3 was

the old Article V:8; the new Article X:4 was the last part of the old Article V:15(a). The provisions were rearranged in this way to put everything pertaining to selective tendering together in one Article.

(d) Deadlines

20. It has been suggested that Article XI, on time-limits for tendering and delivery, should be reviewed in the light of the fact that electronic publication can reduce the lead time necessary for informing interested suppliers of potential procurement opportunities (through the notices of intended procurement in Article IX) and the electronic submission of tenders can decrease the time required by potential suppliers for submitting responsive tenders.

21. Paragraph 1 of Article XI contains general considerations that should govern the setting of time-limits for tendering and delivery, which make it clear that the time-limits in the Agreement were set with hard-copy publication and submission of tenders by mail in mind. Paragraph 1 of Article XI reads as follows:

- "1. (a) Any prescribed time-limit shall be adequate to allow suppliers of other Parties as well as domestic suppliers to prepare and submit tenders before the closing of the tendering procedures. In determining any such time-limit, entities shall, consistent with their own reasonable needs, take into account such factors as the complexity of the intended procurement, the extent of subcontracting anticipated and the normal time for transmitting tenders by mail from foreign as well as domestic points.
- (b) Each Party shall ensure that its entities shall take due account of publication delays when setting the final date for receipt of tenders or of applications to be invited to tender."

22. Paragraphs 2 and 3 of Article XI set out the minimum deadlines for receipt by entities of tenders submitted by interested suppliers, i.e. the time allowed to potential suppliers to prepare and submit tenders and, in the case of selective tendering, to submit an application to be invited to tender.

23. The new Article is largely taken over from the old Article V of the 1988 Agreement. Article XI:1(a) and (b) correspond to Article V:10(a) and Article V:11(f) respectively, of the 1988 Agreement. The old Article V:11(f) was introduced in the 1988 Revision of the Tokyo Round Agreement. Article XI:2(a) corresponds to the Article V:11(a) of the 1988 Agreement in which the period for receipt of tenders was extended to 40 days from 30 days in the Tokyo Round Agreement; Article XI:2(b) corresponds to the Article V:11(b) of the 1988 Agreement, in which the period for submitting an application to be invited to tender was reduced to 25 days from 30 days in the Tokyo Round Agreement, and the period for receipt of tenders was extended to 40 days from 30 days; Article XI:2(c) corresponds to the Article V:11(c) of the 1988 Agreement, in which the period for receipt of tenders was extended to 40 days from 30 days in the Tokyo Round Agreement. Article XI:3(a) is new and corresponds to what has been described as a "pre-qualification notice"; Article XI:3(b) corresponds to the old Article V:11(d) with the period for receipt of tenders of 25 days introduced in the 1988 Revision of the Tokyo Round Agreement and changed to 24 days in the 1994 Agreement; Article XI:3(c) corresponds to the old Article V:11(e) which is added in the 1988 Revision of the Tokyo Round Agreement; Article XI:3(d) is new in the 1994 Agreement, since it deals with entities which were not covered by the 1988 and Tokyo Round Agreements. Article XI:4 corresponds to the old Article V:10 (b), which was redrafted in the 1988 Revision of the Tokyo Round Agreement.

(e) Non-discriminatory treatment

24. Concern has been expressed that, unless appropriate safeguards are established, the use of information technology in government procurement may lead to *de facto* discrimination against foreign suppliers, even where it is formally applied on a non-discriminatory basis. The main possible areas for cooperation to prevent any such outcome that have been referred to are the technical and content-related compatibility of different electronic systems and cost. The question has been raised of whether additional rules, or clarification of existing rules, should be built into the Agreement to ensure that procedures administered electronically give the same or better guarantees of non-discriminatory access.

25. The basic national treatment and non-discrimination rules are contained in Article III. These relate to "all laws, regulations, procedures and practices regarding government procurement covered by this Agreement". Paragraph 1 of Article VII requires that "each Party shall ensure that the tendering procedures of its entities are applied in a non-discriminatory manner and are consistent with the provisions contained in Articles VII through XVI". Articles VII through XVI contain minimum standards that procurement procedures have to comply with, in addition to compliance with the basic national treatment and non-discrimination rules.

ATTACHMENT 1

APPENDIX II

PUBLICATIONS UTILIZED BY PARTIES FOR THE PUBLICATION
OF NOTICES OF INTENDED PROCUREMENTS - PARAGRAPH 1
OF ARTICLE IX, AND OF POST-AWARD NOTICES -
PARAGRAPH 1 OF ARTICLE XVIII

APPENDICE II

PUBLICATIONS UTILISEES PAR LES PARTIES EN VUE DE LA PUBLICATION
DES AVIS DE MARCHES ENVISAGES - PARAGRAPHE 1 DE L'ARTICLE IX,
ET DES AVIS POSTERIEURS A L'ADJUDICATION DES
MARCHES - PARAGRAPHE 1 DE L'ARTICLE XVIII

APÉNDICE II

MEDIOS UTILIZADOS POR LAS PARTES PARA LA PUBLICACIÓN DE LOS
ANUNCIOS DE LOS CONTRATOS PREVISTOS - PÁRRAFO 1 DEL
ARTÍCULO IX - Y LOS ANUNCIOS DE LAS ADJUDICACIONES -
PÁRRAFO 1 DEL ARTÍCULO XVIII.

AUSTRIA

Amtsblatt zur Wiener Zeitung

CANADA

Government Business Opportunities (GBO)
Open Bidding Service, ISM Publishing

EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES

Belgium	-	Official Journal of the European Communities
	-	Le Bulletin des Adjudications
	-	Other publications in the specialized press
Denmark	-	Official Journal of the European Communities
Germany, Federal Republic of	-	Official Journal of the European Communities
Spain	-	Official Journal of the European Communities
France	-	Official Journal of the European Communities
	-	Bulletin officiel des annonces des marchés publics
Greece	-	Official Journal of the European Communities
	-	Publication in the daily, financial, regional and specialized press
Ireland	-	Official Journal of the European Communities
	-	Daily Press: "Irish Independent", "Irish Times", "Irish Press", "Cork Examiner"
Italy	-	Official Journal of the European Communities
Luxembourg	-	Official Journal of the European Communities
	-	Daily Press
Netherlands	-	Official Journal of the European Communities
Portugal	-	Official Journal of the European Communities
United Kingdom	-	Official Journal of the European Communities

FINLAND

Julkiset hankinnat Suomessa ja ETA-alueella, Virallisen lehden liite
(Public Procurement in Finland and at the EEA-area,
Supplement to the Official Gazette of Finland)
Official Journal of the European Communities (as long as the cost
of the publication is free of charge)

ISRAEL

The Jerusalem Post

JAPAN

Annex 1

Kanpō

Annex 2

Kenpō
Shihō
or their equivalents

Annex 3

Kanpō

THE REPUBLIC OF KOREA

Kwanbo (The Korean Government's Official Gazette)
The Seoul Shinmun

NORWAY

Official Journal of the European Communities

SWEDEN

Europeiska Gemenskapernas Tidning (Official Journal
of the European Communities)

SWITZERLAND

Annex 1

Swiss Official Trade Gazette

Annex 2

Official publications of every Swiss Canton (26)

Annex 3

Swiss Official Trade Gazette
Official publications of every Swiss Canton (26)

UNITED STATES

The Commerce Business Daily

For entities listed in Annex 2 and relevant subcentral entities listed in Annex 3, publications utilized by state governments, such as the New York Contract Reporter

AUTRICHE

Amtsblatt zur Wiener Zeitung

CANADA

Marchés publics (GBO)

Service des invitations ouvertes à soumissionner, ISM Publishing

COMMUNAUTÉS EUROPÉENNES

Belgique-Journal officiel des Communautés européennes

-Le Bulletin des Adjudications

-Autres publications de la presse spécialisée

Danemark-Journal officiel des Communautés européennes

France-Journal officiel des Communautés européennes

-Bulletin officiel des annonces des marchés publics

Allemagne, République -Journal officiel des Communautés européennes
fédérale

Grèce-Journal officiel des Communautés européennes

-Publication dans la presse quotidienne, financière, régionale et spécialisée

Irlande-Journal officiel des Communautés européennes

-Presse quotidienne: "Irish Independent", "Irish Times", "Irish Press", "Cork Examiner"

Italie-Journal officiel des Communautés européennes

Luxembourg-Journal officiel des Communautés européennes

-Presse quotidienne

Pays-Bas-Journal officiel des Communautés européennes

Portugal-Journal officiel des Communautés européennes

Espagne-Journal officiel des Communautés européennes

Royaume-Uni-Journal officiel des Communautés européennes

FINLANDE

Julkiset hankinnat Suomessa ja ETA - alucella, Viralhisen lehden hite
(Marchés publics en Finlande et dans l'EEE, Supplément
au Journal officiel de la Finlande)

Journal officiel des Communautés européennes (tant que la publication
des avis est gratuite)

ISRAEL

The Jerusalem Post

JAPON

Annexe 1

Kanpō

Annexe 2

Kenpō, Shihō
ou leurs équivalents

Annexe 3

Kanpō

REPUBLIQUE DE COREE

Kwanbo (Journal officiel du gouvernement coréen)
The Seoul Shinmun

NORVEGE

Journal officiel des Communautés européennes

SUEDE

Europeiska Gemenskapernas Tidning (Journal officiel des
Communautés européennes)

SUISSE

Annexe 1

Feuille officielle suisse du commerce

Annexe 2

Organe de publications officielles de chaque canton suisse (26)

Annexe 3

Feuille officielle suisse du commerce
Organe de publications officielles de chaque canton suisse (26)

ETATS-UNIS

The Commerce Business Daily

Pour les entités énumérées à l'Annexe 2 et les entités des gouvernements sous-centraux pertinentes énumérées à l'Annexe 3, publications utilisées par les gouvernements des Etats, comme le New York Contract Reporter

AUSTRIA

Amtsblatt zur Wiener Zeitung

CANADÁ

Government Business Opportunities (GBO)
Servicio de Licitaciones Públicas, ISM Publishing

COMUNIDADES EUROPEAS

Bélgica	-	Diario Oficial de las Comunidades Europeas
	-	Le Bulletin des Adjudications
	-	Otras publicaciones de la prensa especializada
Dinamarca	-	Diario Oficial de las Comunidades Europeas
Alemania, Rep. Fed. de	-	Diario Oficial de las Comunidades Europeas
España	-	Diario Oficial de las Comunidades Europeas
Francia	-	Diario Oficial de las Comunidades Europeas
	-	Bulletin officiel des annonces des marchés publics
Grecia	-	Diario Oficial de las Comunidades Europeas
	-	Publicación en la prensa diaria, financiera, regional y especializada
Irlanda	-	Diario Oficial de las Comunidades Europeas
	-	Prensa diaria: "Irish Independent", "Irish Times", "Irish Press", "Cork Examiner"
Italia	-	Diario Oficial de las Comunidades Europeas
Luxemburgo	-	Diario Oficial de las Comunidades Europeas
	-	Prensa diaria
Países Bajos	-	Diario Oficial de las Comunidades Europeas
Portugal	-	Diario Oficial de las Comunidades Europeas
Reino Unido	-	Diario Oficial de las Comunidades Europeas

FINLANDIA

Julkiset hankinnat Suomessa ja ETA - alucella, Viralhisen lehden hite (Contratación pública en Finlandia y en el EEE, Suplemento de la Gaceta Oficial de Finlandia)
Diario Oficial de las Comunidades Europeas (en la medida en que la publicación sea gratuita)

ISRAEL

The Jerusalem Post

JAPÓN

Anexo 1

Kanpō

Anexo 2

Kenpō, Shihō, o sus equivalentes

Anexo 3

Kanpō

REPÚBLICA DE COREA

Kwanbo (Diario Oficial del Gobierno de Corea)
The Seoul Shinmun

NORUEGA

Diario Oficial de las Comunidades Europeas

SUECIA

Europeiska Gemenskapernas Tidning (Diario Oficial de las
Comunidades Europeas)

SUIZA

Anexo 1

Feuille officielle suisse du commerce

Anexo 2

Órganos oficiales de publicación de cada cantón suizo (26)

Anexo 3

Feuille officielle suisse du commerce
Órganos oficiales de publicación de cada cantón suizo (26)

ESTADOS UNIDOS

The Commerce Business Daily

Con respecto a las entidades indicadas en el Anexo 2 y a las entidades pertinentes a nivel subcentral enumeradas en el Anexo 3, las publicaciones utilizadas por los gobiernos de los Estados, tales como "New York Contract Reporter"

ATTACHMENT 2

APPENDIX III

PUBLICATIONS UTILIZED BY PARTIES FOR THE PUBLICATION ANNUALLY OF
INFORMATION ON PERMANENT LISTS OF QUALIFIED SUPPLIERS IN THE CASE OF
SELECTIVE TENDERING PROCEDURES - PARAGRAPH 9 OF ARTICLE IX

APPENDICE III

PUBLICATIONS UTILISEES PAR LES PARTIES EN VUE DE LA PUBLICATION
ANNUELLE DE RENSEIGNEMENTS SUR LES LISTES PERMANENTES DE
FOURNISSEURS QUALIFIES DANS LE CAS DES PROCEDURES
SELECTIVES - PARAGRAPHE 9 DE L'ARTICLE IX

APÉNDICE III

MEDIOS UTILIZADOS POR LAS PARTES PARA LA PUBLICACIÓN ANUAL DE
INFORMACIÓN SOBRE LAS LISTAS PERMANENTES DE PROVEEDORES
CALIFICADOS EN CASO DE LICITACIONES SELECTIVAS -
PÁRRAFO 9 DEL ARTÍCULO IX.

AUSTRIA

Amtsblatt zur Wiener Zeitung

CANADA

Government Business Opportunities (GBO)
Open Bidding Service, ISM Publishing

EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES

Member States do not normally operate permanent lists of suppliers and service providers. In the few cases that such lists exist, this will be published in the Official Journal of the European Communities

FINLAND

Official Journal of the European Communities
(currently no list exists)

ISRAEL

The Jerusalem Post

JAPAN

Annex 1

Kanpō

Annex 2

Kenpō
Shihō
or their equivalents

Annex 3

Kanpō

REPUBLIC OF KOREA

Kwanbo (The Korean Government's Official Gazette)

NORWAY

Official Journal of the European Communities

SWEDEN

Europeiska Gemenskapernas Tidning (Official Journal
of the European Communities)

SWITZERLAND

Annex 1

Swiss Official Trade Gazette

Annex 2

Official publications of every Swiss Canton (26)

Annex 3

Swiss Official Trade Gazette
Official publications of every Swiss Canton (26)

UNITED STATES

The Commerce Business Daily

Entities in Annexes 2 and 3 of Appendix I, as an alternative to publication in the Commerce Business Daily, may provide such information directly to interested suppliers through inquiries to contact points listed in notices regarding invitations to participate

AUTRICHE

Amtsblatt zur Wiener Zeitung

CANADA

Marchés publics (GBO)
Service des invitations ouvertes à soumissionner, ISM Publishing

COMMUNAUTÉS EUROPÉENNES

Les Etats membres ne tiennent pas normalement de listes permanentes de fournisseurs de produits et de services. Dans les rares cas où de telles listes existent, elles sont publiées au Journal officiel des Communautés européennes

FINLANDE

Journal officiel des Communautés européennes
(Il n'existe pas de liste actuellement)

ISRAEL

The Jerusalem Post

JAPON

Annexe 1

Kanpō

Annexe 2

Kenpō, Shihō
ou leurs équivalents

Annexe 3

Kanpō

REPUBLIQUE DE COREE

Kwanbo (Journal officiel du gouvernement coréen)

NORVEGE

Journal officiel des Communautés européennes

SUEDE

Europeiska Gemenskapernas Tidning (Journal officiel des Communautés européennes)

SUISSE

Annexe 1

Feuille officielle suisse du commerce

Annexe 2

Organe de publications officielles de chaque canton suisse (26)

Annexe 3

Feuille officielle suisse du commerce
Organe de publications officielles de chaque canton suisse (26)

ETATS-UNIS

The Commerce Business Daily

Au lieu de les faire paraître dans le Commerce Business Daily, les entités énumérées aux Annexes 2 et 3 de l'Appendice I peuvent communiquer directement ces renseignements aux fournisseurs intéressés, sur demande adressée aux services chargés des contacts désignés dans les avis utilisés pour les invitations à soumissionner

AUSTRIA

Amtsblatt zur Wiener Zeitung

CANADÁ

Government Business Opportunities (GBO)
Servicio de Licitaciones Públicas, ISM Publishing

COMUNIDADES EUROPEAS

Los Estados miembros normalmente no establecen listas permanentes de proveedores de bienes y servicios. En los pocos casos en que existe tal lista, se publicará en el Diario Oficial de las Comunidades Europeas

FINLANDIA

Diario Oficial de las Comunidades Europeas
(actualmente no existe lista)

ISRAEL

The Jerusalem Post

JAPÓN

Anexo 1

Kanpō

Anexo 2

Kenpō, Shihō, o sus equivalentes

Anexo 3

Kanpō

REPÚBLICA DE COREA

Kwanbo (Diario Oficial del Gobierno de Corea)

NORUEGA

Diario Oficial de las Comunidades Europeas

SUECIA

Europeiska Gemenskapernas Tidning (Diario Oficial de las
Comunidades Europeas)

SUIZA

Anexo 1

Feuille officielle suisse du commerce

Anexo 2

Órganos oficiales de publicación de cada cantón suizo (26)

Anexo 3

Feuille officielle suisse du commerce
Órganos oficiales de publicación de cada cantón suizo (26)

ESTADOS UNIDOS

The Commerce Business Daily

Las entidades incluidas en los Anexos 2 y 3 del Apéndice I, como alternativa a la publicación en el Commerce Business Daily, pueden facilitar esa información directamente a los proveedores interesados, quienes deberán dirigirse a los centros de información que se indican en los anuncios de invitaciones a participar